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Pretty Teeth

Add more to your appearance than anything else—gives greater satisfaction than any other attention you can give your person. Bad teeth should not be allowed to remain so. It is too easy and too cheap to have good ones. An examination costs you nothing.

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No charge for extracting when teeth are ordered.
Set of Teeth..... $5.00
Best Teeth..... $8.00
22-Carat Gold Crowns..... $5.00
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SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

THE DECATUR HERALD.

SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. DECATUR, ILL., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1900. NO. 78.

PAYS THE RANSOM

They Did Not Hesitate to Produce $25,000 in Gold

TO RECOVER KIDNAPPED SON

Went to Isolated Spot and Placed Money on the Ground.

NOW OFFERS A BIG REWARD

Elaborate Plan to Capture One of the Cudahy Girls.

Omaha, Dec. 20—There is rejoicing at the home of Edward Cudahy, packing house owner and philanthropist. Edward Cudahy, jr., disappeared Tuesday evening, and for thirty-six hours for a ransom in gold, which the anxiously paid, has been returned safely and tonight the boy is receiving congratulations from scores and friends throughout the city. Mr. and Mrs. Cudahy feel they have relief, not only over the return of their son, but also because one more of their daughters was not in the conspiracy, as a statement of the conspirators, overheard by someone who was in their power, intended. Young Cudahy had been attempting for a secret possession of one of his sisters, but has been reticent throughout his ordeal. All information given to the public has been through his attorney, Mr. Mecham, and the statements of the family are guarded.

Late today, the police were informed of the story that the boy had disappeared. The skepticism, however, vanished when young Cudahy told his story of being placed in a carriage, blindfolded and bound and after many miles from the city to a place of which he cannot tell. And when his father made known the fact of the long ride into the country with a bag containing $25,000 in gold, as indicated in the letter delivered Wednesday to Cudahy by the outlaws, making this condition as a surety for the safety of the boy.

Early Wednesday morning a carriage drove past the Cudahy mansion and threw a letter into the yard containing information that Eddie Cudahy, who had been kidnapped, was safe and was held for a ransom. Three hours later they received through the mails the final communication, detailing the manner in which the lad would be returned. Among the conditions was that Cudahy should deposit $25,000 in gold in a place indicated, five miles out of the city, on a lonely road along the bank of the Missouri river. The strain on the family caused them to abandon all idea of capturing the man in whose power was the life of their son and he decided immediately to comply with all demands of the handwriting.

The secrecy was necessary, and a messenger was dispatched to the place with the gold. After supper he secured a buggy, and after securing a lantern, started entirely alone for the meeting of the kidnappers. To the buggy himself he attached to the dashboard a lantern, which was one of the conditions of the letter.

He drove north on the Sherman avenue road to a point five miles from the city, where he found, near the road, a lantern suspended from a short post. No body was in sight, and Cudahy waited, and placed the bag of gold near the post and without waiting for delivery returned to the city.

The bandits were near the spot and observed the package cannot be disturbed for at 1 o'clock this morning the boy was set adrift unharmed by up to the door of his father's home, and ring the bell for admittance.

Now he handling the entire police and detective force of the city, and several officers from Chicago, and a half hundred Cudahy's own men had been working diligently for a clue looking to the capture of the outlaws ever since the return of the boy up to midnight tonight nothing had been developed. Young Cudahy says there were six men, but all masks whenever in his presence, and only one he could attempt to describe. He was the one who kept guard over him during his incarceration in a lonely place in which he was held.

The second letter sent Cudahy by the bandits read in part:

"We kidnapped your child, and demand ransom for his safe return. If you give us the money the child will be returned safe. If you refuse we will put acid in his eyes and blind him, then we will immediately kidnap another millionaires child we have spotted, demand $100,000 and get it. Then will see the condition of your child realize the fact we mean business.

"Get the money, all in gold five, ten and twenty dollar pieces; put in a white sack, get in a buggy alone at 7 o'clock at night on December 19, drive north from the house to Center street, turn west and drive back to Kuserre Park and follow the road towards Fremont.

"When you come to a lantern lighted by the side of the road place the money by the lantern, immediately turn the horse around and return home.

"You must place a red lantern on the buggy so we will know you a mile away.

"This letter must be returned with the money, and any attempt at capture will be the saddest thing you ever done.

"Cudahy, you are up against it, and there is only one way out. Give up the coin. If you dont the next man will, for he will see we mean business, and you will lead your boy around the rest of your days.

"Follow these instructions and no harm will befall you or yours."

Young Edward Cudahy today said he was just across the street from home, on his way back from the Austin residence, Tuesday evening, when two men approached him. One said: We are sheriffs of Sarpy county, and arrest you as Eddie Mcfine, who escaped from the reform school.

The lad protested he was not the mythical Mcfine, but the captors placed him in a buggy, and drove to Thirty-sixth street and then south to Leavenworth street. Here they blindfolded him and whipped up the horse. The lad thinks they crossed Leavenworth street, and drove southwest. Presently they came to a house, which he thinks is somewhere in the southwestern part of South Omaha. Young Cudahy was taken from the buggy and placed in a room and chained to a floor, were he remained all night and the next day.

On the trip the men, he says, talked little. He gathered that there were six in the gang. One of the men came from Mexico recently and from Denver lately and was an expert in the kidnapping business. After the mysterious house was reached one man guarded him during the greater portion of the day. The second man was in the room at intervals. From a conversation between the abductors and himself the boy learned they had been seeking to abduct one of the girls of the family, and had been planning this coup for four months.

At night, the men released the young fellow from his chains and said: "We are going to take you home."

They then led him to a back. He was driven rapidly to Thirty-Seventh and Leavenworth streets, where he was allowed to leave the carriage. From there he walked home, arriving about 1 o'clock in the morning.

Late tonight Cudahy announced he would pay $25,000 reward for the apprehension of the abductors of his son, $5000 for one and $15,000 for two of them.

MORE MEN FOR AFRICA.

England to Send Big Drafts Early in January.

London, Dec. 21—Since Lord Kitchener's dispatch fully confirming the invasion of Cape Colony, and expressing the hope not to capture, but only to drive them north again not a word has been issued officially as to the situation in South Africa. A large draft of mounted troops will be ready to start to South Africa January 6, and others have been notified to hold themselves in readiness for the same destination.

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says the treason court, sitting at Colesberg, was obliged to hurriedly remove to Cupstown with the records and documents owing to the vicinity of the invading Boers.

The Colesberg district, says the correspondent, is seething with anti-British excitement and a recrudence of the rebellion is perceptible in the districts immediately south of Orange River. Tuesday a fight was proceeding at Philippstown, presumably with a commando, which crossed at Sand Drift.

COLONEL GROWS SARCASTIC

Bryan Makes Brief Comment on the Cleveland Letter.

Lincoln, Dec. 20.—Col. Bryan gave out the following this evening on the letter of ex-President Cleveland: "Until Mr. Cleveland sets forth specifically what he considers the first principles of democracy comment is not necessary. The rank and file of the party expressed themselves in 1896, again in 1900 and will probably continue to express themselves on the issues as they arise."

HOPE FOR DREYER.

Convicted Banker's Case Goes to United States Supreme Court.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—Edward S. Dreyer, a banker who two years ago was convicted of criminal mismanagement of a bank, and was sentenced to the penitentiary, has been granted a writ of error by the supreme court of Illinois, and the case will be taken before the supreme court of the United States.

Confirmations.

Washington, Dec. 20—The senate confirmed the following appointments: C. S. Francis of New York, to be minister to Greece; Arthur S. Hardy of New Hampshire, to be minister to Switzerland; J. G. A. Leishman of Pennsylvania, to be minister to Turkey; O. L. Thurston, of Nebraska, to be secretary to the legation at Buenos Ayres.

Postmasters in Illinois: H. C. Bogue, Vermont; I. W. Ellis, Seneca; S. J. Whitlock, Cambridge; H. Hademan, Bement; C. H. Hurt, Harry; T. J. Wimmer, Cerro Gordo.

Negro Lewis Lynched.

Gulfport, Miss., Dec. 20—The negro Lewis, who murdered Marshal Richardson last night was captured this morning and taken to a tree near the scene of the crime, and lynched.

AMENDED TREATY

Was Passed by the Senate by a Vote of 55 to 18.

SHORT EXECUTIVE SESSION

With a Few Speeches Preceded the Final Action.

THE PRINCIPAL PROVISIONS

Governing the Proposed Canal and Stipulating the Rights of United States.

Washington, Dec. 20.—After spending the greater part of the past fortnight in consideration of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty for the modification of the Clayton-Bulwer convention of 1850 the senate today consumed only an hour and ten minutes in amending it and ratifying it as amended. During this time there were roll calls and several viva voce votes. The first of five roll calls was on the amendments offered by individual senators and the last one on the resolution to ratify the treaty as amended. All amendments, except those offered by Senator Foraker and reported by the committee on foreign relations, were voted down by majorities averaging about nineteen. The ratification resolution was adopted by a vote of 55 to 18.

The senate was in executive session about an hour before the time of voting arrived listening to speeches by Senators Thurston Gallinger, Wolcott, and Bard explanatory to their attitude. Mr. Bard contended for the adoption of his amendment giving preference to American ships passing through the proposed Nicaraguan canal. Mr. Gallinger spoke in defense of the treaty as it originally came from to the senate. Mr. Wolcott said the original treaty would have been satisfactory to him but added he considered the amendment as it had been and was about to be amended preferable to no treaty at all. Mr. Thurston strongly advocated the treaty, saying as Great Britain owns and governs a large portion of the territory of North America it was right and proper that the country should be consulted in the matter of construction of an isthmian canal. When Mr. Mason asked if it was not also proper that Great Britain, in that event, pay part of the cost for the construction, he replied that securing the canal itself was one great desideratum, and that compared to the benefit the water way would be to the world of commerce the cost of construction was of little moment.

Mr. Lodge, who as a member of the committee on foreign relations, piloted the treaty through the senate since the death of Chairman Davis demanded that the voting begin when 3 o'clock arrived. The foreign relations committee amendments were read first and with minor change both were accepted without division. The first roll call was upon Mr. Elkins amendment declaring that nothing contained in this treaty shall be construed to prevent the United States from acquiring at any time sufficient territory and sovereignty over the same upon which to build, manage, operate, defend, fortify, protect and control the said canal or for any other purposes as the United States may deem best in its own interests.

It was lost 25 to 45.

All minor amendments suggested having been acted upon and those of the committee adopted, Mr. Allen asked for the reading of the treaty as amended. This request was complied with and a vote was taken upon the treaty itself, the negative vote being as follows: Allen, Bard, Bate, Berry, Butler, Cockrell, Culbertson, Daniel, Heitfeld, Martin, Mason, Money, Pettigrew, Teller, Tillman, Turley, Vest, Wellington. Total 18.

The pairs on the treaty vote were as follows. Two senators for the treaty being paired with one against it, in accordance with custom:

Depew-Fewell for with Rawlins against.

Clark—Simon for with Dubois against.

Dolliver—Platt, (Conn.) for with Jones of Arkansas, against.

Kyle was absent and unpaired. He was for the treaty, but no pair could be secured for him.

The most important features of the treaty are those dealing with neutralization and fortification. These substantially are as follows:

The canal shall be free and open in time of war as in time of peace, to vessels of commerce and war of all nations, on terms of entire equality, so there shall be no discrimination against any nation or its citizens or subjects in respect to conditions or charges of traffic or otherwise.

The canal shall never be blockaded nor shall any right of war be exercised, nor any act of hostility be committed within it. Vessels of war or belligerents shall not revictual nor take any stores in the canal except as far as may be strictly necessary.

The transit of such vessels through the canal shall be effected with the least possible delay, in accordance with the regulations in force, with only such intermission as may result from necessities of service. Prizes shall in all respects be subject to the same rules as vessels of war of belligerents. No belligerent shall unbark or disembark troops, munitions of war or warlike materials in the canal except in case of accidental hindrance in transit, and in such case transit shall be resumed with all possible despatch.

The provisions of this article shall apply to waters adjacent to the canal, and within three marine miles of either end. The vessels of war of belligerents shall not remain in such waters longer than 24 hours at any one time except in case of distress and in such case shall depart as soon as possible; but a vessel of war of one belligerent shall not depart within 24 hours from the departure of a vessel of war of the other belligerent.

It is agreed, however, that none of the immediately foregoing conditions or stipulations shall apply to measures which the United States may find it necessary to take for securing by its own forces the defense of the United States and the maintenance of public order.

The plant, establishments, buildings and all works necessary to the construction, maintenance and operation of the canal shall be deemed to be a part thereof. No fortifications shall be erected commanding the canal or waters adjacent, but the United States, however, shall be at liberty to maintain such military police along the canal as may be necessary to protect it against lawless disorder.

CASE IS CLOSED.

Attorneys Complete Arguments in the Porto Rican Matter.

Washington, Dec. 20—The closing argument in the Philippine and Porto Rico cases was made in the United States supreme court today and the cases submitted for final adjudication of court. As the governments case had been closed by the attorney general, it remained only to hear the senior counsel in the Philippine case, Charles H. Aldrich of Chicago, former solicitor general, who had the hour and a half remaining of the five hours given to the plaintiffs.

Taking up the attorney general's contention that in ordaining the constitution the reliance of people in part was placed upon a sense of the justice of congress, whose action was open to review a frequent elections, Aldrich said if this meant anything it meant an assertion that the power by congress was more extreme and arbitrary than ever exercised by the British parliament. The attorney generals interpretation of the word sovereignty, Aldrich said, was that this government had the right to do what any other nation does. This word becomes most populist since we entered upon a colonial policy, but Aldrich declared the sovereignty of the United States was one exercised under the constitution and if we are in the Philippines or Porto Rico, it is because of the powers given by the constitution.

Aldrich protested against the use of Jeffersons name in support of the proposition that the United States can acquire and hold territory indefinitely. It was settled beyond question that Jefferson himself had not regarded the Louisiana purchase as constitutional and believed a constitutional amendment necessary.

In speaking of executive action, Aldrich referred to McKinley's first message, stating it was our plain duty to abolish all customs of tariffs between the United States and Porto Rico, saying he supposed the president meant the duty of the nation. Treaties could not override the constitution.

After citing Lord Mansfield's opinion on the limitation and power of the king and parliament and speaking of American early struggle for liberty, Aldrich closed with an eloquent reference to the work of our forefathers which was not for their day but for all time.

As soon as he finished the court turned to other cases, after allowing counsel in the Porto Rico case ten days to file a further brief.

COOK COUNTY BRICK COMBINE

Prevented From Consummating Deal by Appellate Court.

Chicago, Dec. 20—The appellate court today affirmed the order of the superior court of Cook county in the suit against the Cook county Brick company, known as the brick combine, restraining the company from taking possession of the Lebanon brick company at Bloom, Ill. The appellate court in its decision holds the contract between the Lebanon company and the brick combine is illegal and cannot be enforced, declaring the conclusion is inevitable, that there must have been some secret arrangement or understanding between the parties other than the written contracts referred to in the bill of complaint.

Nearly fifty large concerns in Cook county are affected by the decision.

Situation in Cape Colony.

Capetown, Dec. 20—The situation in the northern districts of Cape Colony is more serious. Fully 2000 Boers have invaded this section. Grave fears are entertained that the Boers will join the rebellion. Although there is no fear as to the ultimate result, the lack of a sufficient number of mounted troops is felt by the British. The enormous waste of horses in South Africa was never fully appreciated until now.

Dewet's Strength.

Bloemfontein, Dec. 18—General DeWet had 6000 men, and 18,000 horses when he captured DeWetsdorp, according to a gentleman who was imprisoned there.

The Boer commander then declared he was not going to surrender without a free pardon for all his men, including many Cape Dutch.

A force of 4000 is now divided into three sections.

THE CLARK CASE

Causes a Spirited Debate in the Senate With No Definite Action.

THE COMMITTEE IN CHARGE

Considers Further Investigation of the Matter as Entirely Unnecessary.

OWING TO THE ASSURANCE

That the Montana Legislature Will Decide the Matter in January.

Washington, Dec. 20—A spirited debate was precipitated in the senate today over the resolution of Mr. Chandler to discharge the committee on contingent expenses from further consideration of a resolution authorizing an investigation of the Montana senatorial case. No action upon the resolution was taken.

Mr. Hawley of Connecticut, chairman of the committee on military affairs reported from the committee the army reorganization bill. It was placed on the calendar.

A bill was passed to allow commutation of homestead entries upon ceded portions of the Indian reservations.

A resolution previously offered by Chandler discharging the committee on contingent expenses from consideration of the resolution authorizing the investigation of the right of W. A. Clark and Martin Maginnis to a seat in the senate, was laid before the senate.

Mr. Jones of Arkansas, declared if the senate should adopt the resolution it would violate the law, as the law provides no such expenditures should be made without authority of the committee on contingent expenses. He declared the resolution was in the nature of a rebuke to the committee on contingent expenses that the members did not relish. A meeting of the committee had been held today, but had postponed action until tomorrow. He was of the opinion that no tangible result could be accomplished by authorizing an investigation of a case that would be settled by the Montana legislature January 2, when it met to elect a senator.

Mr. Chandler declared no politics entered into the consideration of the Montana senatorial case by the committee on privileges and elections. Both appointees to the senate from Montana, Clark and Maginnis, are democrats, and the question involved was the seating of one democrat or another.

Adverting to the question of the law involving the right of the senate to discharge the committee on contingent expenses from further consideration of the resolution Mr. Chandler maintained that such a law could not bind the senate, the committee being the creature of the senate.

Gallinger, a member of the committee on contingent expenses, said the committee would have another meeting tomorrow and desired to have some members of the committee on privileges and elections before it to explain the necessity for the proposed investigation.

"I do not think," retorted Mr. Chandler, "the extraordinary spectacle has ever been witnessed in the senate before where the committee on contingent expenses summoned members of another committee to appear before it to give reasons why the order of the senate should be executed."

Mr. Chandler, in response to the inquiry by Mr. Tillman of South Carolina, said that the Montana senatorial investigation conducted during the last session of congress cost between $20,000 and $40,000.

And what benefit was derived from it? inquired Mr. Tillman.

The vacancy of one of the seats of Montana is the answer, replied Chandler.

Yes, responded Mr. Tillman, but in the recent election Montana, went democratic, and a democratic senator from that state is assured. The fruits of the investigation are not so sweet as they were expected to be.

Mr. Chandler replied he had no desire or intention to discuss the merits of the Clark case, or the results of the Montana election.

Mr. Scott of West Virginia, a member of the committee on contingent expenses, said as a matter of business that he had the right to know whether the money to be expended upon a further investigation of the Montana case ought to be spent.

Pending a motion by Mr. Lodge that the senate proceed to the consideration of executive business, Mr. Gallinger also a member of the committee, made a statement of the case from its inception and contended that the committee's action was justified by the facts.

An effort was made to continue the debate but on Lodge's insistence, the senate went into executive session and at 4:25 adjourned.

Cut Appropriation.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—The river and harbors committee of the house through a sub-committee which, one a week last night, has cut down the amount carried by the bill to about $60,000,000.

HAZING IS ALL FUN.

According to the Way the Cadets Tell About It.

West Point, Dec. 20—The military court of inquiry composed of Generals Brooke, Bates, and Otis got through a mass of evidence today. The name of former Cadet John E. Breth of Altoona, Pa., who, it is alleged, died 18 months ago as the result of brutal hazing at West Point military academy, was associated with that of Oscar L. Boone in the inquiry today.

Superintendent Mills emphatically denies that Breth was injured while here, and said today the assertions to that effect were absolutely false. In refutation of the statement made by Cadet Boone's father, Congressman Phillips of Cleveland, Ohio, telegraphed Superintendent Mills of the academy, denying he ever came to West Point for the purpose of protesting his son, Cadet Burt W. Phillips, from being hazed. This was submitted to the court and attached to the record.

A score of witnesses testified today describing the methods of hazing the evidence being similar to that submitted yesterday. All agreed no discrimination was made on account of religion. The cadets who had been hazed declared they suffered no serious injury, the methods employed being principally confined to making them perform ridiculous feats.

LIKE EXECUTIVE SESSION.

Li Hung Chang Always Posted on Minister's Secret Meetings.

Pekin, Dec. 20—Yesterday's meeting of the foreign envoys was protracted and somewhat stormy, owing to a desire to discover who discloses to the Chinese what every minister is pledged to keep secret. Li Hung Chang invariably knows within two hours of the close of the meeting what has happened. A meeting of ministers will be held tonight to sign the joint note, which probably will on Saturday be delivered by all ministers to Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching with a request that they reply as soon as possible.

Four days will elapse before a reply can be expected owing to the necessity of communicating with the Chinese court.

The modification proposed by the British government was that until China proved she intended complying with the terms of the note, rendering full satisfaction to the powers, no hope could be held that the occupation of the province of Chi Li by the allied forces would cease.

An international battery firing practice today resulted very creditably for the Americans.

Steamship Arrivals.

London, Dec. 20.—Menominee, from New York.

Liverpool—Commonwealth, from Boston.

New York—Vaderland, from Southampton; Furst Bismarck, from Naples.

Bremen—Weimar, from New York; Lahn, from New York.

Queenstown—Germanic, from New York, for Liverpool.

England Can't Accept It.

London, Dec. 21.—Nearly all the morning papers have editorials on the action of the United States senate in connection with the Hay-Pauncefote canal treaty. They express regret at the supercession of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and unanimously declare it will be impossible for Great Britain to accept the amended treaty.

Cruiser Albany Grounded.

Manila, Dec. 20.—The cruiser Albany grounded on a reef in Subig Bay, but was floated off and reached Cavite.

Gen. Bates reports a detachment of the 4th cavalry, assisted by a gunboat attacked the town of Pantangan and dispersed the armed occupants, killing 13.

Invasion Spreading.

Cape Town, Dec. 20.—Invasion of Cape Colony is spreading. It is reported the Boers have occupied Colesberg near the Orange River Colony on the frontier. The people here are much disturbed.

A mixed force of 1000 men were despatched north Wednesday evening.

Fatal Fire.

Bedford, Pa, Dec. 20—The residence of Mrs. David Hewitt was destroyed by fire today, and her mother, Mrs. Margaret O'Keefe, aged 86, was burned to death. Mrs. Hewitt sustained fatal injuries trying to rescue her mother, and died at noon. Her son was badly burned.

It's Constitutional.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 20.—The supreme court today rendered an opinion declaring the act of 1893 passed to protect employes and guarantee their rights to belong to labor organizations, unconstitutional.

The Army Bill.

Washington, Dec. 20—In the senate today Mr. Hawley of Connecticut, chairman of the committee on military affairs, reported from the committee the army reorganization bill. It was placed on the calendar.

Call for Bank Statement.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for reports of the condition of national banks on December 13.

Another Fight Begins.

London, Dec. 20.—A Johannesburg special says heavy cannonading was heard Wednesday morning at North Krugersdorp.

PASS TWO BILLS

House Provides Appropriations for Indians and Military Academy.

A FEW QUESTIONS ON HAZING

Suggest That Academy Should Be To Develope Soldiers, Not Brutes.

REAPPORTIONMENT REPORT

Three Proposals Submitted to the House On the Subject.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The house today passed the Indian and the military academy appropriation bills. The former carried $9,036,826, and the latter $700,011. Neither provoked much discussion. A few minor amendments were placed upon the former.

The amendment of Mr. Little, of Arkansas, striking out the appropriation for the Hampton, Va., Indian school was disagreed to, 14 to 88.

A vigorous discussion of the sectarian question was developed in connection with the amendment.

Mr. Cannon called the attention of the house to the growing cost of education of Indians. In 1887 it was about a million, now it is about three million.

Mr. Curtis of Kansas, explained that the Indian children were not only educated but boarded and clothed.

The amendment was agreed to requiring fees for clerks in courts of the Indian territory to be accounted for and allowing $500 per year in addition to the salary for certain extra work.

The bill was then passed.

The military academy appropriation bill was then taken up. It carried $700,011, which is $35,645 more than the current law.

Mr. Hull, of Iowa, chairman of the military committee, explained that the principal item of increase was $10,000 for a centennial celebration to be held at the academy July 4, 1901.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, asked if the practice of hazing at the academy had been broken up.

"The academy management, replied Mr. Hull, is doing all it can to break it up. Two cadets have been expelled during the past year for indulging in the practice.

"I do not believe, said Mr. Bailey, "it is necessary to make a brute of a man in order to make a soldier of him. If the practice cannot be stopped the academy should be abolished.

"And the naval academy as well, cried Mr. Hill, of Connecticut. The bill was then passed.

Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, chairman of the committee on census, gave notice he would call up the reapportionment bill immediately after the holiday recess.

At 4:50 the house adjourned.

THREE REPORTS.

Submitted on the Proposed Reapportionment.

Washington, Dec. 20—Chairman Hopkins of the committee on census today filed in the house the majority report on the re-apportionment bill reported by his committee, fixing the membership of the house for the next decade at 357. Burleigh of Maine filed a minority report in favor of a house composed of 386, and Crumpacker of Indiana, submitted an independent report in favor of reducing the representation in southern states to the extent of abridgement of suffrage. His report favors a house composed of 374. The majority report says the committee followed the plan adopted under the sixth census which has the sanction and approval of sixty years of national existence. The plan is to divide the constitutional population by 357. The quotient of 208,868 is the ratio of representatives to population. This ratio applied to the population of each state will yield an aggregate number somewhat less than 357, the number determined upon as the membership of the house. The difference is made up by assigning to states having the largest majority of fractions additional representatives until a sufficient number has been assigned to bring the total up to 357. Larger membership, the report says, would make the house unwieldly.

Russia Surrenders Control.

London, Dec. 21—Lord Lansdowne, secretary of state for foreign affairs, has concluded negotiations, according to the Daily Mail, by which Russia, January 1, will give Great Britain entire control of the railway from Pekin to Shan Hai Kwan.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Dec. 20—The signal service prediction for Illinois is as follows: Fair, Friday and Saturday; warm Friday; winds becoming fresh southerly.

LOCAL WEATHER RECORD.

The following is the record for the temperature in Decatur for the twenty-four hours ending last night, as reported by Prof. J. E. Coons, U. S. Observer, at his office:

7 a. m.	[illegible]
Noon	[illegible]
7:00 p. m.	[illegible]

WITH THE NEW CENTURY.

Beginning Jan. 1, 1901, ***The Semi-Weekly Herald*** will be discontinued when the time to which it is paid has expired. This will apply to all and all papers will be stopped at expiration. Many have insisted that this be done and we have decided to comply with their wishes. On January 1, next, if your paper stops don't get excited and assume that we think you are not good pay. That is not the point. Good pay, bad pay or no pay, all papers not paid in advance will be stopped.

Remember, that until January 1 a discount of 20 per cent. is made to all who pay what they owe and one year in advance. This applies to new subscribers as well as old. There are a few of our present patrons who have not availed themselves of the opportunity to save one-fifth. If you owe for 4 years you can pay that and get it for another year for $4.00 You thereby save one year's subscription. This offer expires Dec. 31, 1900. Look at the date on you paper and send draft or money order to

THE HERALD, DECATUR, ILL.

DR J. S. APPLEMAN

The famous specialist, to visit our city personally—an excellent chance for the sick and suffering. FREE Consultation and examination at his private parlors at

BRUNSWICK HOTEL

Decatur, Ills.

TUESDAY, JAN. 1, 1901

9:00 A M to 4:30 P M

returning every four weeks.

Dr. Appleman

Formerly of New York, now permanently located in Chicago, is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical college, New York City, the most notable institution of its kind in America. He has made a special study of the diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and chronic diseases in the great Bellevue and Charity hospitals, New York City, and the results of this experience are many phenomenal cures all over the state. He treats

Acute and Chronic Catarrh.

Ringing in ears, deafness, diseases of the eye, ear, throat, lungs, stomach, liver, kidney, urinary and bladder, nervous prostration, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, epilepsy or fits.

Hemorrhoids (piles) cured without knife. No pain and no detention from work.

Young and Middle Aged Men

Suffering from spermatorrhoea and impotency, as the result of self abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes producing some of the following effects: Such as emissions, blotches, debility, nervousness, dizziness, confusion of ideas aversion to society, defective memory, and sexual exhaustion which make the victim for business or marriage are treated in the most scientific manner and cured.

Blood and Skin Diseases

As syphilis, scrofula, stricture, gleet etc., cured.

Diseases of women, such as leucorrhea, painful menstruation, displacement of womb, bearing down pains, etc., relieved in a short time.

The doctor carries all his portable instruments and cures prepared to examine the most obscure medical and surgical cases.

He undertakes no incurable diseases, but cures hundreds after others fail. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. S. APPLEMAN, M. D

100 22d St., Suite 22

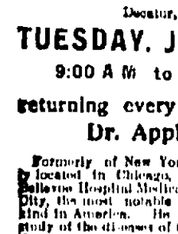
CHICAGO, ILL

PAY WHEN CURED

DR. ARTHUR,

The Chicago Specialist,

Visits the following hotel parlors every 28 days, where consultation is free, confidential and invited. The next dates are:



Monticello, Sackriter hotel Mon. Dec. 24.

Decatur, Brunswick hotel Tues Dec. 25.

Taylorville, Antlers hotel, Wed Dec. 26.

Clinton, McGill house, Dec 27

DR. ARTHUR names and locates diseases and weaknesses without asking questions and will guarantee a cure or NO PAY in all curable cases.

Specialties—Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Catarrh and associate diseases, Sexual Weakness, Varicocele, Emissions, Atrophy, Physical Decline, and all Wasting Nervous Troubles of the Genito Urinary Organs of Men.

If impossible to call, write for testimonials, question blank, etc., to

ARTHUR MEDICAL DISPENSARY,

P. O. Drawer No 676, Chicago, Ill.

ADVERTISE IN

The Moweaqua Republican.

(Sixth Year)

Published Every Thursday.

An excellent advertising medium. Is read by all the intelligent citizens of Moweaqua and surrounding country. Advertising rates reasonable. Mrs. Wm. Whitworth, Pub. Moweaqua, Ill.

DR. C. C. MILLS,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Excellent Hospital and Surgical Facilities. Calls Day or Night.

Office and Hospital 336 East Main St. Both Phones.

FINALLY CAUGHT

Man Who Stole Byrd Davis' Rig is In Hock at Terre Haute.

CONFESSES TO HIS CRIME

He Has Stolen About Twenty Rigs Since His Visit to Decatur Last September.

THE HOOSIER OFFICERS HOLD HIM

Frank Franclon alias Frank Fowler, alias Frank Edmonds, is under arrest at Terre Haute charged with a string of horse thefts a foot long, all of which he acknowledges. Franclon as the local officers know him has been operating between this city and Terre Haute for the past three months and has stolen something like twenty horses and buggies. Liverymen have almost without exception been his victims. Franclon came to Decatur during the month of September and remained in this city for several days stopping at the Palace hotel. He hired a horse at the Byrd Davis livery stable and went driving, brought the outfit back and paid his bill. The next day he applied for another rig, but asked for a better horse. The liveryman told him up for a good customer and gave him the best there was in the shop. Franclon never came back with that outfit. Chief Applegate finally traced the outfit to Farmer City, where it had been sold and recovered the horse and buggy. In that town Franclon gave his name as Fowler and having disposed of the Davis rig proceeded to steal another one from that town and drove to Springfield where he sold it. He took with him to the capital the harness belonging to Mr. Davis and also sold that to the local officers recovering it later.

From Springfield Franclon started across the state in the direction of Indiana, stealing horses and buggies in every town that he stopped in. In all of the towns were he stole horses he tired up the police and he naturally got a horde of them after him but none was lucky enough to land him until he struck the Hoosier town. His wholesale thefts however, resulted in getting him very thoroughly advertised all over the country and the officers have been on the lookout for him.

Chief Applegate received the word of his arrest on Tuesday and at once made efforts to have the thief returned to this city, but the chief of police at Terre Haute declined to give him up. There are several good cases against him there and his conviction is certain to follow. The Terre Haute Express of Tuesday had this to say about him:

Frank Edmonds, the horse thief arrested at the Union station last week has confessed to stealing a number of rigs other than the two which have been secured by their owners. Chief Hyland stated last night that Edmonds may be tried in this city if he makes a full confession, which probably will include telling the whereabouts of fourteen or fifteen horses and buggies stolen recently.

The sheriff from Shelbyville, Ill., telegraphed yesterday that he would come to this city to take Edmonds to Illinois for trial. The prisoner, under the name of Frank Cook, stole a rig from that city but the requisition papers will not be recognized unless Edmonds refuses to make a full confession. The penalty for horse stealing in Illinois is the same as in Indiana—from two to fourteen years—but the sentences in this state usually are shorter than those given in Illinois.

H. B. O'Hair, a Paris, Ill., livoryman, was here yesterday to secure information regarding a horse and buggy stolen from him October 27. At first Edmonds denied taking the rig, but finally admitted that he had sold the buggy at Ridge Farm, Ill. and the horse had been placed on pasture near Danville, Ill. He rented the horse and buggy from O'Hair and failed to return it.

DEATH RECORD.

BERTHA E. MARTIN.

Bertha E. Martin died at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. V. A. Greenfield in Long Creek township, on Tuesday at 9:30 o'clock after an illness of four months. She was afflicted with lung trouble. The deceased was 21 years and five months old, and was a highly esteemed young woman. She was a member of the Methodist church at Long Creek. Three brothers and one sister survive her. They are Archie Williams of Emporia, Kansas, Willis Williams, of Oklahoma, George A. Williams of Long Creek and Mrs. Dora Snyder of Idaho. The funeral services will be held Wednesday at 2 p. m. at the Methodist church in Long Creek and the services will be conducted by Rev. T. W. Greer.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

NEARBY TOWNS.

PRAIRIE HOME.

Corn is on the move. Three shellers in one neighborhood is rather thick set the men that are moving north say we must get our corn off right now. We have not had so much changing in several years. John S. Crawford will have a sale today, Monday. Ely Rufner will sell Tuesday, Johnson's sale will be on Wednesday, McKiefer and McNeal's sale will be on Friday. All of the above named parties will go at once to Crowley, La., rice belt. Mrs. C. E. Coombs has sold her farm of 160 acres to M. Hogan, of Findlay for $67.50 per acre or $10,800 and she and her son will also have a sale Monday and go at once to the rice farm that she has recently bought at $46 per acre near Crowley, La.

Orrin Avery will have a closing out sale Jan. 8 and they say he has the rice fever in its worst form.

Robert Beck and family will go south to a rice farm Jan. 1.

Mrs. Martha Goodwin is having E. B. Fiedly build a very large and up-to-date barn on her home farm.

Clifford Sanner is also building a fine barn and will build a modern residence in the spring.

C. McNeal has moved to his farm west of Mowaqua.

Allen Avery and family and L. Steel and sister will visit William McCaslin and other relatives at Greenville during the holidays.

BEMENT.

Whitney Bedman, of Chicago, spent a few hours with S. K. Bodman Wednesday.

E. P. Thompson, of Indiana, is looking after his farm in this vicinity.

Miss Tot Coffeen is quite ill with tonsilitis this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Zerger and Minnie Fisher left Monday for Decatur, where Mrs. Zerger will take medical treatment.

Mr. Roberts and family, of Newark, Ohio, arrived Saturday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Tenney

Mrs. Adam Stadle returned from her visit at Lincoln the first of the week.

Mrs. McNair visited her parents in Tolono last week and her daughter Horatio returned home with her.

Miss Gertrude Andrews has been on the sick list the past week.

Two more new pictures have been received by Bement public schools from Italy, one for the grammar room, the other for the sixth grade.

The Presbyterian ladies realized $118 from their bazaar and dinner last Friday.

David Conway and family left Tuesday for their new home in Fort Scott, Kansas.

Troy Medaris has dispersed of his photograph gallery in Jacksonville and has not decided where he will locate.

Charles Daly left Tuesday for King Fisher, Oklahoma, to investigate the land in that country.

Mrs. W. A. Steel and Mrs. A. Swenson are visiting relatives and friends in Decatur.

A. Ball, of Ellingham is in our city this week.

Miss Carrie McCulloch, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Eliza Walters, for several months, returned to her home in Pennsylvania Thursday.

Mrs. William Steel and Mr. Swenson spent Sunday in Decatur.

Mrs. Bowdle and daughter, Miss Jennie were Bement visitors Sunday.

Supt. McIntosh, of Monticello, spent Sunday with Tom Mulligan and sister, Miss Lilla.

Dec. 18.

Early Indications.

The hotels are furnishing early indications of the holidays. There is a gradually dropping off of the patronage of transient customers, owing to the fact that the majority of them are getting back to their homes to spend Christmas. The majority of them will not come out on the road again until after New Years day. Then there will be many changes noted for the traveling men at that season often go with other houses or are sent into new territory.

Grip Getting Hold.

The grip is getting a firm hold on this man's town. Its development has been very rapid. Within three or four days it has taken hold of a large percentage of the population. The disease at present is in a mild form but a doctor stated last evening that if it continued for two or three weeks there is no doubt that it will assume a much more severe type. An epidemic is feared.

Entertained.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas E. McClelland entertained the members of the session of the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening at their home on West North street at a 6 o'clock dinner. The session is composed of the elders and ministers of the church who were accompanied by their wives. After an elegant dinner the company enjoyed themselves in a social way for several hours.

Fight With Filipinos.

Manila, Dec. 18.—Lieut. Herbert Loveens of the 44th volunteer infantry regiment with 50 men attacked Dec. 12, several hundred bolomen, and fifty insurgents armed with rifles, occupying an entrenched position at Tonolgan, Island of Cebu. The Americans had three men wounded while the enemy lost twelve killed and many wounded.

Nothing in Open Session.

Washington, Dec. 18.—The senate had the Hay-Pauncefote treaty under discussion in executive session today. No business of consequence was transacted in the open session.

CADETS CALLED

To Tell What They Know of Hazing Oscar Boose.

CALL DEAD BOY COWARD

And Say That He Was Not Popular With His Class Mates.

ALL THE WITNESSES DENY

That There Was Hazing of Injurious Character Indulged In.

West Point, Dec. 18—The military court of inquiry which began taking testimony in Bristol, Pa., yesterday, arrived at the military academy this afternoon, and resumed the investigation of the charges of hazing and brutal treatment made by the parents of former Cadet Boose. The court room was open to the public, but no non-military men except reporters were present.

The members of the court questioned the witnesses as to the practice of hazing in the academy, both in the camp and the barracks. Sixty-eight members of the class of 1902, to which Boose belonged, were summoned before the court and were brought in squads and kept in an ante room in the academy building. This is the first time in many years that a court of inquiry has convened at this academy. Four of the sixty-eight cadets of the second class were examined during the afternoon. All of them who knew Boose declared his standing with the classmates was not very high, as they looked upon him as a coward. The story of his fight with Keller in 1898 was told by Cadet C. N. Tyler, who seconded Boose. When asked by the court why he did so, Tyler said:

"Well, Boose asked me to be his second, and I could not well refuse. Every one of the witnesses denied that any brutal hazing occurred and two of them described bracing and setting up drills, as the only correctional measures, neither being injurious nor humiliating. Every one seemed to give a straightforward story, and one and all denied that Boose had been interfered with on account of his religious belief or tendencies.

TRYING TO FORCE SERVICE.

Number of Papers Going After Associated Press.

Springfield, Dec. 18—Petitions for a mandamus against the Associated Press were presented to the supreme court today by the Denver Post, the New York Evening Journal and the Chicago American. Each petitioner contends he is suffering irreparable damage by reason of inability to obtain the news service of the Associated Press.

DENIED IN MISSOURI.

Judge Sherwood, in the supreme court today denied the application of the St. Louis Star for a writ of mandamus against the Associated Press in its attempt to secure the news service of that association.

The Erie Rumor.

The latest information is that there is some foundation for rumors that negotiations are pending for a closer alliance between the Erie and the Wabash lines through connections at Buffalo and those in touch with these interests say that the recent fluctuations in Erie stock were not due to reported transfers of stock to the Vanderbilts, but to the increased earnings of the New Erie, as it is now called, and the excellent prospects for the closer traffic relations with the Wabash lines. The New Erie is in splendid condition. Under the direction of E. B. Thomas millions of dollars have been expended to bring the roadbed and equipment to the same excellent standard as its competitors. It is said that the traffic deal between the two roads is part and parcel of the financial transactions between the two companies by which it is expected to have them more closely allied, and the Erie and Wabash are in a position to help each other. The new talent on the board of directors of the Erie is stronger than at any former period, and hereafter the Erie will be strong enough to dictate to some of its competitors.

In connection with the Wabash the Erie would be greatly strengthened in securing business from St. Louis, Kansas City and other southwestern points.

Perished in the Flames.

Estherville, Ia., Dec. 18—The house of John Freeman was burned today. Mrs. Freeman perished in the flames. Freeman was arrested pending an investigation.

HUMORS OF THE LAW.

Wabash Road Fought Nine Years to Retain $81.98.

The Wabash Railroad company has on its hands $81.98, which is causing it more trouble than any other single item of its business and which it has gone to law to get off its hands after fighting for nine years, up to the supreme court of the United States and sending several thousand dollars to retain it.

It filed a petition in the St. Louis court Tuesday, through its attorney, George S. Grover, asking that it be permitted to pay the money into court, that Virgil Rule and Alexander Flannigan be cited to appear and inform the court of their claims to it and that the company be discharged of all further obligation in the case and be allowed to wash its hands of the whole affair.

The trouble began back in 1891 when the road had a man by the name of Peter Tourville in its employ at its office in St. Louis. Alexander Flannigan began a garnishment proceeding against Tourville in East St. Louis and secured judgment for the sum of $81.98, which the company owed Tourville.

The amount of the judgment was never collected by the plaintiff, although it has never been molested. In 1895 Tourville sued the company for $81.98, the sum which was due him when Flannigan filed his attachment proceeding and for which the latter procured judgment.

The circuit court awarded Tourville judgment, nowithstanding the fact that the company pleaded the garnishment proceeding case. The company carried the case to the supreme court of Missouri and then to the result that the circuit court's judgment was affirmed.

The decision of the United States supreme court was rendered a few weeks ago and it put the company in an embarrassing position. Flannigan began to push his claim on his judgment and Virgil Rue to whom Tourville had assigned his claim, demanded payment as Tourville's assignee. Both demands were reinforced by court judgments and the offer to pay the money in court and let Flannigan and Rule fight out the question of ownership was the only alternative to paying the judgments.

THE RIGHT ROBBER.

Man Who Killed Himself to Avoid Capture Was Badly Wanted.

Channing Barnes, alias "Jack Nelson" alias John H. Nelson, who was found dead near the outskirts of the city of New Orleans and who has been identified as the man who held up and robbed the Illinois Central train near that city several days ago proves beyond doubt to be the man wanted by the American Express Co. for robbing an American Express company safe at Wickliffe, Ky., in July, 1900. A picture and a description of Barnes has adorned the walls of the local express companys office for some time with the offer of a reward of $500 for the arrest of the man. He was a desperate criminal and the officers will not regret to hear of his death.

Prisoner Discharged.

J. C. Kinney who was arrested by Special Officer Horace Davenport Sunday night was discharged without a trial yesterday. Kinney was taken before a justice of the peace Monday as is the custom to allow him to plead to the charge against him but he refused to plead and demanded a trial. The hearing was set for Tuesday afternoon before Justice Hardy in order to give Officer Davenport time to appear as the prosecuting witness. Before the time of the hearing, however, the case was dismissed. Chief Applegate says that investigation proved that Kinney was not drunk and disorderly and the chief seemed to think that Davenport had arrested the wrong man. Officer Davenport appeared at the appointed time and was surprised to hear that his prisoner had been discharged.

MRS. KUMLER DEAD.

Stroke of Paralysis Several Days Ago Was Fatal.

Springfield, Dec. 19—Mrs. John A. Kumler, widow of Former Presiding Elder Kumler of the Springfield district of the Methodist Episcopal church and former chancellor of the Illinois Wesleyan University at Bloomington, died this morning, aged 68, from an attack of paralysis.

Tea Man Was Tipsy.

A man by the name of Myers was arrested for embezzlement last night but at the time of his arrest the fellow was too drunk to tell the front end of his name. Myers had been working for the Athletic Tea company, which is a new company doing business on East Eldorado street, and some time yesterday the manager came to the conclusion that Myers was not acting square as he had sold about $8 worth of goods of which he had not accounted. He immediately swore out a warrant for Myers and Officer Kirkbride soon located the man in a saloon on the lower where he was fast getting in the condition that he could not leave the city if he had tried. He was locked up in the Short street station and later removed to police headquarters.

AIMS OF THE AGRARIANS.

Want to Make Germany Grow Its Own Food Products.

Washington, Dec. 18—The agrarian party in Germany, having successfully brought about at law at the last session of the reichstag prohibiting, in effect, the importation of American canned meats, is now using its powerful influence to increase heavily the import duties on all grains entering the empire, notably on wheat reports United States Consul Diedrich at Bremen to the state department. The aim of the agrarians, according to the consul, is to make Germany entirely independent of all countries for its breadstuffs and food supplies. It is difficult to see says Mr. Diedrich, "how the proposed national legislation can have any other effect in the long run than to enhance the price of the daily bread, an needful to every man, woman and child in this country. It is impossible to understand, he says, how the proposed duty can increase the crops of wheat throughout Germany, or decrease the appetite of the German people.

At present, however, says the consul there seems little doubt that the proposed law will be passed by the reichstag. As a large portion of the importation of wheat is American grown, this will seriously affect the interests of the American farmer. "A duty of 40 or 50 cents on every bushel of wheat, concludes Consul Diedrich, "cannot fail to be well nigh prohibitive, and the consequence will be more limited markets, fiercer competition and lower prices to the producers.

SULTAN WILL NOT PAY.

Our Indemnity Claims Are to Be Deferred.

New York, Dec. 18.—Payment of the missionary claims against Turkey is no longer expected by the administration. Although the Sultan entertained the officers of the Kentucky in truly royal style, he did not let the presence of the battle ship have any effect upon his pocketbook and still holds the $90,000 which American missionaries assert is the value of personal and mission property destroyed six years ago. The Kentucky has left Smyrna for Port Said, on route to Manila.

The belief of the administration that Turkey will not settle the claims arises out of the reported purpose of Great Britain to press the missionary claims of her subjects against the sublime porte. It is stated that if another nation begin to press its claims the sultan will probably decline to settle those of the United States. The reason the American claims have not been disposed is the fear of Turkey that other governments will require that their claims be paid.

The state department has not been informed of the signing of the contract with the representatives of the Cramps at Constantinople for a cruiser the cost of which is to include the amount of the American claims.

SORT OF A FROST.

Governor Pingree Receives a Severe Snub at His Banquet.

Lansing, Dec. 18.—Governor Pingree's banquet which was announced in honor of the members of the state legislature, justices of the supreme court and railroad officials of the state, was given in the hall of the house of representatives tonight. None of the justices of the supreme court nor railroad officials invited were present while only three state senators and 46 representatives attended. Not one state officials-elect accepted Pingree's invitation.

Fierce Twenty Round Bout.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 18—After one of the gamest exhibitions ever witnessed in the Memphis prize ring, Kid McFadden of San Francisco, was given the decision over Casper Leon of New York at the end of the 20th round of fierce fighting before the Phoenix Athletic club tonight.

Confirmations.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.—Daniel H. McMillan, of New Mexico, associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico.

John W. Yerkes, of Kentucky, commissioner of internal revenue.

Full Back Ellis is Missing.

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 18—Shorley C. Ellis, the big fullback of the Harvard football team, received a telegram, ostensibly from Lynn, summoning him home. He started for the train and has not been publicly seen or heard from since.

Robbed a Bank.

Milbank, S. D., Dec. 18—Word was telephoned today from Albee that Gold & Company's bank was robbed of $1500 while the cashier was at dinner.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

NO MONEY REQUIRED.

To Secure The Services of Several Eminent Doctors Free, Call at the British Medical Institute, No. 358 North Main Street, Before Jan. 12.

A staff of eminent physicians and surgeons from the British Medical Institute have at the earnest solicitation of a large number of patients under their treatment in Decatur, decided to establish in this city a permanent branch of the institute at No. 358 North Main St. (four doors north of postoffice.)

These eminent gentlemen have decided to give their services entirely free for three months (medicines excepted) to all invalids who call upon them for treatment between now and Jan. 12. These services consist not only of consultation, examination and advice, but also of all minor surgical operations.

The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted and under no condition whatever will any charge be made for any services rendered for three months, to all who call before January 12.

The doctors treat all forms of disease and deformities and guarantee a cure in every case they undertake. At the first interview a thorough examination is made and if incurable you are frankly and kindly told so, also advised against spending your money for useless treatment.

Male and female weakness, catarrh and catarrhal deafness, also cancer without pain or cutting; all skin diseases, rupture and all diseases of the rectum are positively cured by their new treatment.

Dr. W. C. Reeves, the chief consulting surgeon of the institute, will be in personal charge.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. No Sunday hours.

FREEZING THE GUMS is the safe and most painless method in extracting teeth.

Extracting,

25C

Cheap Grade Teeth

advertised in daily papers, on fences etc., may be an inducement to some, but I do only the best grade of dental work and guarantee it. This satisfies, and satisfied people send others.

Best Teeth on Best Plate, improved, look natural. $8

Extracting free when teeth are ordered.

22K Gold Crowns, gold caps..... $5

Inexpensive but durable artificial tooth crowns, bridgework, etc.

Fillings must be put in right to last. Careful work is required. Material and cavity determines cost, up from 50c

Consultation free.

Not a Partnership Office.

Dr. J. Franklin Fribley,

4 Rooms—Suite 304 Powers Building. Fifth year in Decatur.

DR. E. T. EVANS,

DENTIST.

307-308 Powers Building,

Hours—8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 4 p. m. Decatur, Ill

A. M. DREW, M. D.

SPECIALIST ON

Rectal, Genito-Urinary and all Chronic Diseases.

Piles Successfully Cured without detention from business.

FENTON BLOCK, Over B. Stine Clothing House, Decatur, Ill

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CANCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cancarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC **Cascarets** TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. CURE CONSTIPATION. Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 310

NO-TO-BAC Guaranteed to cure or money refunded by all druggists to cure any form of Tobacco Habit.

DR. T. S. HOSKINS,

DENTIST.

Old Phone 1961. Rooms 210-211 Second Floor Millikin Building

Senator Sullivan Weds.

Washington, Dec. 18—Senator William V. Sullivan of Mississippi and Mrs. Marie Atkins of this city, were married at St. Stephens church this afternoon.

TIME IS NOT R

For the Adoption of Co sory Arbitration of Lab Disputes.

USK GOES AFTER GOM

President of Federation Back and Then Leave in a Huff.

RESULTS SEEM INDEF

Conference Names Committee to Iate General Plan for Conciliat

Chicago, Dec. 18.—The confer ntitration and conciliation, whic into industrial history with its ent tonight, was enlivened du day by a debate between Samuel G Lusk, president of the American Federa Labor, and Hugh H. Lusk, an e ber of the parliament of New Z The venerable New Zealander du frequently turned aside from his p address to express his displeasure exploitation made by Gompers in speech last night. Gompers had that he wanted to see labor organ retain the privilege of striking w pleased, why they pleased or me cause they pleased.

GOES AFTER GOMPERS

Gompers wants conciliation, a He says you can never have any c tion unless you are ready to cut other's throats. Well, if that is fortunate condition of the peo America I am sorry for them. so anxious to cut one another's throats I came from.

During the afternoon Gompers the stage and reiterated his ass the night previous.

After two speeches had been in Lusk again secured the floor pleased at length the workings arbitration court of New Zealand ally talking straight at the lab dent. A lively exchange of quest answers which bewildered the a ensued.

I'd rather be at sword's p America, an independent, than s my rights to strike for one hunted Gompers. With that he ill.

Aside from the skirmishes betw o men there were numerous s favoring voluntary arbitration k declared that America was a r compulsory arbitration.

COMPULSORY ARBITRAT

Mr. Lusk's speech was unequiv favor of compulsory arbitration disputes. He received the closes tion, for while a great majority other speakers disagreed with him ing compulsory arbitration impra in this country, his story of the s the system in New Zealand aro deepest interest. Other speakers Warren A. Reed, chairman of the phoenix state board of arbitra Walson French, vice president of public Iron and Steel company; J les Wilson, vice president of the tional Association of Machinists; Stahl, secretary of the Farmer's Congress; R. S. Taylor and Cha Castle.

Other addresses during the a were made by the following:

Edgar A. Aguel, member of th five board of the Glass and Bottle Association; Frederick P. Bagley Marble Manufacturers Association Buchanan, president of the Bri structural Iron Workers.

NOT PRACTICAL NOW.

At the evening session the co on resolutions submitted its repo resolutions recognize the fact th tory arbitration, aside from objections urged against it, is n time a question of practical i reform, and that such systems o urge do not seem fully to mee quirements of the different inter

The resolutions further recom that the presiding officer of the appoint a committee to serv year, to be composed of six repre of the employer class and six o ployes class, to be selected as consistent from the different se the country, for the purpose of ing some plan of action looking establishment of a general syste ciliation that will promote i peace.

The report was adopted without and Chairman McVeagh appoint members of the committee for the same gentlemen who consti resolutions committee as follows:

A. C. Bartlett, vice president hard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co., ago.

Percy W. Boyt, president of tional Founders Association.

Herman Justi, commissioner o Coal Operators' Association.

G. Watson French, vice pre the Republic Iron and Steel com

E. D. Keene, vice president Santa Fe railway.

Chauncey H. Castle, president Stove Founders National Defen tion.

Samuel Gompers, president Americas Federation of Labor.

John Mitchell, president of th Mine Workers of America.

Martin Fox, president of Moulders Union of America.

Frank P. Sargent, grand mas Brotherhood of Locomotive Firem

Henry White, general secretary United Garment Workers of Ame

James M. Lynch, president of t tional Typographical Union.

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This will apply to all and
our paper stops don't get ex-
...ers as well as old. There
...for another year for $4.00

DECATUR, ILL.

NO MONEY REQUIRED.

To secure the services of Several Lim-
...10 Cures free, and at the British
...in time, No. 358 North Main
...Decatur, Jan. 11.

...ment physicians and sur-
...the Lincoln Medical Institute
...solicitation of
...patients under their
...in Decatur, decided to estab-
...this city a permanent branch of
...No. 358 North Main St.
...postoffice)
...gentlemen have de-
...their services entirely free
...(medicines excepted)
...who call upon them for
...now and Jan. 12,
...consist not only of com-
...examination and advice, but
...surgical operations
...pay, in giving this course is
...and personally ac-
...quick and effective and
...whatever will any
...for any services ren-
...months, to all who call
...

...all forms of disease
...guarantee a cure in
...case undertake. At the first
...thorough examination to
...people you are frankly
...advised against
...in any for useless treat-

...female weakness, catarrh
...deafness, also cancer
...all skin diseas-
...diseases of the rec-
...cured by their new
...

Dr. W. C. Reeves, the chief consult-
...the institute, will be in
...from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.
...Decatur.

FREEZING THE GUMS
...painless method in
extracting teeth

Extracting, 25C

Cheap Grade Teeth
advertised in Sunday papers, on fences
...may be an inducement to some, but
...the best, care of dental work
...guarantee of Fifty attributes, and
...satisfied people scattered here.
Best Teeth on Rubber Plate, in-
...gold, lifetime guarantee ... $8
Extracting, painless when teeth are ordered
...Gold fillings and crowns ... $5
Bridge work for lost artificial tooth
...
Fillings as good as gold in right teeth last.
Crowns as good as gold. Material
...teeth, gold ... 50c
...all dentistry; consult
...

Not a Partnership Office,

Dr. J. Franklin Fribley,
...Rooms 305-306 Powers Building.
...Years in Decatur.

DR. E. T. EVANS,
DENTIST.
307-308 Powers Building,
...Decatur, Ill

A. M. DREW, M. D.
SPECIALIST ON
Rectal, Genito-Urinary and all Chronic
Diseases.
Piles Surely cured without detention from business.
CONSULTATION FREE. Hours, 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m. Office, 1 Porter House, Decatur, Ill.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
...have been using CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS for ... years and find them the most reliable medicine ever offered to the public. I cheerfully recommend them to all sufferers as the safest and surest relief. Yours truly, Mrs. ..., Cottrams, Ingle, Ill.
CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
...Liver and Stomach, Purify the Blood, Cure Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Malaria, Blotches, Eruptions, Boils, Pimples, Tumors, Ulcers, Abscesses, Piles, Leucorrhœa, Gleet, Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Female Weakness, Sexual Debility, Impotency, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Bad Dreams, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Irritability, Hot Flashes, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dragging Pains, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Dyspepsia, Leadership, Impotence, Wasting Diseases, Dullness, Loss of Power, Hypochondria, Spermatorrhœa, Impurities of the Blood, Premature Old Age, Indigestion, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Life Destroying Diseases.
CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
NO-TO-BAC ... guaranteed by all druggists ... Tobacco Habit.

DR. T. S. HOSKINS,
DENTIST.
Rooms 210-211 Second Floor Millikin Bulldin
Old Phone 1251

Senator Sullivan Weds.

Washington, Dec. 18—Senator William V. Sullivan of Mississippi and Mrs. Merle Atkins of this city, were married at St. Stephens church this afternoon.

TIME IS NOT RIPE

For ... Adoption of Compul-
...ation of Labor
Disputes.

LUSK GOES AFTER GOMPERS

... Federation Talks
... Then Leaves
... a Huff.

RESULTS SEEM INDEFINITE

... Committee to Formu-
... Plan for Conciliation.

...—The conference on
...ciliation, which passed
...story with its adjourn-
...evidenced during the
...been Samuel Gompers,
...American Federation of
...H. Lusk, an ex-mem-
...ment of New Zealand.
...New Zealander during the
...from his prepared
...his displeasure at the
...by Gompers in his ad-
...Gompers had asserted
...labor organizations
...of striking when they
...pleased or merely be-
...

AFTER GOMPERS.

...conciliation, said Lusk,
...never have any conciliation
...are ready to cut one an-
...Well, if that is the un-
...of the people of
...country for them. We are
...cut one another's throats
...
...afternoon Gompers secured
...reiterated his assertions of
...
...had been listened
...and the floor. He ex-
...the workings of the
...of New Zealand, govern-
...night at the labor presi-
...of questions and
...bewildered the audience
...

...rather be at sword's point in
...independent, than surrender
...strike for one minute,
...Gompers. With that he left the
...

...from the skirmishes between these
...were numerous speeches,
...compulsory arbitration. Even
...that America was not ready
...arbitration.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

...speech was unequivocally in
...compulsory arbitration of labor
...received the closest atten-
...while a great majority of the
...disagreed with him, decem-
...compulsory arbitration impracticable
...history of the success of
...in New Zealand aroused the
...Other speakers included
...A. Reed, chairman of the Messen-
...state board of arbitration; G.
...president, vice president of the Re-
...and Steel company; D. Dougherty,
...vice president of the Interna-
...Association of Machinists; John M.
...of the Farmer's National
...Taylor and Chauncey H.
...

...afternoon
...following:
...Wood, member of the executive
...Glass and Bottle Blowers
...Frederick P. Bagley, of the
...Manufacturers Association; Frank
...president of the Bridge and
...Workers.

NOT PRACTICAL NOW.

...evening session the committee
...submitted its report. The
...recognize the fact that com-
...while from all other
...urged against it, is not at this
...practical industrial
...that such systems as now in
...seem fully to meet the re-
...of the different interests.
...further recommended
...existing officer of the confer-
...a committee to serve for one
...composed of six representatives
...employer class and six of the em-
...to be selected as nearly as
...from the different sections of
...for the purpose of formulat-
...plan of action looking to the
...of a general system of con-
...that will promote industrial
...

...report was adopted without debate,
...Herman McVeagh appointed as the
...of the committee for one year
...gentlemen who constituted the
...committee as follows:
...Bartlett, vice president of Hib-
...Spencer, Bartlett & Co., of Chi-
...
...W. Hoyt, president of the Na-
...Founders Association.
...Lofisti, commissioner of Illinois
...Statistics' Association.
...French, vice president of
...the Iron and Steel company.
...Kenna, vice president of the
...railway.
...B. Castle, president of the
...Founders National Defense Asso-
...
...Gompers, president of the
...Federation of Labor.
...Mitchell, president of the United
...Workers of America.
...Fox, president of the Iron
...Union of America.
...P. Sargent, grand master of the
...Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.
...Henry White, general secretary of the
...Government Workers of America.
...James M. Lynch, president of the International Typographical Union.

Following the adoption of the report of the resolution committee speeches were made by J. W. VanCleve, vice president of the Hooks Stove Mfg. Co. of St. Louis, Martin Fox, president of the Iron Moulders' Union of North America, and Frank P. Sargeant, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

MOORISH GOVERNMENT PAYS

Settles Claim for the Killing of Naturalized American.

Washington, Dec. 8—A message from United States Consul Gummery of Tangiers, informs the state department that the Moorish government had settled a claim of the United States for $5000 indemnity on account of the murder of Marcus Lazagui, a naturalized American citizen in Morocco last spring. The Moorish government pleaded as a basis for its first declination to pay the fact that the man was killed, not by Moorish officers, but in a fight with the rabble. The claim for indemnity, however, was based on the failure of the Moorish government to make any effort to arrest or punish perpetrators of the murder. The navy department, at the instance of the state department, was making arrangements to send a naval vessel to Morocco to give moral support to the demands of the American consul for the settlement.

CLEMENTS CLOSE CALL.

His Entire Force Narrowly Escaped Capture by Boers.

Johannesburg, Dec. 18—Details of the defeat of the British at Nooitgedacht indicate that General Clements entire force had a narrow escape from capture. The Boers plans were splendidly laid. If the main British column had stayed a little longer it would have been a complete success for the Boers, who exposed themselves undauntedly, yelling and waving their arms. Their rushes were only stemmed by the artillery.

After the British retreat the Boers held a prayer meeting. All accounts indicate a heavy Boer loss.

Colonel Legge exhibited splendid bravery. He shot five Boers with a revolver before he fell with three bullets in his body.

SHANGHAI STORIES.

Decorations Sold to Obtain Money for Famine Sufferers.

London, Dec. 18—It is reported from Sian Fu, says the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, that the real director of the grand council is the empress dowagers favorite eunuch Li Lien Yueng, who erroneously reported dead last April. He is responsible for the general confusion and indecision. He suggests that the court return to Sankin. Gen. Tung Fu Hsiang is said to be still at Sian Su, and an imperial decree authorizes the governors of the provinces of Shan Si and Shen Si to sell titles and decorations for the benefit of the sufferers from famine.

TOUCH HIM AGAIN.

Rockefeller Planks Down Another $1,500,000 to Chicago University.

Chicago, Dec. 18—At the convocation exercises of the University of Chicago today President Harper announced that John D. Rockefeller had made another gift of $1,500,000 to the institution.

Of this sum $1,000,000 is to be used as an endowment fund and the university derive a benefit of the income of it from year to year. The balance of the gift is to be used for immediate purposes and general needs.

Business in the House.

Washington, Dec. 18.—The house devoted the day to District of Columbia business. The whole time was occupied in the consideration of the bill to change terminal facilities of the Pennsylvania railroad in this city and provide for the elevation of its tracks across the Mall south of Pennsylvania avenue. Opposition was persistent, but after much filibustering friends of the bill succeeded in securing a recess until 11 o'clock tomorrow in order to continue the legislative day and complete the consideration of the bill.

Presidential Nominations.

Washington, Dec. 18—President McKinley today nominated John C. A. Leishman of Pennsylvania, now minister to Switzerland, to be minister to Turkey.

Arthur S. Hardy, of New Hampshire, now minister to Greece, to be minister to Switzerland.

Charles S. Francis of New York will be minister to Greece, Roumania and Servia.

Clarence L. Thurston of Nebraska, to be secretary of the legation at Buenos Ayres.

Payne for a Cabinet Job.

Washington, Dec. 18.—This week all, or nearly all, of the members of the executive committee, the managers of the campaign in the two headquarters, Chicago and New York, will be in Washington.

One request above all others the republican committee will press upon the president. That is for the appointment of Vice Chairman Payne to a place in the cabinet.

Steamship Arrivals.

Boulogne, Dec. 18.—Potsdam, from New York for Rotterdam.

New York—Rotterdam, from Rotterdam.

Plymouth—Deutschland, from New York for Hamburg.

Moville—Furnessia from New York for Glasgow.

Rotterdam—Potsdam from New York via Boulogne.

Plymouth—Patricia from New York for Hamburg and proceeded.

Chances in Favor of Lynching.

Lake Providence, La., Dec. 18.—News reached here today of the murder Sunday night at Arcadia, Miss., by two negroes of a white man, his wife and baby, keepers of a trading boat on the Mississippi. The negroes were arrested and confessed the crime. It is probable that they have been lynched by the infuriated residents in the vicinity.

REPORT ON CANAL

Declares the Hepburn Bill Has Clearly Defined Our Policy.

ASKS SENATE CONCURRENCE

Any International Dispute Arising Could Be Settled Without Danger.

SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLICS

Must Be Dealt With Fairly and Without Encroachments on Their Rights.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Senator Morgan, chairman of the senate committee on the inter-oceanic canal, to which was referred the preliminary report of the Isthmian canal commission, today submitted a partial report thereon in connection with the protocols of agreements with Costa Rica and Nicaragua relating to the proposed canal, which were submitted recently to the senate. In the course of the reports it is said that the statement of the Walker commission and the protocols referred to have a direct bearing upon what is known as the Hepburn bill, now on the senate calendar.

DECLARES OUR POLICY.

That bill, says the report, is a declaration of the policy of the United States for the canal under control of this government. It is a law of necessity rather than the expectation of profit or advantage to the United States, that compels us to construct, own and control a ship canal through Costa Rica and Nicaragua, and the geographical relation of those states to our country, and the prestige of the United States among American governments point to us as the power that must incur the expenditure and be invested with authority to control the canal as a marine highway for the ships of all nations. The assured profits of this enterprise, in money, is calculated on a basis that is even much larger than is indicated in any report that has estimated the cost and are sufficient justification for the expenditure of what is necessary to acquire the right of way and to construct the canal.

MUST DEAL FAIRLY.

As a basis and condition precedent to the accomplishment of this great task or duty the United States must first acquire from Costa Rica and Nicaragua, by agreement, a right to construct own, control and manage the canal. In doing this we must fully recognize their sovereignty, independence and authority over those countries respectively, and deal with them without any attempt of encroachment on their national rights. The president is not empowered or advised to encroach upon the sovereignty of those states. The acquisition of sovereign ownership of a tract of country, including the line of the canal, would separate Nicaragua into two parts, between which the sovereignty of the United States would be interposed.

An act more fatal to her autonomy cannot be conceived, and if her government had the power to do this, under her constitution which forbids any cession of territory to a foreign state, the severance of her territory by such mutilation would destroy its territorial integrity and with it the republic. Such an effort is beyond the purpose of the house bill and is unnecessary to the enjoyment of any privilege or right that relates to the ownership, control and management of the canal.

The house bill deals with our own national policy, defining it clearly, and writes it on our statute book, which is the highest record of the political and international policy of the United States.

In making this declaration of the policy and purposes of the United States and in supplying the president with means of executing the law, the house bill proceeds on the assumption that there is no obstacles in the way of its full, just and peaceful enforcement. This line of action commends itself to all who sincerely desire to execute the will of the American people in the construction of a ship canal, placing its ownership, control and management in the government of the United States.

WILL SETTLE ALL DIFFICULTY.

If the senate shall concur with that house in the passage of this bill it will be a movement of such force as will draw after it the settlement of any international difficulties that may exist, without friction, or danger to the peace and good will the styles between the United States and other nations.

The report declares that by the treaty of 1867 between the United States and Nicaragua the United States is prohibited from exercising permanent military occupation of that state; but we have the right to enter Nicaragua with military forces to protect the canal through that state, at the request of Nicaragua.

After reference to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and the pending Hay-Pauncefote treaty the report says:

The passage of the Hepburn bill by an almost unanimous vote in the house must have called for a protest from Great Britain if that government considers any right of hers is in conflict with that measure. If the passage of that measure through the senate calls forth such protest, then it will be appropriate for its consideration and for taking measures to answer it. Until then we can never know the grounds of objection that Great Britain may choose to make.

CAN'T AFFORD TO REFUSE.

The senate is engaged in negotiations with Great Britain, which may or may not result in an agreement, and cannot afford to refuse to consider the bill so important to the country as house bill No. 253, merely to await the pleasure of one-third of that body. The senate, as a part of the treaty-making power has no more just right to suspend legislation on this subject than the president who is the other part of that power, has to suspend legislation by his order.

Adverting to any supposed relation Costa Rica and Nicaragua may have to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty the report declares:

These states were not prohibited by the Clayton-Bulwer treaty from disposing of canal privileges or their entire territory, if their people so desire, to the United States or any other power, for the reason they were not parties to that treaty. If such was the purpose of that treaty it failed, not only for that reason but also because it was flagrant usurpation of a part of the great nations that made the agreement and was condemned, as it still is reprobated by the morality of the nations.

Whether we will abide by and perform such a covenant is a conflict between morals and manners that our people will not suffer to deprive them of commercial liberty, security of peace and the pursuit of happiness.

MINOR TREATIES RATIFIED.

After Which Senate Continues Discussion of Hay-Pauncefote Paper.

Washington, Dec. 18—Friends of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty occupied nearly all the time of the senate in executive session today, Senators Foraker and Morgan being the speakers.

Previous to taking up that treaty the senate for the purpose of clearing the calendar, disposed of several other treaties of comparatively little importance. Five conventions in all were ratified. Among the documents thus disposed of was an agreement supplementary to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty itself extending the time within which it may be ratified, until the 4th of March.

OTHER TREATIES.

The other treaties ratified were as follows:

Extending for a year the time within which a commercial treaty with Argentine may be ratified.

Extending for a year the time within which the treaty with Great Britain for reciprocity with Jamaica may be ratified.

New extradition treaties with Bolivia and China.

When the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was taken up attention was given to a resolution offered in open session earlier in the day by Senator Tillman, calling for the correspondence between this government and the government of Columbia relative to the right of the United States to construct a canal across Columbian territory. The resolution was agreed to after it was amended at the instance of Senator Morgan so also as to call for all the correspondence with the Panama canal company.

Senator Foraker's speech from the first to the last was a defense of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and he took occasion to praise in the highest terms Secretary Hay, who he said not only was an accomplished gentleman and a scholarly man, but a patriot and statesman of high order. Senator Morgan traversed much of the ground he had covered in his previous arguments in support of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

CONSIDER IT A MISTAKE.

Telegraphers Now Ask Only Re-employment From Santa Fe.

Chicago, Dec. 18—According to a statement issued tonight by J. M. Barr, third vice president of the Santa Fe railroad, a committee composed of representatives of the different railway organizations who have taken up the grievances of the striking telegraphers, consider the strike a mistake and at tomorrow's conference to be held here with the officials of the Santa Fe nothing but the reemployment of the telegraphers will be requested from the company.

MORE STRIKES THREATENED.

Topeka, Kas., Dec. 18—The Santa Fe switchmen and brakemen have say they will strike if the demands of the telegraphers are not granted. The conductors announce they will stay by the road, but it is asserted they will be induced to join in the strike if one is ordered. The Santa Fe officials are said to be endeavoring to hire brakemen and switchmen conditionally, to take the places of the men that go out.

House Stands by Pingree.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 18—The house today granted Governor Pingree the use of its chamber for his banquet tonight, in honor of the supreme court and legislature. The house refused to concur in the resolution adopted last night by the senate providing for the final adjournment of the legislature Thursday. A special committee was appointed to confer with a similar committee that the senate will be asked to appoint for the purpose of framing, if possible, a tax bill that will be agreeable to both houses.

Deaths of the Day.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Dec. 18—Dr. Chas. S. Taft, died today aged 65, of cancer. Taft, during the civil war, was connected with the Union army as medical examiner. He was first to render medical assistance to President Lincoln when the latter was shot, being lifted by the bystanders into the theatre box.

Killed in a Runaway.

Monmouth, Dec. 18—William Hanna, aged 73, a prominent manufacturer of this city, was killed by a runaway this evening. He was the principal owner of the Monmouth Mining and Manufacturing company, and several other large enterprises.

Football Games Scheduled.

Iowa City, Ia., Dec. 18.—The University of Iowa football team today accepted the proposition to play a game with the University of California Christmas day and Leland Stanford on New Years day. The team will leave for the west tomorrow.

Strike Soon Ended.

Shamokin, Pa., Dec. 18.—The strike at the Natalie colliery ended this morning, 1200 employes returning to their work. The Shamokin Coal company agreed to grant everybody a 10 per cent increase.

DESPERADO DIES

By His Own Hand Rather Than Run Risk of Being Captured.

BODY OF LONE TRAIN ROBBER

Found in a Dismal Swamp With Throat Cut From Ear to Ear.

HELD UP A CENTRAL TRAIN

Was the Man Who Robbed Adams Express Co. Last July.

New Orleans, Dec. 18.—Channing B. Barnes, alias John R. Nelson, was found dead with his throat cut this morning at Poydras Junction, just outside the city limits, where the Illinois Central train was robbed last Thursday night. He had registered parcels of mail and Conductor Kennebrew's watch on his person.

Barnes had been wounded in the back and left wrist.

He was wanted for holding up the Illinois Central train near Wickliffe, Ky., last July, and robbing the safe of the American Express company. His brother, Charles W. Barnes, and Richard Doyle, were convicted for this latter robbery and each is serving a sentence in the Kentucky state penitentiary. When the attempt was made to arrest Channing Barnes in St. Louis he shot Chief Special Agent George Murray and made his escape.

Shortly after the hold up on Thursday night Officers Daly and Luckie, while hastening to the scene, discovered two men carrying a bag and walking rapidly between the Illinois and Mississippi Valley tracks. The officers halted the men, but, instead of surrendering, they began to shoot.

Both officers responded and a lively fusillade followed. The men finally dropped a United States mail pouch and fled. Since then the detectives have been carefully examining the swamp near the city. At an early hour today their search was rewarded with the finding of a body.

It is supposed that Barnes' wounds were painful, and that believing he would be captured, he determined to take his own life, and did so by cutting his throat with a pocket knife.

At the time of the robbery of the Illinois Central train on the night of Dec. 12 it was said that Barnes did the work alone. Now it is held that he had one or two confederates.

SAFE BLOWERS SUCCEED.

In Making Big Hauls at Different Places.

Charleston, S. C., Dec. 18—The safe of Dicks & Sally, a firm at Sally, a small town in Orangeburg county, was blown open with dynamite early this morning and $7000 in currency and gold taken, besides mortgages, etc., amounting to $2000.

MAKE RICH HAUL.

Shelbyville, Ind., Dec. 18—Kennedy's bank at Hope, south of here, was entered at 3 o'clock this morning, the safe blown open with nitro-glycerine and $1500 carried off by two men who were seen to leave the building by the night operator in the telephone exchange. The robbers had a confederate posted outside with a carriage in which all escaped. A posse started out after the robbers.

DOUBLE LIFE REVEALED.

By a Double Crime at Huntington, Pennsylvania.

Huntington, Pa., Dec. 18.—A. C. Metzger, of Newark, N. J., shot and killed his wife this morning at the Hotel Hopewell, and then committed suicide. Mrs. Metzger was the leading lady in the Davidson Comedy company. The couple have been separated for some time.

Newark, N. J., Dec. 18.—The police of this city received information today that Alfred Metzger, a stained glass manufacturer of Newark, had killed a woman supposed to be his wife at Huntington, Pa., then committed suicide. Metzger resided in this city, where Mrs. Metzger was found alive and well. She was shocked to hear of the double tragedy, and said she had no suspicion as to who the woman was.

THE WORK OF FIENDS.

Another Dosschlster Case Developed in Herkimer, N. Y.

Utica, N. Y., Dec. 18—Miss Margaret Jennings died here last night from the effects of knockout drops that were administered to her under conditions that were almost exactly similar to the Jennie Bussel letter case at Paterson, N. J. The dead girl lived at Little Falls. Investigation now under way promises to implicate young men who have stood high in Herkimer county.

Miss Jennings, while on a visit to Herkimer, was enticed into a resort, given knockout drops and assaulted afterward being taken to a hotel and left to die. She was subsequently sent to the poor house, where she was found and taken to her brother's home at Little Falls. She made an auto-motum statement implicating a man named Wood and others.

Her arms were black and blue and her limbs were burned to a blister by hot water being applied to revive her. There were also many marks made by the application of an electrical battery, evidently brought into play by her companions, in the hope that heroic treatment might bring her to her senses.

Miss Jennings died in frightful agony. She raved incessantly of her experience on the occasion of receiving the fatal potion.

On the eve of the death of Margaret Jennings comes out the assertion of another Little Falls woman that on a recent visit to Herkimer she was drugged and outraged. Her testimony will undoubtedly play a part in the official investigation of the Jennings girl's death that will be started at once.

Shot His Cousin.

Austin, Texas, Dec. 18.—In a quarrel over the payment of his fare of 10 cents to cross the Colorado river in a ferry last night, about six miles from here, Will G. Snead shot and instantly killed Eph Mayfield. The men are cousins and were good friends up to the time of the killing.

The parties belong to the best families in this section. Snead is 24 years old. He was arrested.

HIS LAST MAYORALTY DRUNK

Resignation of Atlanta's Executive Presented.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 18—The mayor of Atlanta has been found in a condition of inebriety on the public streets of the city, and last night a police officer took him to the police station and locked him up.

Some time ago, for the same cause, the city council and board of aldermen threatened impeachment proceedings against Mayor Woodward, but upon promises that he would abstain from further intoxication, no action was taken. The mayor tendered his resignation to the body, and it was placed in the hands of Councilman Rawson, who holds it on condition that if the mayor becomes intoxicated it shall be tendered for acceptance.

The resignation was submitted this afternoon, at a meeting of that body, but action upon it was postponed until Monday.

Sick Soldiers Coming Home.

San Francisco, Dec. 18.—Within a few days more than 1000 sick soldiers will be on their way home from the Philippines. The Grand and Sherman are now en route with 800 men and the Sheridan is scheduled to leave on the 22d with 500 more. This rush will tax the general hospital at the presidio to its utmost capacity. The convalescents will be mustered out as soon as possible after they arrive and if the 867 available beds at the hospital become overcrowded, a tented annex will be built to accommodate the overflow.

Oranges for Christmas.

Redlands, Cal., Dec 18.—Last week took the banner for orange shipments from Redlands, surpassing any week heretofore at any season of the year. There were 55,170 boxes of oranges forwarded from this point, or 152 cars in addition, there went out 568 boxes of lemons. This is about 11 cars of oranges more than were ever before shipped from Redlands in any one week, and 127 cars more than were shipped during the corresponding week of last year.

Agree to Alterations.

London, Dec. 18—Great Britain has proposed alterations in the preamble of the joint note has been practically accepted by all the powers, says the Pekin correspondent of the Daily Mail. Both Russia, Japan, whose support was regarded as doubtful have agreed.

MAMMOTH TEMPLE IN CHICAGO

A Good Will Promoter Sees in Gold Strike an Answer to Prayers.

A rich vein of gold ore has been cut by the Good Will Temple Gold Mining and Milling company in the Cripple Creek district. This means that Good Will temple, the largest church ever projected, will be built in the near future in Chicago. This is the realization of the aim of Rev. J. S. Bitler's life, and he believes is the direct answer of ten years of praying. Mr. Bitler is at present conducting revival meetings at the First Methodist Episcopal church at St Joseph, Mo.

About ten years ago Mr. Bitler saw in a vision a mighty church in a large city built for the masses. Since that time it has been the object of his life to build that temple. He discovered no means, however, with which to carry out his plan until a year ago last August when he met A. J. Wharton, a rich mine owner of Colorado, who gave him 100 acres of land in the Cripple Creek district and furnished the means with which to sink shafts.

The Good Will temple is planned to be, when completed, the largest building in Chicago. It will be 500 feet in height and will be surmounted by a luminous cross 100 feet in height and 50 feet wide, which may be seen for many miles out on the lake. The seating capacity of the temple, according to Mr. Bitler's arrangements, will be 10,000.

Mr. Bitler says that a Cripple Creek mine expert has informed him that there is $8,000,000 worth of ore in sight now. A site for the temple has not yet been selected.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address Frank Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists 75c.
Hall's Family Pills the best.

Any one with a good plan for getting an elephant up four flights of stairs will learn of something to his advantage by communicating with the Chicago Athletic club.

TELEPHONE WITHOUT WIRES.

Successful Experiment Reported in Have Been Tried Near Minneapolis.

An experiment in wireless telephoning which was tried at Powder Horn lake the other afternoon proved a decided success, and may take the place of the old system of wires. The originator of the idea is J. C. Kelsey, who is in charge of the switchboard at the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company's building at Minneapolis, Minn., and with him were five other employes of the company.

The method is a very simple one. On either side of the lake they strung a wire about 100 feet in length, the two being parallel. They were above the ground and fastened with grounding pins to insure better induction.

An ordinary local telephone transmitter and receiver were attached to either wire. When the transmitting circuit is cut in it induces the current into the receiving circuit, and when the receiving circuit is cut in it induces the circuit into the transmitting circuit. In this way the advantage of both circuits is secured without the use of wire, and as a result the conversation can be carried on much more easily and with better results.

The use of the system is not confined to water. It is available on land, if good grounding facilities can be secured. The experimenters say that they could easily converse a distance of 20 miles even with the crude instruments used.

TELLS HOW TO TRAIN BOYS.

Brooklyn Millionaire Declares Practical Business Education Is Better Than College Teaching.

Charles A. Schieren, millionaire tanner and ex-mayor of Brooklyn, gives some advice on the training of rich men's sons in an article in a local publication.

"While it is a source of gratification to me that my sons are energetic, practical business men," says Mr. Schieren, "I do not claim any credit in the matter. It happened that they had a liking for a business career and that they were not afraid of work.

"If anyone is directly responsible for the fact that all three of them are steady, hard-working, honest boys, it is their mother. She cooperated with me in every possible way. She never attempted to shield them, as is the way with some mothers. She had no secrets from me. Most important of all, she did not give them money unknown to me.

"I have tried to instill into my boys the idea that men are of no use in business unless they are practical, and I believe that it is the duty of every man who has achieved success to give his sons a practical education. The trouble with many rich fathers is that they forget how they made their money, and bring up their sons to think their whole duty is to spend money, not to earn it."

ADMIRES AMERICAN WOMEN.

Rev. P. S. Henson Says the United States Has Millions of Queens.

"In England they have but one queen; in America we have 10,000,000," said Rev. P. S. Henson, of the First Baptist church, Chicago, the other night in a talk entitled "Tracks of a Tenderfoot." His compliment to American women was applauded by about 200 of them, who were a part of his audience in the church at South Park avenue and Thirty-first street. The "tenderfoot" he talked about was himself, in a journey through Europe last summer. He devoted the most of his address to discussing his experiences in and impressions of England. He said that the loyalty of Englishmen to their queen was beautiful, and that she wielded a more imperial scepter at present than she did 60 years ago. He said he liked the way people live in London, and that it was the easiest place to get lost in that he ever saw. He added that he made full use of his privilege to get lost when he chose, but that as long as he had with him the address of his daughter's home in the city a cabman delivered him safe at her door.

AN ORIENTAL UNION.

Native Japanese and Chinese Students of University of California Effect Organization.

The native Japanese and Chinese students of the University of California have formed an organization which they expect to extend among the colleges of the United States, to include, as far as possible, all the intellectual people of their respective races in this country. The organization is called the Oriental union. It has been formed under the direction of Prof. John Fryer, of the chair of oriental languages in the university, and of O. Yoshioka, the Japanese consul at San Francisco. Its objects are to promote social intercourse and intellectual culture among its members, and to foster an accurate knowledge of oriental affairs and a mutual good understanding between orientals and occidentals.

Prevention of Advertisement.

In houses of the London nobility and at all the court functions at Windsor or any of the palaces the labels of the champagne bottles are all removed, in order that no person may be able to say that this brand of wine or the other is drunk there.

An Explanation.

The reason football accidents are so few in comparison to the number of players, says the Chicago Record, is because nothing is counted an accident unless the victim is killed on the spot.

Is there anybody that knows how about books then's a clerk in a bookstore?

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

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"The Decatur Herald has offices in New York at 230 to 234 Temple Court building, and in Chicago at 317 and 318 Unitarian Express Building. A. Santa Adversing Agency in charge.

The powers have agreed on a joint note to China. It is needless to say that American diplomacy has triumphed.

If I am so soon to be done for
What on earth was I ever begun for.
—Senator Charlie Towne.

In Indianapolis they threaten to raise the price of beer unless the war tax is taken off. Why not make the glasses smaller?

The war tax reduction bill as it passed the house will please the country. The senate will make a mistake if it makes any material change.

The enemies of the Nicaragua canal find it easier to defeat the project by amendments than by getting votes directly against it. The people demand the canal.

Col. Bryan will speak on "the future of the democratic party" at Lincoln next Monday evening. It will not take much of a prophet to do that. One word will tell the whole story—Defeat. So long as Bryanism is in the ascendancy there is no hope of success.

Does the constitution follow the flag into Porto Rico and the Philippines? That question will soon be settled by the supreme court of the United States. Cases are now being heard to determine this which so lately was supposed by some to be a political issue.

President McKinley will go to San Francisco to witness the launching of the Ohio. The event takes place next May. This great vessel is being constructed by the builder of the famous Oregon. The president will make an extensive tour of the Pacific slope.

No more important question will be before the Illinois legislature at the coming session than senatorial and congressional apportionment. It now takes about 100,000 republican majority in Illinois to secure a republican legislature. Yet democrats claim there was no gerrymander. A proper division will make it easier hereafter to control state legislation.

Congressman Hopkins has been sustained by the census committee. The bill reported is for 357, the present membership of the house of representatives. This number is too large even and thought of increasing the size of the already unwieldly body ought to be abandoned. Under this bill Illinois will gain one member. She will have 23 instead of 22.

Some of the democrats resent advice from Grover Cleveland. This is very unwise. They should bear in mind that Grove. is the only democrat for 40 years who could be elected president. Advice from such a source ought to be acceptable to those who are seeking the offices. The paramount democratic issue for a good many years has been a gnawing appetite for office.

The committee threatens to appropriate $200,000 to survey the deep water way from Chicago to St. Louis. This will mean many millions to continue Chicago's drainage ditch through the Des Plaines and Illinois to the Mississippi. Of course the matter is only of interest and profit to the few towns along the river. It looks as though they were to have enough influence to get their scheme through.

Macon county has nothing against Springfield. It loves and admires the capital of our great state. It can do all this and yet be resigned to being separated from Sangamon when the new congressional district is made. Heretofore when Springfield got through gathering in fill of plums the tree for this district was as bare as a persimmon tree in January. Macon, DeWitt, Piatt, Champaign, Douglas and Moultrie would be a happy family and do about the right thing.

Gov. Yates has requested that the usual inaugural ball be omitted. His wishes will be respected. Gov. and Mrs. Yates are consistent members of the Methodist church and can see no reason for compromising their convictions on this occasion. A governor with a conscience will be respected by all classes of people. Those who dance as well as those who do not will commend the course taken by Illinois new governor. Last summer Mr. Yates was a delegate to the general conference of the M. E. church and aided in deciding the question touching religion as they came up in that great body. The people generally believe that greater simplicity in public functions is desirable even when no religious conviction is involved.

Much of the poetry of the name is dragged out of a word applicable to this season by an unholy and iconoclastic newspaper. It says that "Yuletide" is, of course, again to the fore. It is a good enough word, euphonious and convenient. But there is no use in investing its syllables with too much glamour of mediæval poetry and romance. The cold, concrete fact is that it means the time of yelling or "yowling," not to say caterwauling. By all means let us have a merry Yuletide, but let us not "make Rome howl!" too much, nor let our Yule festivities become—as the name might imply—a katzenjammer.

A saloon war is raging in Bloomington. A saloon called the "Maine" was so bad that its license was revoked. The place changed proprietors and a new application was made. This was denied. The applicant is a big Peoria brewer and he proposes to see if an ordinary mayor and city council of no ordinary city like Bloomington can refuse to license a respectable Peoria brewer. He has, therefore, begun a suit for mandamus in the supreme court at Springfield to compel the issuance of the license. The First Methodist and First Presbyterian churches have cause to "remember the Maine." They are located within a few feet of its rear door, the business end on Sunday when services are held. These churches join with the city in fighting the application. It will be interesting to see whether the city has any discretion in issuing licenses or whether it is merely the clerk of the brewers and liquor dealers.

It will not be contended that with over 60 other saloons in full operation in Bloomington this place is needed to keep thirsty citizens from going dry.

WILL NOT BECOME EPIDEMIC.

The Springfield News is worried over an outbreak of economy way down in Egypt. It says that the trustees of the State Normal School at Carbondale seem to have lost their heads. The request they have made for support from the state when it goes before the state general assembly and which is the basis for the appropriations for the institution asks for less money than the school has heretofore been receiving. The school received some $38,000 two years ago and this year the trustees ask for only $32,000. The change is somewhat startling and the exact nature of the situation should be thoroughly investigated. The fact that the trustees might have asked for the same amount as they did two years ago and no questions would have been asked, or indeed might have followed the usual custom in such cases and have asked for an increase, and had it allowed, renders the situation very peculiar. The reform inaugurated by this state institution is impressive. What if the state university at Champaign should follow the same policy with its demand for millions What if there should be a cessation in the demand for gymnasiums which are seldom used and libraries which are used chiefly for the purpose of holding football meetings?

The prospect is demoralizing. When the average member of the state general assembly comes across such a slip in politics and public expenditure as this there will be a fainting spell. The situation is almost dangerous.

The Forward Movement.

The Forward Movement Rally in Blue Mound was opened by a lecture by Dr. Frost Crutt Tuesday evening at the Methodist church. He was greeted by a large and appreciative audience. The Forward Movement has been in progress in this church ever since conference and is manifested by conversions at the regular services. On last Sunday morning there were five persons united upon probation. The high spiritual tone of the church is largely due to the untiring efforts of their pastor, Rev. Edgar. Todays program will be strong with addresses from Dr. W. H. Wilder of Champaign, Dr. E. M. Smith, president of the Illinois Wesleyan, Rev. W. Swers, of Danville, and Dr. Horace Reed, presiding elder.

Contest for Candy.

The contest for a barrel of candy between the boys and girls of St. Thereses Academy will close on December 27, at the tabernacle. A very interesting but short program, consisting of a Christmas cantata, dialogues and several musical numbers will be rendered by the pupils of the school. Parents and friends are invited to attend. A small admission fee will be charged.

Will Hunt.

Four members of the Christian company will take to the woods today and will pass the time hunting quail, rabbits and squirrel. None of the quartette professes to be experts in the hunting line, but having a few days vacation they are hunting for fun and expect to bring back large quantities of that even if their game bags are empty.

Pension Board.

Wednesday the Decatur Pension Examining board had a six old veterans before it, all applicants for increase of pensions. They were James H. McIntire, Jacob Hanes, Darius Carter and Andrew H. Harris, of Decatur, John S. Kizer of Niantic, and William A. Hart of Cerro Gordo.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your stomach and liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by N. L. Krone, J. E. King and C. F. Shilling.

BOYS ON TRIAL

Juvenile Offenders Are Keeping the Circuit Court Busy These Days.

TWO BOYS ARE CONVICTED

Of Burglarizing the Keyl Grocery While the Third One Is Acquitted—Another Boy Case Up.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

Three of the boys who were on trial in the circuit court for robbing Keyl's grocery store were found guilty of burglary and petit larceny and one of the boys was discharged.

Joseph Watkins, James Daily and Harry Stevens were found by the jury Wednesday afternoon to be guilty but Harold Denison, better known as "The Hound" was acquitted. Denison had not made any confessions to the police and it could not be proved that he was implicated.

MORE BAD BOYS.

At the conclusion of the trial of the four boys another case in which two of the same boys were defendants was taken up. James Daily and Joseph Watkins are the two who were arrested for robbing Gottlieb Lutz, the cobbler under the Parlor meat market on Lincoln square. The charge is grand larceny. Attorney W. W. Shelley is defending the boys and State's Attorney Redmon is prosecuting. The case was started Wednesday afternoon and will probably be finished some time today.

The jury before which the case is being tried is composed of the following:

R. C. Querry, L. E. McKirahan, Christ Staab, John Nichols, John L. Hoff, Charles Veach, J. M. Griffin, R. G. Patterson, J. N. Logan, Frank Baumgardner, H. M. Park and Webb C. Foster.

OZANKOWSKI IN JAIL.

Stock Czynkowski the boy who was arrested in December for breaking into a Wabash box car and stealing some goods has been put in jail. He was out on bond and his father, Anton Czynkowski, was his surety. It seems the boy would not promise to stay in Decatur so on Wednesday evening the father appeared in court and asked to be released from the bond and surrendered his son to the sheriff. Young Czynkowski was confined in the county jail.

The entries on the dockets Wednesday were as follows:

CHANCERY.

Claudia A. Fruit, conservator, etc., vs. George F. Fruit, chancery; master's report approved, cause heard and decree as prayed.

PEOPLE'S CASES.

Joseph Watkins, Harold Dannison, Harry Stevens and James Daily, burglary and larceny; verdict that defendants Daily, Watkins and Stevens are guilty of burglary and larceny and value of property, $10; defendant Denison not guilty and discharged.

James Daily and Joseph Watkins, grand larceny; trial by jury.

ADMINISTRATOR NAMED.

For the Estate of the Late J. B. Wayne—Docket Orders.

In the county court Wednesday Charles G. Kemper was appointed administrator of the late John B. Wayne. The estate consists of a lot in Chicago and a few personal effects. The administrator gave bond in the sum of $300 with W. J. Wayne and Philip Kemper as sureties.

The will of the late Hardy Daly was filed for probate Wednesday in the county court. Judge Hammer set January 15 as the date for the hearing.

The following entries were made on the common law docket in the county court Wednesday:

James E. Osborne vs. Mrs. W. O. Mills, W. C. Mills and B. F. Stanley, confession; continued to April term.

Henry Shlaudeman vs. R. M. Bell, ac fa; Hutchinson & Lee attorneys for the plaintiff suggest the death of R. M. Bell and case continued for service.

Melissa J. Smock vs. Moses Stafford, appellant, appeal by agreement of attorneys, decree set aside.

James M. DeWitt, administrator vs. Andrew Miller, replevin; motion by defendant to set aside default and for leave to plead instanter and motion allowed.

Royal Arcanum.

At a meeting of the Royal Arcanum the following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Representative to Grand Council—Thomas Hays.
Alternate—R. I. Hunt.
Regent—F. H. Whitmer.
Vice Regent—J. A. Nolan.
Orator—Harry Hackett.
Secretary—James Stafford.
Collector—Frank Kelso.
Treasurer—R. I. Hunt.
Chaplain—Ben Freeman.
Guide—Asa Somerville.
Warden—S. F. Deets.
Sentry—Frank Faust, Jr.
Trustees—G. A. Ahrens, Arthur Dumont and Frank Evans.

The local lodge is at this time making an effort to increase the membership. At the meeting Monday night five new members were taken in.

Births.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bostob, 852 East Condit street on Wednesday, December 19, a son.

Tom Lawson's cup defender is to be a keel boat, and, of course, it will be cop bottomed. If necessary Thomas could provide copper shares sufficient to make the sails with.

A TWO CENT RATE

Efforts for Cheaper Fare in Illinois Will Be Opposed.

SLEEPING CAR COMPANIES

Will Likewise Have a Fight on Their Hands—Lobbyist Getting in Trim to Prevent Passage of Measure.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL NEWS NOTES

Lobbyists of the railroads in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, and other western states will be kept busy this winter to prevent the enactment of laws making the maximum rate for the transportation of passengers two cents a mile.

A bill is now being drawn, to be introduced in the Illinois legislature in February which, it is said, will be strongly supported by the country district members of both houses. A similar bill is being prepared to be introduced in the Indiana legislature such a bill passed the house, but was defeated in the senate. In addition to the two cents a mile bill a mileage book measure will be introduced, having for its purpose the regulation of this form of transportation.

At the same time a bill to reduce the prices to be charged on sleeping cars is to be presented. This measure, it is said, will require the sleeping car company to sell seat accommodations for a sum not to exceed 25 cents for each 100 miles traveled. The passenger by this measure shall not be required to pay more than 50 cents for a single berth nor more than $1 for a double berth, for each 100 miles traveled.

The railroads will make desperate efforts to prevent these bills from being enacted into laws. The two cents a mile bills will be resisted most energetically. If such a law is passed they say they will fight it in the courts on the ground that the rate is confiscatory and unreasonable. If they were compelled to make such a rate to everybody they say it would prevent them from granting special rates to meetings, conventions and other occasions, for most of which a rate of less than two cents a mile is now granted.

GOSSIP.

Engineer Farmer is on the sick list.

Fireman John Newkill is on the sick list.

Mrs. S. A. Fisher has gone to Toledo for a visit.

Harry Orchard, shipping clerk in the shops, is ill.

Steve Buschell is home from a visit in Minneapolis.

I. W. Gordiner has gone to St. Louis for a visit of a few days.

Caller Denny Mercer will go to work today after a few days illness.

Fireman Charles May who has been on the sick list reported for work yesterday.

Engineer Talbert and Fireman Kinney have reported for work after a few days illness.

Engineer Henry is running a passenger engine and Bob Kearns has taken his place on the 710.

Charles M. Hays, recently elected president of the Southern Pacific company, will leave next week for San Francisco to resume his new duties on January 1. H. E. Huntington, vice president, will accompany him.

E. C. Mays, Charles Watson and D. P. Cleveland are new trainmen who began work on the Wabash yesterday. The rush in railroad business is creating demand for new men and a number of others will go in within a few days.

Deeds Recorded.

W. T. Moffett to E. L. Pagram and J. C. Hostetler a tract in the west half of the northwest quarter of section 33, township 1, range 1 east $120.

Irene Hamilton to Fannie Kepler lot 4 in block 5 of Railroad addition to Maroa; $325.

Emma P. Warren to Harry H. Cren a lot in block 4 of Southwestern addition to Decatur; $300.

Mary A. Kelly to George E. Albletz, quit claim to a lot in the west half of the southeast quarter of section 30, township 16, range 3 east; $1.

Edward Seinchart to Charles Edward Palmer a tract in section 30, township, range 3 east; $2100.

William L. Patterson et al, to May L. Collins, 60 acres off the south side of the northeast quarter and 50 acres off the north side of the southeast quarter of section 11, township 14 range 1 east; $975.

Surprise Party.

Charley Morgan was pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening by a number of his young friends who gathered at the home of his sister, Mrs. George Torrence on East Prairie street, the event being Charley's 18th birthday. The evening was sent in playing games, dancing and music, refreshments being served in the dining room at 10 o'clock and at a late hour. The young folks all returned to their homes thanking Mrs. Torrence for a pleasant evening and wishing Mr. Morgan many happy returns.

New Coal Shaft.

The Christian county coal company is sinking a new shaft southwest of the city of Taylorville and the diggers have reached a depth of 440 feet. It is expected that the vein of coal will be reached in a few days.

Marriage Licenses.

Raymond Blankenship, Blue Mound, Legal
Mary E. Sheehan, Decatur township, Legal
William Heren, Tolono 24
Carrie Mummaw, Blue Mound 22

SEALED PURSES.

Cities in Thirteenth Congressional District Arrange for Fairs.

Representatives of the Champaign, Farmer City, Homer, Monticello, Saybrook and Leroy fair associations met in Monticello and took the preliminary steps toward organizing the thirteenth congressional district circuit. After careful consideration and lengthy discussion the following dates were suggested as being the best that could be arranged for the circuit and recommended to the several societies for approval:

Clinton—August 5 to 9.
Monticello—August 12 to 16.
Leroy—August 19 to 23.
Homer—August 19 to 23.
Farmer City—August 26 to 30.
Champaign—September 2 to 6
Saybrook—September 9 to 12.

The sentiment of the meeting was favorable to purses not exceeding $300 and to closing entries on Monday at 12 o'clock, midnight, of week preceding each fair; records made on or after such Monday to be no bar.

It was moved and carried that all horses starting in races be given stall rent free, but that straw be charged for. A motion prevailed that the conference recommend to each of the fairs of this proposed circuit that the new plan of each race a heat as recommended by the American Trotting association be adopted—winner of the first heat to get first money and to go to the barn; winner of second heat to get second money and go to the barn; winner of third heat to get third money, go to the barn, and the winner of fourth heat to get fourth money.

A motion was made and approved that each fair make uniform purses of $300 for each and every harness race, and it was recommended that the circuit be called The $300 Circuit.

AS SIMPLE AS POSSIBLE,

Outline for the Inauguration of Governor Elect Yates.

At a meeting held in the Leland hotel preliminary steps were taken in preparation for the inauguration of Judge Yates. Dr. William Jayne of Springfield, presided at the meeting, and was made chairman of the general committee on arrangements, which will consist of the chairmen of the various sub-committees, as follows:

Reception, Gov. Tanner; finance, F. W. Tracy, Springfield; invitation, Fred H. Rowe, Jacksonville; social, George N. Black, Springfield; military, Col. J. S. Culver, Springfield; statehouse program, Col. James H. B. Vanckove, Springfield; transportation, E. A. Hall, Springfield.

It was agreed that the members of the state central committee should comprise a portion of the reception committee, and Chairman Jayne was empowered to complete the personnel of the committees.

Gov. Tanner who issued the call for the convention, opened the meeting. He stated that Governor-elect Yates had expressed a desire that the ceremony attending his inauguration be without ostentation, but in keeping with the dignity of the occasion and the age and the high position occupied by the great commonwealth of Illinois. He had voiced a preference for the omission of the usual inaugural ball, and his wish will be respected.

Governor and Mrs. Tanner will meet the incoming governor and his wife at the Leland hotel shortly before noon, and the four will be driven together to the state house, where the retiring and incoming governors will make their respective addresses. A reception, either at the state house or the executive mansion, will follow in the evening.

Caldwell's Idea

Special Washington despatch to Chicago Tribune: "In my judgment no legislation should be enacted which will reduce the congressional representation, said Mr. Caldwell of Illinois. "It will be a difficult matter to get such a measure through and already there are indications of the formation of combinations to defeat the measure providing for 357 members and which reduces the membership of eight states. I would like to see the membership increased to 381, as then Illinois would gain three members. Of course, the size of the hall of the house will not permit of a large increase, but I am in favor of making it large enough, so as not to cut down the number of congressmen from any one state."

Fine Residence Burns.

The fine suburban home of J. G. Sawin at Mattoon burned Tuesday, the house and contents being a total loss partly covered by insurance. The loss above insurance, is estimated at $5000.

PERSON.

W. B. McClure spent Sunday with his family at Kansas, Ill.

Mrs. W. T. Godwin, son and daughter of Decatur visited E. L. Kennor a few days last week.

Mrs. J. H. Shelton visited her daughter, Mrs. B. T. Kagey at Monticello from Tuesday till Friday of last week.

Benj. Langrebe and wife of Centralia moved back on Friday of last week.

John Davis and wife of Cadwell visited the former's sister, Mrs. P. L. Fuson here Sunday.

Harry Cooley of Tuscola, visited Charlie Wilson over Sunday.

John Sumans and wife did shopping in Decatur Saturday.

The Baptist church will give a tree and entertainment on Tuesday night.

Rev. A. G. Miller is assisting in a meeting at Kentoul this week.

P. L. Fuson is at home with his family till after the holidays. Dec. 19.

TODD'S POINT.

Robert Pierce of Bloomington is the guest of A. Alward.

John Dawson of Woodstock, Ontario, the owner of the farm rented by Wm. Perry, returned home Monday.

Sales are advertised this week on the farms of Melville Perry and Doctor Mitchell respectively. Mrs. Ed Silver of Sullivan the auctioneer in both instances.

The oyster supper held last Saturday in behalf of the M. E. church was fairly well attended and resulted in the establishment of a fund for current expenses. Dec. 8.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

$500 REWARD

We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by Johnson Bros. and A. E. Blaine at Decatur, Ill.

COLE SHOE STORE.

Make a Note of It:

Not a Boot, Shoe or Rubber sold in this store at any advance over a year ago. We buy in quantities and buy right.

We carry the largest stock—sell the most goods—prices lower, values better than elsewhere.

Large line of Women's Shoes at $3, $2.50, $2.15, $2, $1.75, $1.69, $1.49, $1.39, $1.24 and..... 98c

Hanan's for Men.

Regent, Rugby and Franklin for Men.

Work Shoes for Men—Seamless—Kan't Rip Also Boots—large variety, $2.50, $2, $1.79, $1.69, $1.50, $1.39, $1.24 **$1.04**

Low Prices on Boys' and Youth's Shoes. Also Misses' and Children's.

Felt Boots—Felts and Overs—large line, big assortment—two buckle and one buckle—$2.75, $2.50, $2.39, $2 and..... **$1.79**

Arctics for Men, Women and Children—$1.65, 1.40, 1.25, 1.14, 1, 84c, 75c, 49c **39c**

We believe in good goods at low prices—large sales, small profits—big volume of business. Satisfaction always guaranteed.

We do fine shoe repairing—keep two shoe makers and keep them busy. Do good work, use best of stock, prices are right. Rips sewed and soles tacked free.

We Give Green Trading Stamps---ask for them.

FRANK H. COLE SHOE CO.

148 EAST MAIN-ST.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

STORIA

Always Bought, and which has been years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. tations and "Just-as-good" are but ments and endanger the health of en—Experience against Experiment.

is CASTORIA

less substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It ains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its guarantee. It destroys Worms Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic, allays Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

ASTORIA ALWAYS

ears the Signature of

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n Have Always Bought

For Over 30 Years.

REWARD

offered for any case of Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation Jaundice we cannot cure with

-to-Date Little Liver Pills

Safe and never fail to give satisfaction. Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c Beware of substitutions and imitations. taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner ts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by

HOE STORE.

ote of It: Not a Boot, Shoe or Rubber sold in this over a year ago. We buy in ght.

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Shoes for Women.

All leathers—All styles.

ONE PRICE $3.00

STYLE SHOE. Superior to most $3.50 lines.

's Shoes at $3, $2.50, $2.15, $1.39, $1.24 and..... 98c

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for Men—Seamless—Kan't Rip Also Boots—large va- $1.60, $1.50, $1.39, $1.24 $1.04

Boys' and Youth's Shoes.

ses' and Children's.

lts and Overs—large line, big assortment—two buckle and 50, $2.39, $2 and..... $1.79

Women and Children— 0, 1.25, 1.14, 1, 84c, 75c, 49c 39c

low prices—large sales small profits—big fact on always guaranteed. eep two shoe makers and keep them busy l stock, prices are right, Rips sewed and

ading Stamps---ask for them.

COLE SHOE CO.

EAST MAIN-ST.

SONS OF BIG MEN

Relatives of Others Tell Stories of Hazing at West Point

SON OF GEN. PHIL. SHERIDAN

Can Recite Lines From Famous Poem and Do Foolish Things.

YOUNG HOBSON TESTIFIED

Witnesses Say There Was Nothing Brutal or Degrading.

West Point, Dec. 19—Some interesting testimony was brought out today by the inquiry which is investigating the hazing of cadets at the military school in connection with the death of former Cadet Booze.

Twenty cadets were examined during the day. One was a brother of Lieutenant R. P. Hobson of the Merrimac and a son of Gen. Phil Sheridan. One was the third Mark Brooke of Pennsylvania, a nephew of Gen Brooke, president of the court. All three told of hazing they got during the early part of 1898 at the time Booze was hazed and not one of them testified that they received or things they saw were either brutal or degrading. In every instance the witnesses said the more brutal forms of hazing had ceased.

The examination of cadets who were in the same class with the late Oscar L. Booze at the military academy here in 1898, was continued today by the inquiry. Fourteen of Booze's class, number 69, testified in the proceedings and each of them said brutality practiced at the time of Booze's hazing was corroborated by Lieut. Raymond L. Lintor, of the 4th Cavalry, Stephen Abbott of Illinois, who testified that Booze was not treated brutally as far as he knew.

Albert H. Dockery of Mississippi, referred at length on the military academy prohibiting hazing. General Garlington read an extract from the United States military regulations, prohibiting everything which could be construed into hazing. The witness stated these regulations were violated.

Charles M. H. Ely of Pennsylvania described several forms of hazing which he had witnessed but which he said had been discontinued two years ago. They seem to have been trivial and not to involve serious injury.

John K. Herr of New Jersey, who was one of Booze's seconds at his fight with Keller, testified:

"The men put up their hands and Keller landed a blow on Booze's face. The latter turned his head away. He tried to avoid Keller who said Booze had quit. Then Booze went down from a blow, and did not want to get up. He did get up but went down again several times, and wanted to quit. Keller hit him in the body but not hard enough to knock him down. Booze dropped down. He cried and said he would give up. He was not knocked out. He just laid down."

After the fight I told Booze that his friends were cowardly, and were no better than others, and he could remove the stain by fighting another upper class man of his own size or smaller, but he refused to do so. Booze had a bad reputation."

Frank M. Cooper, a cadet of the second class, of North Carolina, said that on one occasion he was compelled to take a cold bath. It was in the summer.

Robert James B. Stobbs, Jr., of Texas, said that he had seen Booze after the fight walking down the company street with a smile on his face. The agreement among the classes over a year ago to abolish hazing was brought about by the publication of some reports of hazing which appeared at that time.

Cadet Adam F. Cassel of Kansas, testified that Booze was unpopular on account of cowardly conduct in his fight.

Cadet John A. Cleveland of Alabama, said he was hazed in 1897 when he first came to the academy.

Cadet Philip H. Sheridan of Illinois, said he did not know enough about Booze to form an opinion of him or have any feeling towards him. When asked if he had seen if he had ever been hazed, with one accord they said, "Yes, sir." When asked what was that taken? asked General Clous.

"From Sheridan's ride," sir, said the young fellow proudly.

What else were you asked to do?

"Oh, some foolish things such as riding bareback on lies and sitting in washbowls in the company streets."

Do you think these acts humiliated you? asked Clous.

No sir, they were not humiliating, although I did not like to do some of them.

Cadet Troupp Miller of Georgia, had to recite poetry or prose from memory. He had to do certain exercises, and while he did not enjoy doing them, they had no ill effects.

Lawrence V. Frazier of Wisconsin said he knew nothing of Booze further than that he was a member of the same class.

Bailey D. Valliant of Arkansas, knew Booze was not very popular but the witness never knew of his being hazed. He knew if was hazed.

Cadet Parry L. Hodges of Virginia, said he as well as many other fourth class men, lost weight at the beginning of the encampment in 1898 but at the close he had gained weight.

John A. Shannon, of Minnesota, said there were about five fights between the fourth and the upper class men during the camp of 1898.

Cadet William Davis of Georgia, said he had to go through exercises frequently and was tired by the efforts.

Cadet Benjamin F. Miller of Virginia, said hot candle grease had been dropped on his feet and the same was done to Booze. It did not hurt.

Samuel Frankenberger of West Virginia said he had been hazed by exercising, bracing and other methods, some of which hurt. He was a Jew, but he was not annoyed on account of his religion.

Fred W. Hinrichs, of New York, said he was hazed, but not hurt. He said Booze, before he left the academy, was suffering from weak eyes. He said the man who would not fight when 'called out' would be looked down on.

B. O. Mahaffey of Texas, said Booze was unpopular on account of cowardice.

Walter K. Wilson of Tennessee, had had his feet inspected and many other little things, but it did him no harm.

James M. Hobson, Jr., of Alabama, a brother of Richmond Pearson Hobson, said Booze was disliked for his lack of physical courage. Hobson had to climb a pole of a tent, stand on his head in a bath tub with water in it, and other little ordeals which his classmates had to go through.

Burt Phillips of Ohio told about the hazing in 1898.

The last five witnesses called this evening were: Francis Langley of Illinois, W. A. McCain of Mississippi; William W. Edwards of Missouri; Ned B. Rehkopf of Iowa, C. M. Allen of Ohio. All told about the same story of the hazing in 1898, and were a unit as to the question of religion never being considered in the treatment of the men.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

STILL ANOTHER ONE.

Congressional Committee Will Dig into Booze Matter.

Washington, Dec. 19.—A special committee appointed by Speaker Henderson to investigate the circumstances connected with the death of Oscar L. Booze who is alleged to have died as a result of injuries received from hazing while a cadet at West Point today decided to enter upon an investigation immediately after the holiday recess. The committee will meet in Philadelphia Jan. 3 and go thence the next day to Bristol, Pa., the home of the young man's parents. Thence the committee will go to West Point. The committee also will investigate the general subject of hazing sufficiently to make an intelligent recommendation to congress. Chairman Dick will call upon the secretary of war for a transcript of all testimony before the military board which is now making an independent inquiry.

JEFF AND RUHLIN TO MEET.

Heavy Weights Sign for Fight at Cincinnati.

New York, Dec. 19.—James J. Jeffries and Gus Ruhlin today signed articles of agreement to box 20 rounds, Marquis of Queensberry rules, at Snenefrest hall, Cincinnati, February 15. The men agree to wear gloves not exceeding five ounces in weight and to accept George Siler as referee. The management of the hall agrees to pay the men 55 per cent of the gross receipts, and this will be divided 75 per cent to the winner and 25 per cent to the loser. The contestants will also receive 50 per cent of all revenues derived from the exhibition pictures taken at the bout. Jeffries and Ruhlin agree to post $2,500 as an evidence of good faith, and the management of the hall agrees to post the same amount to guarantee the contract will not be interfered with by the mayor of Cincinnati, governor of Ohio or any one else. All other stipulations of the agreement will be governed by the agreement already existing between Jeffries and Ruhlin.

ACCEPT MODIFICATION.

All the Powers Have Agreed to the Joint Note.

Pekin, Dec. 19.—At a meeting of foreign ministers tonight everything in regard to the terms of the joint note was agreed to including the British modifications. The ministers refuse to disclose anything in connection with the matter, believing the home governments should give the particulars to the public.

Saved by Russians.

Brussels, Dec. 19—The following dated Vladivostok the 18th was received at the headquarters of the Schaut Missions here: In the district of Pin all our interests have been entirely destroyed, except the Episcopal residence. The bishop and nineteen Belgian missionaries, four Chinese priests, and 3000 Christians were saved by the arrival of Russian troops.

Commander Stein with a flying column, arrived first, October 26 and made a heroic defense for five days. During the terrible siege he lost in the dead and wounded one-third of his force. Although twice wounded he refused to leave his post until the arrival of reinforcements.

France Offers a Cross of Honor

Paris, Dec. 19.—The French government has given a most emphatic denial to those French papers which tried to involve the American embassy in Paris as to disclosures in connection with the United States war department's knowledge of French gun secrets, by offering the Cross of the Legion of Honor to Lieut. W. S. Sims, former naval attache at Paris, whom the Le Presse described as a person guilty of disclosing the gun secrets. As the lieutenant is a government official he will be unable to accept the honor without the consent of congress.

Holland Not Bound.

The Hague, Dec. 19.—Baron von Goltsein Van Oldenallar, minister of the Netherlands in London, has notified the British government that as the Netherlands are not a party to the frontier dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela the government of the Netherlands cannot consider itself bound by a Paris arbitration award demarcating Anglo-Dutch frontier.

TALK IS ENDED

Senators Have Nothing More to Say on the Treaty.

AND WILL VOTE ON IT TODAY

An Indefinite Description Likely to Lose Us Two Philippine Islands.

NOT COVERED BY TREATY

To Get Them Now Will Cost Us One Hundred Thousand.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Today's executive session of the senate demonstrated that the discussion of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty by that body was practically exhausted, and that the senate was ready for a vote, which had been fixed for tomorrow. When, upon Mr. Lodge's motion, the doors were closed today he called up the treaty and no senator evinced a desire to speak upon it.

Mr. Lodge asked the senate to take up the treaty with Spain, providing for cession to the United States of the Philippine Islands of Sloutu and Cagayan Zulu and their dependencies in consideration of the payment to Spain of a hundred thousand. Objection to this request was made by several senators, including Messrs. Hoar, Wellington and Bacon, and Lodge, with the hope of removing any objections made, went into brief explanation of terms of negotiation. He explained that the islands are comprised in the Philippine group and said they were supposed to have been ceded by Spain in the Paris treaty and the United States had taken possession of the islands under this supposition. It was soon found that definite lines of our acquisition were fixed by treaty cut both of them out. It is the rule of law, he explained, that a definite boundary description always supersedes indefinite description, hence, in order to leave no doubt of our ownership the treaty for the cession of these islands had been negotiated and he believed that the United States would be saved much trouble in the future by consummating the bargain. He characterized the proceeding as in the nature of a title quieting process. Mr. Lodge also called attention to the fact that one of the islands was directly on the line of communication with Borneo and the Straits, and he drew the conclusion that some day it might be important as a cable station.

Mr. Hoar and Mr. Bacon said they should like to have more time to consider the question. Mr. Wellington made unqualified objection. Accordingly the treaty was laid aside for time being.

RAILWAY LEGISLATION.

Congress Compels Pennsylvania and B. & O. to Build Stations.

Washington, Dec. 19—The house today at the end of a spirited contest extending over two days, passed bills to compel the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio railroads to abolish the grade crossings, alter their routes into the city and change their terminal facilities. An amendment was placed upon the Pennsylvania bill to require the road to build a new station to cost not less than $1,500,000. The bills were vigorously antagonized by a portion of the minority under the leadership of Mr. Cowherd of Missouri, on the ground that they were too liberal to the roads.

When the house met consideration of the bill to change the terminal facilities of the Pennsylvania road in this city was resumed, the opposition having agreed to abandon the dilatory tactics, which caused the house to take a recess last night, thus continuing the legislative day of Tuesday.

After protracted contest the bill was favorably reported to the house, after the adoption of an amendment requiring the road to build a new station at a cost of not less than $1,500,000. A similar bill to require the Baltimore & Ohio railway to change its route into the city and to build a new station was taken up. The latter bill appropriated $1,500,000 outright for the road in consideration of the changes it would be compelled to make.

The Baltimore & Ohio bill was also favorably reported. When the committee came and reported the bills to the house, Mr. Cowherd, of Missouri, who led the opposition moved to recommit the Pennsylvania railroad bill with instructions to report it back with such modifications as would compel the railroad to remove its depot and tracks from the public mall. The motion lost 69 to 113.

The bill then passed 163 to 71. The Baltimore & Ohio bill then passed on a viring vote of 151 to 49. At 5:25 the house adjourned.

UPHOLD PINGREE.

Supreme Court of Michigan Holds Marsh's Pardon Legal.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 19.—The supreme court this afternoon unanimously overruled the demurrer filed by Attorney General Oren to Gen. Arthur F. Marsh's plea for the dismissal of the pending appeal from his conviction in the circuit court on the charge of complicity in the state military frauds. The court holds that Governor Pingree's pardon of Marsh, under which Marsh asked for a dismissal of the case, is valid. The Oren demurrer alleged the pardon defective.

The opinion upholding the pardon was unanimous. Justice Moore, who delivered the opinion, held that though the supreme court had not affirmed the finding of the jury in the lower court, there had been a conviction within the meaning of the constitution, and therefore it was the governor's right to pardon. The court also held the governor had not exceeded his authority in directing that Marsh should pay a fine to the state and that in accepting the pardon the condition went with it. Consequently it was possible to enforce the collection of the fine.

HOME FROM WAR.

Demonstration Made in Honor of Salisbury's Son.

London, Dec. 20.—Lord Edward Cecil second son of Marquis of Salisbury, returned to Hatfield house last evening from South Africa. He was welcomed by Lord Salisbury, Lord and Lady Lansdowne, Arthur Balfour, George Wyndham and Lord Selborne. All were surrounded by the tenantry of the estate bearing torches.

The war office last evening could give no information regarding the reports of Boer invasion of Cape Colony. The officials expressed the opinion, however, that newspaper accounts were exaggerated and probably the troops who had been employed chasing Gen DeWet would be diverted to deal with invaders. Having regard to the customary methods of the war office, this can only be interpreted as confirming the reports.

Lord Kitchener, in the meantime, keeps a tight rein over the news, which increases the public disquietude. There is persistent rumors he has demanded heavy reinforcements.

According to the Daily Mail private telegrams were received in London yesterday depicting the situation in Cape Colony as somewhat ominous. It seems the invading Boers are receiving considerable assistance from the local Dutch and troops at the disposal of the British authorities are not sufficient to cope with very serious spread of military operations. It is believed the government has at last awakened to the seriousness of the situation and is making the utmost efforts to provide Kitchener with horses and mules.

ALMOST NEW BILL.

Senate Committee Makes Changes in Army Measure.

Washington, Dec. 19—The full committee on military affairs of the senate held a special meeting this afternoon, and after a two hours' sitting adopted a recommendation of the sub-committee on the army reorganization bill. The bill will be reported to the senate tomorrow.

The sub-committee reports a complete substitute for the house bill. Probably the most important changes is in the provision regarding the artillery arm of the service. The sub-committee recommends the retention of the present regimental organization of the artillery and does not give its assent to the corps organization proposed by Secretary Root and accepted by the house. In the matter of appointment of staff officers the bill follows largely the lines of recommendations made by Secretary Root. The house canteen provision was amended so as to permit the sale of beer at canteens. This exception is made by omitting the word "beer" from the prohibited articles.

PASTOR DIXON LOST OUT.

Decision of Judge Fessenden in the Boston Divorce Case.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 19.—Judge Fessenden today filed his decision in the divorce proceedings of Rev. Dr. Joseph K. Dixon, formerly pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist church of this city, and his wife, Annie, entering a decree in favor of Mrs. Dixon on the ground of adultery. The libel suit of Dixon against his wife on charges of cruelty was dismissed as unproven.

Mrs. Ella M. Ammerman, widow of former Congressman Ammerman, of Pennsylvania, who died some months ago, was named as correspondent by Mrs. Dixon.

The decision rendered today, it is said, will play an important part in the contest over the will left by Mrs. Ammerman, which bequeathed $55,000 to Dixon. Relatives of the woman will contest the bill on the ground of alleged undue influence.

Collisions in a Fog.

Ashland, Ky., Dec. 19.—During a heavy fog this morning two electric cars, both well filled with passengers, collided in the heart of the city. Two motormen were probably fatally injured and the conductor and a dozen passengers hurt, none seriously except Mrs. Annie C. Korr, of Normal, Ky., who may die. Both cars were totally wrecked.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 19.—Two electric cars on the Greenfield and Indianapolis interurban line collided headon this morning near Jim, Ind. Emory Scott and John Glasscock, motormen, were fatally injured. Six passengers were badly hurt. A heavy fog prevented the motorman from seeing the danger.

A Flagman at Fault.

Joliet Ill., Dec. 19.—Through the negligence of a flagman two freight trains on the Chicago & Alton collided at Drummond early today, injuring five trainmen and killing 15 head of cattle and 30 hogs. Fireman Charles Linas, of Bloomington, had his shoulder broken. Others were less seriously hurt.

Scandinavians Killed.

Boston, Dec. 19.—News has been received by Prof. Fridolf Rinberg at the Scandinavian Alliance Mission of North America from Missionary Fridstrom in China that all Scandinavian missionaries to Mongolia have been killed, including Carl Johan Suber, of Boston.

Ratify the Engagement.

Madrid, Dec. 19.—In the senate today the royal message read yesterday by Premier Azcarraga, announcing the marriage at an early date of Princess of Asturias, heiress presumptive to the throne, with Prince Charles, second son of Count of Caserta, was adopted 157 to 49.

Prize Fight Permits Revoked.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—Mayor Harrison today revoked all permits for prize fights issued prior to the passage of the anti-fight ordinance by the city council Monday night.

HIS COMPARISON

If Constitution So Binds America That Country Can't Expand.

IS LIKE MISSHAPEN RICHARD

And Makes Nation's Laugh at Us as We Go Halting By

GRIGGS' STRONG POINTS

Continues His Argument in Supreme Court on Porto Rican Case.

Washington, Dec. 19—In the United States supreme court today Attorney General Griggs resumed his argument in the cases involving the status of Porto Rico and the Philippines. The attorney general elaborated the points enunciated yesterday. One of these to which special attention was given was the distinction between organized territories and unorganized territory under the jurisdiction of the United States. Griggs took up territory after territory, showing in each case that it, the territory, came under the operation of the laws of the United States by an act of congress specifically extending the laws to the territory and not ex-proprio vigore. But the act went no further than "organized territories," and could not be interpreted to mean that expanse of territory may belong to or be under the jurisdiction of the United States without being a part of the United States. Over seventy different islands and countries are entirely unorganized. Guano islands were cited in support of the proposition and keys and groups of islands have been thus taken possession of and made for such special purposes the property of the United States. They enjoy certain privileges under the laws of the United States and the supreme court has recognized their status but they are not a part of the United States.

Turning from his books, Griggs exclaimed: "Why should this government be considered to have less freedom of action in this matter than other nations? Why are we so tied and bound that we are never to secure the fruits of a victory, never to acquire an island of the sea, a bolt across an isthmus, a station for a naval base, unless at the cost of admitting those inhabiting the soil to the full rights as citizens of the United States? Did our forefathers hamper us like that? If so, this constitution is as misshapen as Richard Hunchback, 'sent into this world before his time, scarce half made up, and that so lamely and unfashionable, that nations laugh at us as we halt by.'

Griggs thought it safe to say when the laws were once extended to territories no inviolable contract was created and could not be broken. Griggs said congress at the last session, in effect, declared the existing tariff laws were applicable against the goods of Porto Rico. This was in the act of last March, remitting on Porto Rico certain duties collected under existing law. This, Griggs declared, was the assertion by both branches of the present congress of that tariff act, which was the existing law that operated against Porto Rico.

Griggs claimed that congress could so exempt the territories from laws as to give them privileges not enjoyed by the states, and in fact territories had been for years exempted from internal revenue and direct taxes.

MISTAKE IN TRANSMISSION

Causes Minister Conger to Do Contrary to Instructions.

Washington, Dec. 19.—It is now learned the entire misunderstanding which delayed the consummation of the agreement at Pekin was caused by a change or omission of a single digit in the complex group of figures making one of the cipher messages of instruction to Conger. The change in this single digit exactly reversed the meaning of the entire message, so that Conger in opposing the English view, was acting exactly contrary to the spirit of his instructions, though in accordance with their letter.

Starch Company Must Answer.

Lincoln, Dec. 19.—A summons was issued from the supreme court today commanding the sheriff of Otoe county to notify the Argo Manufacturing company, United Starch company and National Starch company to have an answer filed with the supreme court by January 4 in the suit of the state against their companies for alleged violations of the anti-trust laws. If the answers are not filed by that time the request of the attorney general will be granted and an order issued nullifying the transfer of the property.

Fires Yesterday.

Philadelphia, Dec. 19—The establishment of the Franklin Baker company, manufacturers of shredded coconut and oil was badly damaged by fire tonight. The loss is $150,000, fully insured. Several firemen were hurt.

Columbus S. C., Dec. 19—The Jerome hotel, three large mercantile establishments and four smaller ones burned tonight. The loss is $150,000; insurance $50,000.

No Game.

University, Cal., Dec. 19—Manager Hutchinson of the football team, says California will play no Christmas football game. The University of Iowa eleven was willing to meet California Christmas in San Francisco and New Years in Los Angeles, but the Berkeley men have decided it was too late to make proper arrangements.

SON OF CUDAHAY

Kidnapped From His Parents on Tuesday at Omaha, Nebraska.

THE BOY IS ABOUT FIFTEEN

Father Offers to Pay Well And Ask No Question If He's Released.

NOTE FROM UNKNOWN MAN

Says Boy is Safe and Will be Delivered for $25,000.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 19.—Edward Cudahy, Jr., 15 years of age, the son of Edward A. Cudahy, the millionaire, head of the Cudahy Packing company, is missing since 8 o'clock last night and his parents believe he has been kidnapped. The entire police and detective force of the city and 50 employes of the Cudahy Packing company have been scouring the city and country throughout the day without success. Business at Cudahy's packing plant at South Omaha is practically suspended today. The father offered to pay a substantial reward and no questions asked if his son is returned. At 9 o'clock it is morning a man rode on horseback rapidly by the Cudahy mansion and threw a letter into the yard. It said in substance.

"E. A. Cudahy. Your son is safe. We have him and will take good care of him. We will return him to you in consideration of the payment of $25,000. We mean business. Jack.

The police have a good description of the man on horseback and are working on this clue.

RETURNED HOME.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 20—Young Cudahy was returned home secretly at 1 a. m. Mrs. Cudahy announced he had been abducted but is safe and sound. She refused to say anything about a ransom.

SOUNDS A WARNING.

General MacArthur Issues a Proclamation.

Manila, Dec. 19—Tomorrow Gen. MacArthur will issue a proclamation warning the inhabitants of the archipelago that hereafter a strict compliance with the laws of war will be required of non-combatants as well as combatants. The proclamation will refer to the recent proclamations issued by the insurgent commanders threatening the natives who are friendly to the American forces and also to orders issued by their men to kidnap and assassinate residents of towns occupied by the Americans. The insurgent leaders will be notified that such practices if continued will put an end to the possibility of their resuming normal civic relations and make them fugitive criminals.

The residents of the places occupied by the Americans will be notified that compliance with the demands of the enemy will create a presumption that such acts are voluntary and malicious.

The newspapers will be warned against publishing seditious proclamations and declare the rebels who are not a part of the organized force are not entitled to the privileges of prisoners of war. The proclamation closely disavows any recognition of technical belligerency.

NO SYMPATHY STRIKE.

Santa Fe Men Decide Not to Help Telegraphers.

Chicago, Dec. 19—A committee representing the engineers, firemen, conductors and trainmen of the Santa Fe railway system decided tonight that they would not advise a strike in sympathy with the telegraphers. The committee, consisting of J. F. Roode, Irving Wellman, representing the engineers; Thomas Burke, the firemen; R. G. Scott, the trainmen and W. W. Hutton, the conductors, issued a statement, which in part says: "At the request of the telegraphers we have endeavored to bring about a satisfactory settlement of their differences with the company. After a careful and thorough investigation of the causes that led to the controversy, listening to the statements of telegraphers, and also the statements from Mr. Barr, third vice president of the road, we wish to say that while we regret we are not able to bring about a settlement we also wish to advise the members of organizations represented by us that the labors of the committee are completed and the attitude of our members will be neutral during the existence of the present controversy.

Our meeting with Mr. Barr was a pleasant, one, he expressing a desire to maintain friendly relations with the labor organizations as long as they were conducted on business principles."

DANGER TO AMERICANS.

Alarming Cablegram Regarding the Venezuela Rebellion.

New York, Dec. 19—A cablegram from Caracas was received today by Vice President Andrews of the National Asphalt company, concerning the revolution in Venezuela. It asserts the situation is extremely desperate as regards Americans and their property. A general attack the cablegram says, is being planned upon all American interests in Venezuela, and it succor in a prompt despatch of warships by the United States government is not forthcoming at once the results may prove disastrous.

British Loss.

London, Dec. 20.—The British losses at Nooitgedacht, according to official accounts, were 82 killed and wounded and 44 missing.

J. P. FARIS' DEER

Creates a Sensation When h Reaches South Water Street, Chicago.

BRINGS OUT VALUABLE FACTS

Inter-Ocean Informs its Readers Tha the Animals Still Run Wild in Parts of Macon County.

GAME WARDEN IS ALSO GULLIBLE

The Chicago Inter Ocean of Wednesday contained the following which was read with interest by a number of Decatur people:

The first seizure under the special act for the protection of deer in Illinois was made yesterday, when Deputy Game Warden Harry Edenborough found a carcass of venison at the store of A. M. Mullen, No. 243 South Water street. The special act passed by the last general assembly, prohibits the slaying of deer for a period of five years from the date of its passage, under heavy penalties. The venison had been billed from Niantic, Macon county, by J. P. Faris to the South Water street firm mentioned, and it is supposed to have been killed somewhere near Niantic.

Central Illinois has only 200 to 400 deer, the survivors of the great herd that once roamed through the state. This little herd is now hemmed in on swampland in Macon and Sullivan counties, and it was fast disappearing when the legislature came to its rescue. The penalties provided include all concerned in the transaction. The slayer is liable to a fine of $25 and costs. The shipper, the consignee and the carrier transporting one of the prohibited carcasses are each liable to a fine of $5 a pound or imprisonment for ten days, or both. The venison seized came over the Wabash railroad, under cargo of the United States Express company.

Game Commissioner Loveday learned a few days ago that a small herd of deer had appeared in the vicinity of Niantic, and gave special instructions that efforts should be made to carry out the law. The fact that no previous violations had occurred since the law was passed, two years ago, is believed to have been due to the vigilance of the game commissioner and his wardens. The venison seized was placed in cold storage and will be sold under the direction of the criminal court to some hospital or other charitable institution.

The Audubon society is co-operating with Commissioner Loveday in his efforts to enforce the law.

Friends of Mr. Faris in this city say that he has for a number of years owned a few tame deer and that he has probably killed and shipped one of these to Chicago markets. There are a number of men in Macon county who have small deer parks. T. J. Scroggins has for a number of years had the pretty animals and W. O. Brelsford of Illini township now has a herd of sixteen.

The amusing part of the item locally, is the gullibility of the reporter on the Chicago paper who has been led to believe that deer still roam unmolested in the fastnesses of the forests and the wilds of the Illinois plains. Seemingly he does not understand that the country outside of the interior towns in the Central part of the state is as closely populated as is certain parts of Cook county. His geography is also bad. The Sullivan county referred to is undoubtedly meant for Sangamon county. The connection that no has discovered will very likely be easily explained by Mr. Faris when he is called on. While deer are mentioned in the game laws the fact is that there are no deer in the state except those in captivity. Illinois men, Mr. Faris included, often travel hundreds of miles to get to sections of the country where deer still run wild, and he would not be doing that if he had the game at his back yard, as the Chicago newspaper man has been led to believe. The reporter is excusable, however. Chicago people don't know a great deal, after all. During the recent fat stock show the students in the public schools were taken to the pavilion in a body. The great majority of them had never seen a cow, a steer, a horse or a pig and they had more fun than they could have possibly have had by attending Barnum's show. If they were ever to get as far away from home as Decatur or Springfield, they would probably ask for a guide and be in fear of an Indian uprising.

FREEMAN CONFESSES.

Killed His Wife and Burned His Home to Hide Crime.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Dec. 19.—John Freeman, of Katherville today confessed to murdering his wife and firing the house to cover his crime. He quarreled with her and struck her on the head with a shoe, chloroformed her, wrapped her in a blanket, saturated the clothing and house with gasoline, set fire to it with a match. He was preparing to flee when the neighbors arrived detained him until the officers arrived. Freeman, it is said, married his wife for her money and after getting everything he could was preparing to flee

Buried Alive.

Chadron, Neb., Dec. 19—Three men were today buried alive beneath thirty-five feet of earth in an irrigation canal. Their names are T. G. Burns, Staunch Burns and Woody Litchfield. T. G. Burns was a wealthy ranch and sheep owner. It is thought the men cannot survive until released.

As to Letter Distribution.

One of the Berlin reviews publishes a calculation on the number of letters distributed annually throughout the world. It gives the total as 12,000,000,000. Of these, it says, 3,000,000,000 are in English, 1,200,000,000 in German, 1,600,000,000 in French, 220,000,000 in Italian, 120,000,000 in Spanish, 100,000,000 in Dutch, 80,000,000 in Russian, and 24,000,000 in Portuguese. The Anglo-Saxon is for the present very well in front.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

WEDS FIRST LOVE

Miss Lora Trueblood, Daughter of a Minister Creates a Sensation.

THE INVITATIONS WERE OUT

For Her Marriage to Charles Dillard But She Runaway and Married J. L. Jones.

SHE WAS WELL KNOWN IN DECATUR

These friends of Miss Lora Trueblood and Mr. Charles Dillard who have received invitations to the marriage of the couple which was to have occurred on Christmas day might as well put away their party dresses and give up all idea of going. Not because Miss Lora has decided not to marry but because she changed her mind about the groom and instead of waiting until Christmas day and wedding Dillard she eloped to Sullivan Monday and married John L. Jones, of Paola, Ind.

The bride is the daughter of Rev. Trueblood and wife of Dalton City, formerly pastor of the United Brethren church in this city. The first intimation the Decatur friends had of the wedding was in the following telegram received by Mrs. Thomas H. Wells, of 501 Central avenue.

"Dalton City, Ill., Dec. 18.—Mother, Lora left yesterday and married Jones. Come."

Mrs. Wells was greatly surprised at the message but not so much at the message as in the name of the man mentioned. The name Jones in that telegram meant a great change in the wedding arrangements.

Several days ago cards were issued announcing that the wedding of Miss Trueblood and Charles Dillard, a well-to-do young farmer from the vicinity of St. Louis, would occur at the home of the bride's parents on Christmas day. Rev. and Mrs. Trueblood and wife were in Decatur Monday making arrangements for the wedding and it was at that time that the marriage of their daughter to Mr. Jones was taking place at Sullivan. During the absence of the parents the young lady had by appointment gone to Sullivan and met Jones and they at once proceeded to the office of the county clerk, where Jones made oath that the age of the bride was 19 years. It was then an easy matter to secure the marriage license and the young couple were at once united in marriage by Judge Wright. Then sending a message to the bride's parents telling what they had done the young people took the train for Paola, Ind., where they will make their future home. The news of the elopement was a surprise to the parents but it was then too late to do anything but recall the invitations for the wedding with the other man on Christmas day and that was done.

NOT DISPLEASED.

While the parents were greatly surprised at the unexpected wedding they are not particularly displeased as they are well acquainted with their new son-in-law and know him to be a most worthy young man. Jones is the first love of Miss Trueblood. They were to have been married in June last but on account of the objections to the wedding on account of the youth of the young people the marriage was put off and no estrangement occurred. Later she kept company with Mr. Dillard and their marriage was arranged. However the recollections of her first love ruled stronger in the heart of the young woman and when he asked her to meet him in Sullivan and be wedded she consented and the details were arranged when they met. Miss Trueblood was only 17 years of age at the time of the wedding.

CORN THIEVES CAUGHT.

Two Decatur Men Captured by a Constable at Mt. Zion.

Constable Redhead of Mt. Zion, telephoned to police headquarters at 9 o'clock last night, stating that two men from Decatur had been caught in the act of stealing a load of corn from one of the cribs on the farm of W. B. Hunter near Mt. Zion, and asked that Sheriff Lohman be notified of the arrest of the men.

One of the men gave the name of Eaton, but the other refused to give his name. They said however, that they had borrowed a team in Decatur.

The Decatur police know a man by the name of Eaton, who resides in the south part of the city, whom they suspect of being the man under arrest, but the identity of the other man they are unable to conjecture. The men will be brought to this city and placed in jail to await a hearing.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address Frank Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists 75c.

Hall's Family Pills the best.

Burial of Porter.

New Haven, Dec. 19.—The funeral of the late John Addison Porter, former secretary to President McKinley, was held at Trinity church. The president was represented by Secretary Cortelyou.

Meetings.

K. T. stated conclave of Beaumanoir Commandery No. 9 will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Regular meeting of Fern Leaf Temple No. 18, Rathbone Sisters this evening at 7:30. Social after regular business meeting.

Regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. Thursday at 2:30 p. m. Topic, 'Meekness.' Life of Hannah, Mrs. Larrick, leader. Walks and Talks in Geologica, Fields, Mrs. M. A. Pierce.

Good Quail Shooting.

The sportsmen of the city have been making the most of the last days of the open season for quail. The season closes today and for the past few days hunters have been out getting some good shooting. Almost every night this week hunters have been seen alighting from the trains at the depot with large strings of the birds. Last night a crowd got off of the train having several hundred birds among them.

Wheelmen Buy.

The directory of the Wheelmen's club have purchased a new billiard and pool table which will be set up in the new rooms of the club when they are opened about the first of the year. This purchase will give the club two billiard tables and one pool table. Ten applications are in for ten memberships and will be voted on at the next meeting of the club.

Small Pox at Atlanta.

Smallpox has appeared in the town of Atlanta a little station in Logan county, and the residents of the place were highly excited yesterday by the discovery of the dread disease in their midst. Up to the present time but two cases have appeared but there is a likelihood of other cases. Both cases are among the employes of the C. & A. railroad.

Some Good Scores.

The turkey prize offered at the Pastime alley for the person making the five highest scores between Dec. 19 and December 24 is attracting the bowlers and some high scores are being run up. Among those made yesterday were: Ossie Campbell, 202; Davis, 201; C. B. Hall, 183; Pilcher, 201; Fry 234 and 221.

To Buy Stockers.

Elmer Birks and Henry Parish, farmers from the vicinity of Harristown went to Chicago last night where they will buy three carloads of steers which they will take to their farms and feed for the market.

'Possum Feast.

The ladies of the A. M. E. church will give a dinner and supper at the Mueller building today. 'Possum with the necessary accompaniments will be served at both dinner and supper for the benefit of the church.

An Engraver.

C. W. Roskie, student of the Bradley polytechnic institute at Peoria has accepted the position of engraver for Scovill & Co. during the holidays and is thinking of making this city his home.

New Curtains.

New curtains adorn the windows of the ticket office and the operators' room at the new Illinois Central station. The blinds are quite an improvemment to the appearance of the building.

Approaching Wedding.

Announcement is made of the wedding of Willis Close and Clara Hartig at the home of the bride's parents, southwest of Harristown on Christmas day.

High School Dance.

The members of the High school dancing class held their regular dance at the armory last night and passed a pleasant evening.

Mrs. H. McDermott is on the sick list.

Mrs. C. A. Pollock is home from St. Louis.

Trainmaster Swignet, of the Wabash, came home from St. Louis last night.

Dr. Caldwell, of Monticello, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Rena Milne, of Washington, Pa., is in the city on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Frank Ewing.

CLEVELAND'S ADVICE.

Suggests That Rank and File Be Given a Chance.

Philadelphia, Dec. 19—Former President Grover Cleveland contributes to this week issue of the Saturday Evening Post of Philadelphia, an extended article on the plight of democracy and the remedy. Mr. Cleveland reviews the history of the party and discusses its defeats since 1864 in detail. As to the present conditions of the democracy he says the success of the party in 1892 was so decisive and overwhelming that a long continuance of its supremacy was anticipated. Then came the fallacy of free silver and populism. Continuing he says: This abandonment of the principles of true democracy, this contemptuous disobedience to its traditions, this deliberate violation of the law of its strength and vigor, were by a decree as inexorable as those of fate, followed by the inevitable punishment of stunning and staggering defeat. He declares the only forces that can win democratic success are adherence to recognized democratic principles and a reliance upon democratic counsels and leadership. He concludes as follows: If I should attempt to epitomize what I have written, by suggesting a plan for the rehabilitation and restoration of true democracy, I should embody it in these words, Give the rank and file a chance.

Pete Sells Got the Divorce.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 19.—Peter Sells, the well known circus man, was today granted a divorce from his wife on the ground of gross neglect of duty. This is the termination of a highly sensational case which has been progressing in the courts here for several weeks.

LIVE ON VEGETABLES.

SEVENTY-TWO FAMILIES WITH QUEER CUSTOMS.

All Pledged to Eschew Animal Foods—Will Not Keep Cows or Hens—Deny Themselves the Use of Kerosene Oil—All Healthy.

School District No. 2 in Hodgdon, Me., is known all over eastern Maine as the Balberry district, so called because it contains twenty-two families who are rigid vegetarians. The sect owes its origin to a corner in Chicago dressed beef twelve years ago when beefsteak went up to fifty cents a pound in the district, and plain soup bones retailed for the price commonly paid for sugar-cured hams. As the rates were maintained month after month without relief, the beefeaters' ire rose till they finally met in convention and every person present made a pledge to eschew all animal foods. They also agreed to confine themselves to the use of vegetables as far as possible, not only in their foods, but in every branch of their labors where the producers of plants could be made to take the place of animal or mineral substances. The farmers now keep horses or oxen to perform labor that is too heavy to do by hand, but they have no cows. They use no milk or butter. They have no hens to lay eggs or provide broiler spring chicken, and the grunt of the porker is unheard of and the odor of fried bacon unsmelled in all the region. Not only are sheep barred from the community, but none of the residents will wear woollen garments, clothing themselves and covering their beds with linen or cotton cloths. Instead of butter they use cottonseed oil, which they say is not only more palatable, but cheaper and more conducive to health and longevity.

The members even carry their hobby so far as to deny themselves the use of kerosene oil, by all odds the cheapest article for illuminating purposes that there is on the market. As tallow taken from sheep or cattle is prohibited, they have surrounded their homes with barberry hedges, which yield a fruit concealed in a greenish-gray fat, popularly known as barberry tallow. The berries are picked from the hedge as soon as they are ripe and boiled until the grease rises to the top of the water, when it is skimmed off and made into dipped candles, which furnish all the lights used about the houses. A bushel of berries will yield about six pounds of tallow, which will make candles enough to last a family a month in the winter or two months in the summer. The light is not very clear, but the burning fat gives off an agreeable smell, which pervades the whole neighborhood and has given the district a name which has found a place on the maps. The shrubs, when set out close together in rows, make hedges which will turn any domestic animal, and forming durable fences which are inexpensive and beautiful. The only tie that binds the community together is an agreement to lead a vegetarian life. Some of the families are orthodox, others are Unitarians and a large proportion free thinkers. There are Democrats Republicans and Populists in the community, all of whom argue that they are right and their opponents wrong. There are two families who hate each other so heartily that one would not go to aid the other when his house was burning down and the lives of two children were in peril. These families are too angry to quarrel. They never speak as they pass; nevertheless, each commends the other for its vegetarian rigor and will suffer no one to speak ill of the practice. The community is remarkably healthy, the men and women retaining their full vigor up to an advanced age. Consumption, the fatal malady in the county, has never visited the district since it changed its mode of living. The young men are big, red-cheeked and vigorous, and the girls are famous for their beauty. Good judges say that the diet has improved their looks so that no part of the county can show so many pretty girls as the Barberry district.

Butter That Was Butter.

The agricultural department of the Iowa state college at Ames has been notified by the United States department of agriculture that the butter sent by the college creamery was awarded a gold medal at the Paris exposition. Only six medals were awarded and the competition was open to the world. The creameries competing from the United States were selected by the agricultural department at Washington, and out of the forty who sent exhibits from this country the college creamery at Ames was among the first selected.

Battle Pending.

Krugersdorp, Transvaal, Dec. 19—A pitched battle is imminent between the British under Gen. Clements, who has been reinforced, and the Boers under General Delarey.

Beaman's Funeral.

Windsor, Vt., Dec. 19.—The funeral of Charles O. Beaman, general counsel of the Wisconsin Central railroad, took place at St. Paul's church here today.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy, cures Dyspepsia, loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed. For sale by N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling and John E. King.

SCENT OF ONION.

By Any Other Name Than Sulphuret of Allyle It Would Be as Sweet.

It is interesting to make inquiry into the cause of this unfortunate quality of the onion. It is simply due to the presence in some quantity in the bulb of sulphur. It is this sulphur that gives the onion its germ-killing property and makes the bulb so very useful a medicinal agent at all times, but especially in the spring, which used to be—and still is in many places—the season for taking brimstone and treacle in old-fashioned houses before sulphur tablets came into vogue. Now, sulphur, when united to hydrogen, forms sulphuretted hydrogen, and then becomes a foul-smelling compound. The onion, being so juicy, has a very large percentage of water in its tissues, and this, combining with the sulphur, forms the strongly scented and offensive substance called sulphuret of allyle. This sulphuret of allyle mingles more especially with the volatile or aromatic oil of the onion; it is identical with the malodorant principle found in asafotida, which is almost the symbol of all smells that are nasty. The horse radish and the ordinary mustard of our tables both owe their strongly stimulative properties to this same sulphuret of allyle, which gives them heat and acridity, but not an offensive smell, owing to the different arrangement of the atoms in their volatile oils. This brings us to a most curious fact in nature, that most strangely, yet most certainly constructs all vegetable volatile oils in exactly the same way—composes them all, whether they are the aromatic essences of cloves, oranges, lemons, cinnamon, thyme, rose, verbena, turpentine or onion, of exactly the same proportion, which are 81¾ of carbon to 11¾ of hydrogen, and obtains all the vast seeming diversities that our nostrils detect in their scent simply by a different arrangement of the atoms in each vegetable oil.—Chambers' Journal.

TOWN QUICKLY REBUILT.

Fire Destroyed It Last June and Already It Is Replaced.

The village of Victoria, near Duluth, Minn., was destroyed by fire June 9, this year. All the business portion was swept away, and 300 buildings were burned. Since that time the village has been twice rebuilt, and it has now a business section of solid brick, extending for half a mile along the main street. Immediately after the fire upon every lot that had contained a building there sprang up a mushroom growth of wooden temporary structures. Families lived in box cars along the railroad track, single cars accommodating an entire family with all its furniture, from a sewing machine to a piano. The depot was in a box car, and dry goods boxes and cloth inclosures served as both dwellings and places of business. As soon as men and material could be secured the wooden huts were torn down and permanent brick buildings began to take their place. Now, four months after the fire, there are over 3,000 feet of solid brick buildings of two and three stories either completed or nearly so. There is not a wooden building on the main street. A handsome theater, called, of course, "Opera House," capable of seating 700 persons, has been completed; a club for the social wants of mining engineers, business men, and their visitors has been organized and a house for it erected. The best hotel north of Duluth is under way, and the village is putting in all the newest conveniences of civilization. An iron mine has been discovered under the town, and is being opened. The Virginia of today is very different from that of four months ago. It is an excellent example of western hustle.—The Boston Transcript.

The Zoo's New Freak.

Manager Bostock, of the Zoo, announces the receipt of a new animal, captured in the wilds of South Africa, says the Indianapolis News. It has a face like that of a human being, and long beautiful hair all over its body. For the present, and until the public can suggest a better name, Mr. Bostock has christened it "Hoot, mon, What Is It?" This freak will be put on exhibition tomorrow. A fierce fight took place yesterday afternoon at the Zoo between two Russian wolves. Captain Bonavita, the lion trainer, entered the den where the wolves were fighting and bat them apart, but not until one was so badly torn that it died.

American Furniture in Parts.

An American furniture manufacturing company is now shipping from its factories American furniture in the rough. Being in parts and tightly packed, it occupies little space, and consequently the freight is low. It is put together in London and Glasgow workshops, and the salesmen place the furniture in the hands of dealers in England and Scotland.

Length of British Frontier.

On land alone Britons have to defend a frontier that is quite 28,700 miles long—that is, more than twice the length of that of France, more than three times of Germany and Russia, and but little less than those of France, Germany and Russia combined.

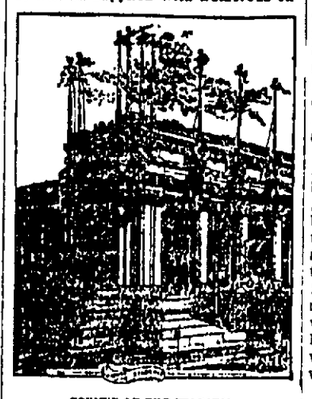
Funeral of Great Wheelman.

Ubaldo Sibillo, one of the best known wheelmen in Southern Italy, was fatally injured by a fall recently. The funeral was held at Bari, in Calabria, and was attended by several hundred bicyclists, all awheel. One of the mourners rode behind the coffin "leading" the head man's wheel.

THE STADIUM.

Greatest Year In Athletics at Pan-American Exposition.

During the Exposition of 1901 at Buffalo the greatest athletic sporting carnival that ever took place in America will be held. For the purpose of this grand carnival the largest sporting arena ever erected in America is to be built. It is to be known as the Stadium and will cover nearly ten acres, having a seating capacity of 12,000. It will be supplied with numerous en-



CORNER OF THE STADIUM.

trances and broad aisles, so that the comfort of the spectators will be assured. The large space beneath the seats will be used for exhibits, being the equivalent of a very large building. The arena will contain a quarter mile track and ample room for the various pageants and exhibitions of live stock, automobiles, farm and road machinery, vehicles, etc. At the western end of the Stadium is a large ornamental building, which forms the main entrance to this grand arena.

EXPOSITION NOTES.

Brief Items Relating to Progress of the Pan-American.

The Chittenango Pottery Company has been granted the exclusive privilege of selling pottery at the Exposition.

Frederick Law Olmstead, who advocates the abolishment of billboards because of their inartistic and unsightly character, is the landscape architect who laid out Delaware Park, Buffalo, a part of which is to be used for the Pan-American Exposition in 1901.

We have only admiration for the courage, enterprise, liberality and energy displayed by the city at the foot of the lake in preparing for the great Exposition which is to be held next year. If ever success was earned, Buffalo has earned it. The city deserves to be filled with visitors during the life of the Pan-American Exposition and to reap a rich harvest of honor, glory and substantial gains.—Cleveland Leader.

"We have never advertised the resources of our state half enough," says The Times-Democrat of New Orleans in an article upon the Pan-American Exposition, in which it urges an adequate representation of the resources of Louisiana. The same may be said of other states, and the opportunity now offered by Buffalo is of exceptional value.

The enthusiasm and interest displayed by the people of southern California in the preparation of their great display of products for the Pan-American Exposition present a lesson and an example for all citizens to contemplate. American enterprise seems to have a very high development in "the glorious climate of California." The Californians purpose to make a very large and effective display.

One of the most conspicuous features of the Niagara Falls landscape now is a mammoth sign handsomely lettered thus: "Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., 1901." There are several similar signboards placed where thousands of people passing and repassing upon the great railroads may in this way have their attention called to the great event of next year which so vitally interests all the states and countries of the western hemisphere.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Will Be Represented by a Fine Building and Exhibit at Buffalo.

The Argentine Republic will have a building and exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo next summer which will represent fittingly the progressive institutions and commercial and industrial prosperity of that South American republic. The sum of $30,000 has been appropriated by the Argentine government for this purpose.

Argentine merchants, and especially those of Buenos Ayres, appreciate the importance of representation at the Pan-American. Many agricultural and industrial organizations are notifying the minister of agriculture that they intend to send exhibits. It is probable the government will have its exhibit at the Paris exposition brought to Buffalo at the close of the French fair.

Buffalo's Mayor and the Exposition.

The Hon. Conrad Diehl, mayor of Buffalo, the home of the Pan-American Exposition, has great faith in the success of the enterprise and is more than pleased with the progress that is being made on the work of construction. He says: "I frequently drive out there and look over the buildings. It is phenomenal the rapidity with which the work is carried forward. The men who are directing the Exposition affairs are shrewd calculators, and they are going to make this enterprise the wonder of the world. Outsiders are becoming enthusiastic over it. Thousands of people who did not go to the World's fair at Chicago will come to the Pan-American. Let everybody prepare to receive them and give them a good time."

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

EXPOSITION MAKING.

THE PAN-AMERICAN TO EXCEL IN MANY PARTICULARS.

The Most Delicate and Intricate Plastic Work Ever Attempted For Exposition Purposes—Color and Horticultural Embellishment.

The development of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo is observed with profound interest throughout the western world. Almost every day shows some new feature of the magnificent enterprise completed. Some new tower rears aloft its ornamental pinnacle, some new dome presents its rounded top to the sky, or some new decoration of form or color is added to the wonderful bouquet of architectural loveliness.

Never was there an Exposition so novel, so unlike what the world has learned to expect, as this. With the glorious examples of the Exposition builder's art and genius to look back upon with fond remembrance and admiration, the world has wondered if all that has been promised for the Pan-American would be realized. If one may judge by the present stage of the vast work, the millions of visitors to Buffalo during the exposition season, which begins on the 1st of May next, will suffer no disappointment.

The Pan-American Exposition will outshine its distinguished predecessors in many particulars. Of these the court settings are of first importance. In order that there may be abundant room for the elaborate decorative effects, 53 acres are alone devoted to courts. This area is two and a half times the area of the courts at the Chicago Columbian Exposition. About these broad courts are grouped a score of great buildings, in which the multitude of exhibits from all parts of the western world are to be displayed.

As a second important feature may be mentioned the ornate architecture, the use of plastic ornamentation of very intricate and beautiful design and the employment of original sculptured groups in the exterior decorations of buildings, entrances and architectural features. No less than 125 original sculptured groups, modeled by some 30 or more distinguished American sculptors, will be used in this feature of the decorative work.

The use of an elaborate color scheme has never before been attempted at an exposition. The appropriate title of the "Rainbow City" has already been applied to this great group of brilliantly colored buildings, and lovers of color will find the exquisite harmony of tints that has here been produced a most delightful subject for contemplation and study.

As a fourth point of superiority may be named the hydraulic and fountain features. In all the courts are broad pools containing numberless cascades and fountains. These will add to the beauty of the great work in no small degree. Many of the fine sculptures will form a part of these charming fountains. A broad and stately canal, a mile and a half in length, banked with grass and lined with a double row of young trees, completely encircles the main group of buildings.

The horticultural embellishment of the grounds constitutes a fifth point of excellence. Ornamental trees, shrubs, lawns and flowers of brilliant hue will

TEMPLE OF MUSIC.

delight the eye everywhere. Sunken gardens and formal beds of flowers will surround fountains and pools and border upon the walks throughout the courts.

Crowning the great work of producing unparalleled vistas and an exposition picture of unrivaled beauty will be the electrical illumination. Only when a great volume of power is available, such as Buffalo possesses in the newly harnessed Niagara, could electric illumination be undertaken on so grand a scale. With unlimited power to draw upon, the electrician has had no restraining conditions in his work. The electric tower, 375 feet high, of rich and elaborate design, will form the centerpiece of the electrical brilliancy, while every building, fountain and architectural feature and even the broad surfaces of the artificial lakes and pools, with floating lights, will glow with electrical radiance and luster. The scene will be one of unsurpassed loveliness, hitherto impossible and unlikely soon to be repeated again on account of the vast expenditure of electrical energy necessary to produce it.

MARK BENNITT.

Manitoba and the Exposition.

The Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo next year is assured of a representative exhibit from the important province of Manitoba. Special Commissioner Henderson, who has made a tour of northwestern Canada for the Exposition, met with gratifying success in arousing interest in the enterprise.

Oregon Editors Will Go to Buffalo.

The Oregon Press association at its annual convention recently voted to hold its annual excursion meeting in 1901 at the Pan-American Exposition.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

UNION DEPOT TIME CARD

(Corrected to Nov 25 1901)

WABASH RAILROAD

TO CHICAGO

No. 12—Daily ..... 1:00 a m
No. 18—Daily ..... 3:20 a m
No. 16—Daily, except Sunday ..... 9:15 a m
No. 14—Daily ..... 11:25 a m

TO ST LOUIS

No. 8—Daily ..... 3:35 a m
No. 81—St. Louis Accom. Daily ..... 7:10 a m
No. 6—Kansas City Mail, Daily ..... 11:27 a m
No. 11—Daily ..... 2:30 p m
No. 23—Daily ..... 4:00 p m
No. 1—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 6:30 p m
No. 5—Kansas City Express, Daily ..... 8:12 p m
No. 4—East Mail, Daily ..... 11:50 p m

TO EAST.

No. 7—Buffalo Mail, Daily ..... 2:15 a m
No. 3—East Mail, Daily ..... 3:30 a m
No. 16—Danville Ac., except Sunday, 9:15 a m
No. 24—Daily ..... 10:45 a m
No. 2—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 11:31 a m
No. 10—Lafayette Accom. ex Sunday 4:30 p m
No. 8—N. Y. Limited, Daily ..... 11:34 p m

TO WEST.

No. 8—K. C. Express Daily ..... 4:05 a m
No. 18—Clayton Accom., Daily ..... 7:30 a m
No. 51—Ch'go & Springfield, ex Sunday 10:45 a m
No. 5—Kansas City Mail, Daily ..... 11:30 a m
No. 2—Daily ..... 1:35 p m
No. 17—To Springfield, except Sunday 5:00 p m

FROM CHICAGO

No. 13—Daily ..... 8:40 a m
No. 11—Limited, Daily ..... 3:40 p m
No. 19—Daily ..... 6:55 p m
No. 17—Daily, except Sunday ..... 7:50 p m

FROM ST. LOUIS

No. 12—Chicago Express, Daily ..... 12:40 a m
No. 6—East Mail, Daily ..... 3:35 a m
No. 34—Atlantic Express, Daily ..... 10:45 a m
No. 4—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 11:27 a m
No. 80—St. Louis Accom. Daily ..... 3:05 p m
No. 2—N. Y. Limited, Daily ..... 11:34 p m
No. 7—Chi. & Eastern Ex. Daily ..... 3:05 a m
No. 14—Chi. Limited, Daily ..... 11:34 a m

FROM EAST.

No. 8—Limited, Daily ..... 3:02 a m
No. 51—Chicago & Springfield, ex. Sun 10:25 a m
No. 9—Kansas City Mail, Daily ..... 11:25 a m
No. 1—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 1:54 p m
No. 17—St. Louis Express, Daily ..... 3:07 p m
No. 3—East Mail, Daily ..... 11:45 p m

FROM WEST.

No. 8—Buffalo Mail, Daily ..... 3:15 a m
No. 16—From Springfield, ex. Sunday 9:10 a m
No. 4—Express, Daily ..... 10:45 a m
No. 50—From Springfield, ex. Sunday 4:00 p m
No. 20—From Clayton, Daily ..... 6:35 p m
No. 2—From Kansas City, Daily ..... 11:10 p m

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

MAIN LINE NORTH

No. 122—To Freeport, ex Sun ..... 6:07 a m
No. 114—Daily ..... 12:17 p m
No. 120—To Chicago, ex Mendota, ex S. 2:37 p m
No. 39—Centralia to Champaign, D. ... 9:40 p m

MAIN LINE SOUTH

No. 101—To Centralia, ex Sun ..... 9:15 a m
No. 115—To Cairo, Daily ..... 3:01 p m
No. 191—Local Freight ex Sun ..... 7:45 a m
No. 141—Freeport to Decatur, ex S. ... 9:45 p m

VIA CHAMPAIGN LINE

No. 104—To Chicago, Daily lve ..... 6:15 a m
No. 122—Accom., ex Sunday, lve ..... 8:35 p m

No. 26—To Champaign, D., leaves ..... 9:45 p m
No. 145—Accom., ex Sunday, ar ..... 11:31 a m
No. 103—From Chicago, daily, ar ..... 10:35 p m

PEORIA DIVISION.

To Peoria.

No. 221—Ex Sunday ..... 6:31 a m
No. 203—Way Freight, ex Sun ..... 10:10 a m
No. 124—Daily ..... 3:15 p m
No. 222—Daily ..... 8:30 a m

To Evansville.

No. 201—Daily ..... 10:03 a m
No. 293—Way Freight, ex Sun ..... 3:25 p m
No. 121—Daily ..... 10:35 p m

From Peoria.

No. 201—Daily ..... 10:10 a m
No. 216—Ex Sunday ..... 4:00 p m
No. 293—Way Freight, Ex Sun ..... 8:00 p m
No. 221—Daily ..... 10:15 p m

From Evansville.

No. 222—Ex Sunday ..... 4:20 a m
No. 214—Daily ..... 2:00 p m

To Mattoon.

No. 291—Ex. Sunday ..... 4:10 p m

INDIANA, DECATUR & WESTERN.

No.	ARRIVE	No.	DEPART
5	♦4:30 am	3	♦4:35 am
7	♦10:00 am	9	♦11:00 am
1	♦2:25 pm	10	♦4:00 pm
2	♦7:00 pm	4	♦11:55 pm

VANDALIA LINE

No.	DEPARTS EAST.	No.	DEPARTS WEST
14 Ft.	♦6:35 am	7 ex Sun	7:00 am
4 ex Sun	7:00 am	85 Ft.	♦7:15 am
10 ex Sun	4:00 pm	6 ex Sun	12:15 am
FROM W. HAVEN.		FROM PEORIA.	
8 ex Sun	12:10 am	10 ex Sun	8:50 pm
86 Ft.	♦8:10 pm	85 Ft.	♦8:25 pm
23	♦6:35 pm	3	10:30 pm

♦Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Sunday Only

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East	1:30 3:00 10:00	West	4:00
Chicago	8:10 10:45	C'n'l & Tol.	10:45
St. Louis	10:45	and	4:45 10:45
Effingham			4:00
Illinois Central to—			
South	8:10	and	8:00
North	11:00	and	1:55
Peoria	10:00	and	1:55
Champaign			8:00
I., D. & W. to—			
East	10:45	and	10:15
Vandalia to—			
Northwest	11:30	Southeast	3:10

CLOSED POUCHES

Oreana, Argenta, Cisco, Monticello, 5:00 a m. Bondy, Blue Mound, Harvel, Stonington, Palmer, Raymond, Morrisonville, 6:00 a m. Warrensburg, Mount Pulaski, Latham, Lincoln, Delavan, Peoria, 6:00 a m. Waynesville, Harristown, Niantic, Illiopolis, 6:00 a. m.

Maroa, Bloomington, Men & Centr'l R. P. O. South of Mendota, 1:30p. m.

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(6805 miles)
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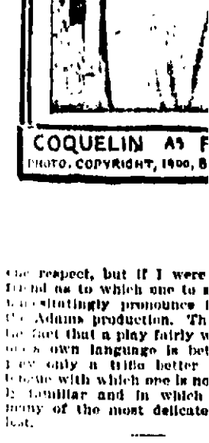
BERNHA
CHRIS
OFFERING TO
THE AMERICA

THERE is but one Sara
and, "en passant," it
served that if she were
of more brilliant wor
which she shows in "L'A
would be no cause for regr
but one of her.
Coquelin, Bernhardt and
could make a promising
As a fact, in combin
stage they are aggravatin
place. It is naturally i
with a criticism of Be
Coquelin in Rostand's pla
without making a compari
Maude Adams production
at the Knickerbocker the
city. It may be said tha
presentation of the drama
to the American offering i



COQUELIN AS
PHOTO. COPYRIGHT, 1900, B

the respect, but if I were
bound as to which one to
unhesitatingly pronounce
Adams production. Th
fact that a play fairly w
own language is bet
only a little better
with which one is no
familiar and in which
many of the most delicate
lost.
Bernhardt, it is true, is
for to Maude Adams in
scenes, but the latter has
made such a close study of
actress in the role that her
lost a replica of Bernhard
as Flambeau, the faithf
of the Eaglet, the rough,
of fortune, does not co
J. H. Gilmour in the Adams
This may sound like sacrile
blindly worship all thi
but it is a fact nevertheles
Gilmour possesses the
of looking the part to the
Coquelin most emphaticall
It is true that M. Coquelin
comedian, perhaps the b
would, does develop the q
of the role more full
Gilmour is able to do, but i
of this sort the complete
effect, must be rep
in that is done Mr. Gil
eminent.
One result of the adven
Bernhardt in "L'Aiglon" h
of Miss Adams' stock
for, while the fact th
great advantage of bei
see the creator of the t
Rostand's play must be bor
it is nevertheless true that
few violent scenes of th
is nearly satisfactory tha
that she is playing in
to tip the scale in her
standpoint of the averag
theater goer. The conclusi
that, great as "L'Aig
fairy work, it is not a s
poem, or such a transcend
artist as Mme. Bernhardt u
would have made mor
creation in its protean role.
Of the staging of the two p
director compels the admi
in a few minor details,
people have the better of the
especially true in this in wh
called the vision scene on
Hill of Wagram, where the
alone with the dead body of
The scene in which the Eagl
the toy soldiers painted in
was much better, howe
American production, despi
that Miss Adams failed to
the excellent speeches there
the impression of delirious e
acted by Bernhardt.
No, gentle theater goers,
clutching your $5 bills whil
fully ask yourselves, "Is R
"L'Aiglon" worth it?" there i
emphatic words. If you elimin
fire to see the great Frenchw
only for the sake of being ena
that you have seen her, she i
in this play even $1.50. For t
neither to Maude Adams, a
does speak English and you
stand her. But "L'Aiglon"

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WABASH RAILROAD

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No. 12—Daily ..... 1:00 a m
No. 18—Daily ..... 8:25 a m
No. 16—Daily, except Sunday ..... 9:10 a m
No. 14—Daily ..... 11:23 a m

TO ST. LOUIS

No. 8—Daily ..... 2:55 a m
No. 6—St. Louis Accom., Daily ..... 7:10 a m
No. 4—Kansas City Mail, Daily ..... 11:27 a m
No. 2—Daily ..... 4:00 p m
No. 10—Daily ..... 4:30 p m
No. 12—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 6:30 p m
No. 14—Kansas City Express, Daily ..... 8:14 p m
No. 16—East Mail, Daily ..... 11:50 p m

TO PEORIA.

No. 1—Peoria Mail, Daily ..... 8:18 a m
No. 3—Peoria Mail, Daily ..... 3:30 a m
No. 5—Peoria Ac. except Sunday ..... 9:15 a m
No. 7—Peoria Express, Daily ..... 12:10 a m
No. 9—Peoria Accom., Daily ..... 11:30 a m
No. 11—Peoria Accom. ex Sunday ..... 1:05 p m
No. 13—Peoria Mail, Daily ..... 11:31 p m

TO WEST.

No. 17—K. C. Express, Daily ..... 4:45 a m
No. 19—Kansas City Accom., Daily ..... 7:20 a m
No. 21—Kansas City Express, ex Sunday ..... 10:13 a m
No. 23—Kansas City Mail, Daily ..... 11:38 a m
No. 25—Denver ..... 4:35 p m
No. 27—Springfield, except Sunday ..... 8:00 p m

TO SOUTHWEST.

No. 31—Daily ..... 8:40 a m
No. 33—Decatur Daily ..... 2:41 p m
No. 35—Daily ..... 4:28 p m
No. 37—Daily, except Sunday ..... 1:50 p m

FROM ST. LOUIS.

No. 12—Chicago Express, Daily ..... 12:50 a m
No. 10—East Mail, Daily ..... 3:25 a m
No. 20—Atlantic Express, Daily ..... 10:05 a m
No. 2—Kansas City Limited, Daily ..... 11:37 a m
No. 4—Kansas City Accom., Daily ..... 9:05 p m
No. 6—St. Louis Accom., Daily ..... 11:25 p m
No. 8—St. Louis Express, Daily ..... 3:05 a m
No. 14—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 11:15 a m

FROM EAST.

No. 5—Decatur Limited, Daily ..... 8:02 a m
No. 7—Peoria Express, ex Sun ..... 10:32 a m
No. 9—Peoria Accom., ex Sun ..... 11:25 a m
No. 11—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 4:24 p m
No. 13—Peoria Express, Daily ..... 8:07 p m
No. 15—East Mail, Daily ..... 11:45 p m

FROM WEST.

No. 18—Decatur Mail, Daily ..... 8:10 a m
No. 16—Kansas City Express, ex Sun ..... 9:10 a m
No. 22—Kansas Express, Daily ..... 10:45 a m
No. 24—Kansas City Express, ex Sunday ..... 4:20 p m
No. 26—Kansas City Mail, Daily ..... 8:35 p m
No. 28—Denver Express, Daily ..... 11:10 p m

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

MAIN LINE NORTH.

No. 102—Chicago Express, ex Sun ..... 6:00 a m
No. 104—Daily ..... 12:30 p m
No. 106—Chicago Express, ex S. ..... 2:07 p m
No. 108—Illinois to Champaign, D. ..... 9:50 p m

MAIN LINE SOUTH.

No. 101—To Cairo, Daily ..... 8:18 a m
No. 103—Cairo Express, Daily ..... 3:01 p m
No. 105—To Cairo, Express, ex Sun ..... 7:43 a m
No. 107—To Cairo, Express, ex Sun ..... 9:40 p m

CHAMPAIGN LINE.

No. 121—To Champaign, Daily, lv ..... 6:15 a m
No. 123—Champaign Sunday, lves ..... 3:35 p m
No. 122—From Champaign, Daily, lv leaves ..... 9:45 p m
No. 124—From Champaign, ex Sunday, ar ..... 11:31 a m
No. 126—From Champaign, Daily, ar ..... 10:15 p m

PEORIA DIVISION.

To Peoria.

No. 227—Ex Sunday ..... 4:27 a m
No. 223—Way Freight, ex Sun ..... 10:15 a m
No. 225—Daily ..... 4:25 p m
No. 229—Daily ..... 8:30 a m

To Evansville.

No. 201—Daily ..... 10:25 a m
No. 203—Way Freight, ex Sun ..... 3:35 p m
No. 231—Daily ..... 10:25 p m

From Peoria.

No. 200—Daily ..... 10:10 a m
No. 224—Ex Sunday ..... 4:05 p m
No. 226—Way Freight, Ex Sun ..... 8:10 p m
No. 228—Daily ..... 10:15 p m

From Evansville.

No. 222—Ex Sunday ..... 4:20 a m
No. 224—Daily ..... 2:05 p m

To Mattoon.

No. 281—Ex. Sunday ..... 4:10 p m

INDIANA, DECATUR & WESTERN.

No.	ARRIVE	No.	DEPART
3	*4:30 am	3	*4:35 am
5	*10:05 am	5	*11:30 am
7	*2:45 pm	7	*4:00 pm
9	*8:50 pm	9	*11:25 pm

VANDALIA LINE.

No.	DEPART EAST	No.	DEPART WEST
*21	†6:35 am	7 ex Sun	7:00 am
4 ex Sun	7:00 am	*24	†7:11 am
6 ex Sun	4:40 pm	8 ex Sun	12:15 am
FROM SOUTH		FROM PEORIA.	
5 ex Sun	12:15 am	13 ex Sun	3:50 pm
*23	†3:15 pm	*26	†8:15 pm
25	†6:45 pm	9	†9:35 pm

*Daily †Except Sunday ‖Sunday Only

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St. Louis	10:45			St. L.	4:35 10:15
Effingham					4:00
Illinois Central to—					
South	8:40	and			8:00
North	11:00	and			1:50
Peoria	10:00	and			1:05
Champaign					9:00
I., D. & W. to—					
East	10:45	and			10:15
Vandalia to—					
Northwest	11:30	Southeast			3:10

CLOSED POUCHES

Orcana, Argenta, Cerro Montticello, 5:00 a m
Boody, Blue Mound, Harvel, Stonington, Palmer, Raymond, Morrisonville, 6:00 a m
Warrensburg, Mount Pulaski, Latham, Lincoln, Delavan, Peoria, 6:00 a m.
Warnesville, Harrietown, Niantic Illinois, 6:00 a m
Marion, Bloomington, Mon & Centr R. P. O. 5:30 p m; Mendota, 1:00 p m.

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VIA

Southern Railway

(6805 miles)

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BERNHARDT AND COQUELIN'S CHRISTMAS

OFFERING TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC.

That one Sarah Bernhardt, [illegible] ant," it may be ob- [illegible] if she were never capable of a brilliant work than that [illegible] in "L'Aiglon," there [illegible] for regret that there [illegible]

[illegible]hardt and Rostand cer- [illegible] promising trio—on pa- [illegible], in combination on the [illegible] aggravatingly common- [illegible] naturally impossible to [illegible] of Bernhardt and [illegible]and's play "L'Aiglon" [illegible] a comparison with the production which is still [illegible] theater in this [illegible] said that the French [illegible] the drama is superior [illegible] offering in more than [illegible]

COQUELIN AS FLAMBEAU
COPYRIGHT, 1900, BY AIMÉ DUPONT, N.Y.

BERNHARDT AND COQUELIN IN "L'AIGLON" PHOTO COPYRIGHT, 1900, BY GIRON, N.Y.

BEATRICE MORGAN PHOTO. BY MC IAN, N.Y.

HILDA SPONG PHOTO. BY ROSE & SANDS, N.Y.

BERNHARDT AS L'AIGLON.
PHOTO COPYRIGHT BY AIMÉ DUPONT, N.Y.

[illegible], but if I were advising a [illegible] which one to see I should [illegible] pronounce in favor of [illegible] production. This is due to [illegible] a play fairly well acted in [illegible] language is better than a [illegible] true better acted in a [illegible] which one is not thoroughly [illegible] and in which necessarily [illegible] the most delicate points are [illegible]

[illegible]ot, it is true, is vastly supe- [illegible] Maude Adams in the stronger [illegible] but the latter has apparently [illegible] a close study of the French [illegible] in the role that her work is al- [illegible] of Bernhardt's. Coque- [illegible]lin, the faithful adherent [illegible], the rough, bearlike nol- [illegible]tune, does not compare with [illegible] in the Adams production. [illegible] like sacrilege to those [illegible] worship all things foreign. [illegible] fact nevertheless. To begin [illegible] possessed the advantage [illegible] the part to the life, which [illegible] emphatically does not. [illegible] that M. Coquelin, a natural [illegible], perhaps the best in the [illegible] develop the quizzical na- [illegible] the role more fully than Mr. [illegible] able to do, but in a compar- [illegible] sort the complete result, the [illegible], must be regarded, and [illegible] done Mr. Gilmour stands [illegible]

[illegible]sult of the advent of Mme. [illegible] in "L'Aiglon" has been the [illegible] Adams' stock as an ac- [illegible] for, while the fact that she had [illegible] advantage of being enabled [illegible] the creator of the title role of [illegible] play must be borne in mind, [illegible] nevertheless true that, except in [illegible] violent scenes of the play, she [illegible] satisfactory that the reflec- [illegible] that she is playing in English is [illegible] up the scale in her favor from [illegible]ndpoint of the average American [illegible]. The conclusion is inev- [illegible] that, great as "L'Aiglon" is as a [illegible] work, it is not a good action [illegible] such a transcendently fine [illegible] Mme. Bernhardt unquestiona- [illegible] could have made more of an im- [illegible] in its protean role.

[illegible] the singing of the two productions, [illegible] compels the admission that, [illegible] a few minor details, the French [illegible] have the better of the argument. [illegible]tally true is this in what might be [illegible] the vision scene on the battle- [illegible] of Wagram, where the Eaglet is [illegible] with the dead body of Flambeau, [illegible] scene in which the Eaglet is shown [illegible] soldiers painted in French col- [illegible] much better, however, in the [illegible]ican production, despite the fact [illegible] Miss Adams failed to inject into [illegible] excellent speeches there given her [illegible] impression of delirious ecstasy sug- [illegible] by Bernhardt.

[illegible] gentle theater goers, ye who are [illegible]ding your $5 bills while you men- [illegible] look yourselves, "Is Bernhardt in [illegible]iglon' worth it?" there is no use to [illegible] words. If you eliminate the de- [illegible] to see the great Frenchwoman simi- [illegible] for the sake of being enabled to say [illegible] you have seen her, she is not worth [illegible] play even $1.00. For that matter [illegible]her is Maude Adams, although she [illegible] speak English and you will under- [illegible]stand her. But "L'Aiglon" is one of those plays which are better absorbed through the medium of printed pages, and for much less than the price of a seat at a Bernhardt-Coquelin performance you can purchase a nicely bound copy of the book, which will make a pretty addition to your library.

Aside from Mme. Bernhardt and M. Coquelin, there is not a single member of the cast who may be regarded as more than mediocre, with the possible exception of M. Desjardin, the former leading man of the old Coquelin company. On the whole, he is a much better Metternich than Edwin Arden at the Knickerbocker, and his work in the scene with the Eaglet in which he goads the latter, by asking him to contemplate the reflection of his puny physique in the mirror, into smashing the inoffensive glass with the candelabra, is worthy of especial mention, the more so as this, one of the few really strong bits of the play, is very poorly done at the Knickerbocker.

One particular in which the French players excelled was in the rapidity of response. In other words, they spoke as ordinary mortals speak in everyday life, instead of waiting for each speech to sink into a certain depth, as is the wont of most American and English actors. Our managers and stage directors ought to take this lesson to heart, for it comprises one of the most glaring defects in our dramatic methods. It is probable that this rapid fire artillery sort of elocution is due to the personal efforts of the divine Sarah herself. She is an unusually rapid reader, and, whether or not one like her in a given role, there is no lagging while she is on the stage.

Mme. Bernhardt has an exasperating habit, lately acquired, I imagine, of emitting an "Ah!" in a gasping sort of way and shaking her head at the audience at the end of each speech, as much as to say: "Did you notice that? That shows you what I can do when I let myself out." At such moments she is superb, despite the gasp and the nod, but the trouble with "L'Aiglon" for Mme. Bernhardt's purposes is that these moments are few and far between. Coquelin, too, has his annoying little mannerism, which becomes almost unbearable after two or three acts. His offense consists in drawing out the last syllable of the last word of each speech into a sibilant cadence that is presumably intended to be majestic, but which instead is merely laughable until it becomes annoying.

All in all, the Bernhardt-Coquelin engagement in this city in "L'Aiglon" was the colossal disappointment of the year. This is not the opinion of one man either. One of the ticket takers at the Garden theater, indeed, informed me that at no engagement during this season or the last had he seen so many persons leave during the performance without deigning to accept return checks. I saw them going out in scores and was thereupon prompted to make the inquiry, with the already mentioned result. People outside of this city should not be misled by the great hullabaloo raised by many sycophantic and a few really conscientious though woefully mistaken critics who have apparently succeeded in creating the false impression that the Coquelin-Bernhardt production of "L'Aiglon" is something unprecedented in the annals of the American stage. It is not true, and if you see it you'll say it isn't.

A new play, "The Man of Forty," by Walter Frith is the current offering at Daly's theater, to which house Daniel Frohman's excellent stock company has returned for the season. "The Man of Forty" tells an interesting and unconventional if not remarkably constructed story and is likely to serve its purpose as an acceptable vehicle during a considerable portion of the season. Frederick Lee-Fanshawe, a millionaire widower, sends his daughter on a tour of the continent in the care of an elderly woman. He becomes interested in Mrs. Egerton, a gross widow who is uncertain as to whether her scoundrel husband is living or dead. He is very much alive, however, and bears a striking resemblance to his brother, the secretary of Lee-Fanshawe. This family likeness is responsible for some of the basic complications of the play. Lee-Fanshawe really loves Mrs. Egerton and would marry her if it could be demonstrated that she were free to accept him. Naturally, the couple do absurdly compromising things which none would think of doing in real life. Mrs. Egerton's husband appears, and, being anxious to wed Lee-Fanshawe's daughter, threatens his wife with a divorce suit, which would ruin Lee-Fanshawe—if she should reveal his identity. He is perfectly willing that she should become the wife of Lee-Fanshawe. Of course, in the end, Mrs. Egerton (Dunster) tells all. Lewis Dunster dies of heart disease, and the curtain falls upon the prospect of happiness for everybody.

Daniel Frohman's stock company simply could not give a poor performance if it tried, and its interpretation of "The Man of Forty" was on the whole excellent. Cecilia (formerly Cissy) Loftus was, however, a good deal of a disappointment, and she should stick to her old line—vaudeville—if she is not able to do any better work in society drama. Elizabeth (formerly Bessie) Tyree was also somewhat disappointing in the role of Bella Portman, the temporary tool of Lewis Dunster. Edward Morgan pitched the dual role of the Dunster brothers too much in the same key, but otherwise gave a very good performance. Beatrice Morgan, Hilda Spong and John Mason were excellent.

The cast in full was as follows:

Frederick Lee-Fanshawe ..... John Mason
Roger Dunster, his secretary; Lewis Dunster, alias Honeycomb, alias Egerton, Roger Dunster's brother ..... Edward Morgan
Captain Denis Garter ..... William Courtenay
Algie Portman, Fanshawe's friend ..... Jameson Lee Finney
Reginald Barker, in politics ..... Grant Stewart
Martin ..... First Courtesan
Mrs. Egerton, Lewis Dunster's wife ..... Hilda Spong
Cecil, Fanshawe's daughter ..... Cecilia Loftus
Mrs. Bella Portman ..... Elizabeth Tyree
Claire Dupuyer, a burlesque actress ..... Beatrice Morgan
Lillian Vachel ..... Alison Skipworth
Mrs. Jacob, Elsie's companion ..... Ida Vincent

Arthur Crispin
New York.

CHRISTMAS AND SPORTS

CHRISTMASTIDE and sports have come to be almost synonymous terms in these days, when everybody, young and old alike, is interested in athletics. Thousands of people who used to spend the holidays indoors now revel in the glorious, crisp air or warm sunshine as they may be in the northern or southern sections of our vast country. Golf is so universal, and by its very nature is suited to any climate, that it is a favorite sport at this time of the year. Football is gone, but skating, hockey, ice yachting, sleighing and bowling are in their prime. With such a list to choose from, he is a hard man to suit who cannot find ample enjoyment at this season.

The followers of boxing, however, are not in a very amiable frame of mind just now. The public wants to see bouts of more than six rounds, and it has not been gratified in this wish since the repeal of the Horton law. Moreover, New York is the place of big purses, and that is the great desideratum of the principals, so all parties concerned would like to see a resumption of the game in Gotham.

During the past week I have talked with several men who are prominent in New York's boxing coterie, and among them all I have noticed a very marked feeling that boxing will have another inning in that city next spring. I could not gain definite expression on the subject from any one of them, and I doubt if they have certain knowledge as to what will occur. Just the same there seems to be a very strong feeling among the fraternity that there will be "something doing" about the time the robins nest again.

Whether Jeffries, Ruhlin and Sharkey shared this feeling when they deferred their proposed battles to next summer is uncertain, but it is not improbable.

That the public wants a champion who is willing to fight at the drop of the hat, and not one who picks and chooses his adversaries and the time when he will enter the ring, is evidenced by the results of the theatrical tours of Jeffries and Fitzsimmons. When the Cornishman was champion, he declined to fight for two years after defeating Corbett. His theatrical venture at that time was a frost.

Now, although minus the title, he is playing to crowded houses simply because last summer he fought the two men who dared meet him and tried hard to get Jeffries into the ring a few days after his encounter with Ruhlin.

Jeffries, on the contrary, although the holder of the title, is not making more money than Bernhardt on the stage simply because a large part of the public thinks he avoided a meeting with Fitz and that had the men fought last August the championship would have changed hands once more.

The meat of the matter is that what is wanted is a champion of the John L. Sullivan and George Dixon style who shall always be ready and anxious to meet all comers.

It would seem to the uninitiated that football strategy had been well nigh exhausted and that it would be impossible to devise a new gridiron play. Whenever a baseball team springs some trick on its rivals or wins games by some novel play the old timers and experts always assert that it is not new at all, but was invented and used years ago and had been cast aside as worn out.

So it would seem to be with regard to football, but the season just over has proved the contrary. Yale's champion team developed and perfected a style of play that may become as celebrated as the famous "guards back" of Pennsylvania. It certainly proved just as formidable as practiced by the dark blue giants as Woodruff's famous formation was in its palmy days.

This tackle back formation which Yale used most prominently in her last three games is the most interesting of the season's developments and a notable addition to the science of the game.

It is always difficult to describe a football formation so as to make it at all intelligible to one who has not seen it in actual use, but briefly it may be described as follows:

It consists in building up a formation behind one side of the line by taking back the other tackle. This reduces the rush line to six men. The moved tackle stands behind the center and guard; directly behind the tackle comes the full back, and then the half. The quarter back, who has to pass the ball to the runner, places himself directly behind the center, and the remaining half back takes a similar position on the other side behind tackle.

This formation, if marked out on a piece of paper, would show the men standing in the shape of a gigantic T, with a dot in each angle of the letter. The rush line represents the horizontal line, while the five men back are the perpendicular and dots.

Like the guards back, this formation is strong because by its means it is possible to quickly concentrate heavy interference at any part of the line, while it is superior to Coach Woodruff's play because it does not deplete the rush line by taking out the heavy guards, who are the weightiest men on the team. The center trio remain inviolate, while the effect of a very heavy back field is produced.

Pennsylvania was overthrown by Harvard when the former used the guards back mainly because her rush line was weakened by the loss of its two weightiest members, through which the quick Crimson forwards pounced like a flash, downing the Quakers in their tracks.

It is to be expected that the "tackle back" formation will be copied by other teams next season, but whether it will prove successful will depend mainly on the caliber of the men who employ it.

This play undoubtedly was of considerable aid to the Yale team against the three teams—the Indians, Princeton and Harvard—against which they used it, but at the same time there is small doubt but that Yale would have won if she had used only old and well known formations.

LEO ETHERINGTON.

FIGHTING FOR AN EDUCATION.

In St. Louis there is a young man fighting as a professional for the avowed purpose of raising the means to pay for his schooling. His real name is not known, but he fights under the name of Jack Simms. When he obtains enough money, he will attend the lectures at the Missouri School of Mines at Rolla, Mo. According to his own statement, he intends to box for ten months, when he figures that he will have enough money for his purpose. He is looking for good matches, especially those that promise large financial returns. The enterprising young man is said to be not a bad fighter and has every prospect of winning out within a year.

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PAUL PONS, THE GIANT FRENCH WRESTLER.

Paul Pons, the giant Frenchman who has come to America to carry off, if possible, the wrestling championship of the world, now held by Ernest Roeber, made a good impression in his first bout on this side of the water by easily defeating John Pleining. Pons is 6 feet 6 inches in height and is built in proportion. A bout between him and Roeber will take place in the near future.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

STOCKS.

The Market Was Quite Ragged Again on Thursday.

A Continuation of Public Buying—Professional Take Profits—The Local Transactions.

New York, Dec. 20—The opening of the stock market this morning was more ragged than that of yesterday, a number of the stocks showing a little decline from last night. The map city of the list, however, showed at the least steadiness, while strength was apparent in many of the different stocks.

PUBLIC BUYING

There seemed to be a continuance of the public buying this morning. Yesterday's strength was due almost entirely to this character of trading. The experts are too many things to make them pessimistic to allow them to do anything but the bear side of the market, but the public have little stock in the pessimism.

Salisbury takes a decidedly gloomy view of the South African situation and its bearing on the British empire, while the Boers seem determined to continue fighting although the "war is over." Added to this are renewed rumors of trouble in Germany and predictions, rather confident, that the Bank of England would find it necessary to advance the minimum discount rate.

PROFESSIONAL PROFITS

All these things combined to make the professional stake what long profits they had shown. The public as mentioned, took the other view, however and bought rather freely. The trade today was a little smaller than that of yesterday, but still good, making the market fairly active.

LOCAL

Decatur traders were in the market all day today, doing some buying, but rather inclining to the short side on a whole. The usual list attracted their attention. There was investment delivery through B. Z. Taylor to the extent of 32 shares, while other trading brought the total transactions through that house up to 122 shares for the day.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND PROVISIONS.

Chicago, Dec 20

Flour—Dull and easier.

Wheat—Dull, steady undertone, closing about the same.

December	59¾c to
January	59¾c to 59⅞c

Corn—Rather dull but strong early, closing low.

December	35½c to
January	36¼c to
No 2	35½c to 35¾c
Number 2 Yellow	36c to 36¼c
No 2 white	35¾c to
No 3	35c to

Oats—Easier, December closing ¼c lower, other months to change

December	21½c to
January	21¾c to
No 2	21½c to 21¾c

Rye, 45½c. Flax, $1.09. Timothy, $1.50 closer. Clover, $10.25. Barley 35c to 65c.

PROVISIONS.

Pork, Dec $11.15,	Jan, $11.25 to
Lard, Dec $7.20 to	Jan, $6.87 to
Ribs, Dec $6.37	Jan, $6.40 to $6.32

Short clear sides, $6.20 to $6.37.

PRODUCE.

Butter, quiet creameries, 15c to 24c; factories, 14c to 16c.

Eggs, steady 23c.

POULTRY.

Turkeys 6c to 9c. Chickens 7c to 7½c. Ducks, 8½c.

HOW PRICES FLUCTUATED

The following is the range and close of yesterday's grain and provision markets

	Open	High	Low	Close	Yesterday
WHEAT—					
Dec.	70	70	69⅞	69¾A	69
Jan.	70¼	70⅜	69⅞	70 A 69⅞	A
Feb.	69⅞	70	69⅞	7 A	S
May	72½@⅝	73⅛	72⅝	73 A 72⅞	72⅞
CORN—					
Dec.	40⅞	41	40	40⅛	41¼
Jan.	37¼	37⅝	37¼	37⅝A	37
Feb.	35⅞	36⅛	35¾	35⅞A	35
May	36¼@¼	36	35⅞	36⅛	36¼A
OATS—					
Dec.	21⅝			21⅝	21⅝
Jan.	21⅝			21⅝	21⅝@¼
May	22¼@¼	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	22⅛
PORK—					
Jan.	$12.30	$12.37½	$12.20	$12.25	$12.25
LARD—					
Jan.	$6.87½	6.90	6.87½	6.87½	6.87½
RIBS—					
Jan.	6.35	6.35	6.30	6.32½	6.30

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Chicago, Dec 20 The following were the receipts and shipments today

	Receipts	Shipments
Flour	7,000	20,000
Wheat	123,000	18,000
Corn	1,000	7,000
Oats	22,000	10,000

WHEAT AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis Dec 20.

Wheat quiet

Cash	72½c to
May	73⅛c to 73c
July	71½c to 70c
On track	71½c to 70c
No 1 Northern	72½c to
No 2 Northern	69½c to

GRAIN AT LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Dec 20. Wheat quiet

No 2 Northern Spring	6s 2½d
Corn—Spot firm.	
American mixed, new	4s 1½d
American mixed, old	4s 2½d

GRAIN AT PEORIA

Peoria Dec 20—Corn easier.

Number 2	34½c to

Oats—steady.

No 2 white	24½c to

GRAIN AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Dec 20—

Wheat—Cash, 71c	to	May 72⅝c to
Corn—Cash, 36c	to	May 34½c to 34⅝c
Oats—Cash, 23c	to	May 21½c to

LIVE STOCK PRICES

Chicago, Dec 20—

Cattle—Receipts, 700

Market generally a nickel to a dime higher, butcher stock strong.

Beeves	$3.60 to $6.00
Cows	2.50 to 4.10
Texas	3.25 to 4.00
Stockers	3.75 to 4.70

Hogs—Receipts, 27,000.

Market opened a shade higher, and closed weak.

Heavy	4.70 to 4.92
Light	4.60 to 4.90
Mixed	4.65 to 4.92

Sheep—Receipts 11,000

Market strong.

Sheep	$3.25 to $4.20
Lambs	4.00 to 5.85

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Dec 20—

Cattle—Receipts 300 Market strong

Native steers	$4.20 to $5.60
Stockers and feeders	2.50 to 4.25
Cows and heifers	2.00 to 4.75
Texas steers	3.30 to 4.50

Hogs—Receipts, 7,000. Market 5c higher

Range, $4.75 to $4.90

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Dec 20—Wheat spot steady.

Wheat—Receipts, 40,000 Exports

No 2 Red, Elevator	78½c to
No 2, Red, FOB afloat	77c
December	77⅞c
January	79⅛c to

Options closed steady at ⅛ net advance.

Corn—Receipts 198,500 Exports

Spot steady.

No 2, Elevator	46½c
No 2, FOB afloat	45½c
December	44⅞c
January	46c to

Options closed easy at ¼ to ⅝ net decline.

Oats—Receipts, 41,000 Exports 2,000

Spot firm.

Track White, Western	33½c to 35½c
Track mixed, Western	27½c to 28½c
Number 2	27½c to
Number 2 White	31½c to 32c

Options inactive but steady.

PRODUCE

Butter—Weak, creamery 17c to 25c

Cheese—Dull, large, small, 11½c to 11¾c

Eggs—Quiet, western loss off, 25c.

Decatur Markets.

Wholesale Prices.

Butter, ready sale—		
Country, per lb	.13	to .14
Packing stock	.10	to .11
Creamery	.21	to
Eggs, per dozen		to .20
Lemons, 300 size	3.75	to 4.00
Bananas, straights, per bunch	1.75	to 2.00
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	.07	to .08
Peanuts, raw, per lb	.05	to .06
Florida Oranges	2.75	to
Cranberries, per bushel	2.25	to 2.00
Quinces, per bushel	1.00	to
Figs, per lb	1.00	to
Celery	.15	to .20
Apples, New York	3.00	to 3.50
Oysters, per gallon	1.00	to
Mexican Oranges	2.25	to 3.35
Onions	.60	to 1.00

(These prices are paid by grocers)

Butter, per lb		to .19
Eggs, per dozen	.21	to .22
Lard, per lb		to .06

GRAIN

White corn, old, in lots of 500 or more bushels, 30c. single loads, 36c.

Wheat, No 2	.72	to
Turkey red	.69	to
Corn, new	.32	to
Corn, yellow new	.30	to
Oats, white		to .20
Oats, mixed	.19	to
Rye	.40	to

BUTCHER STOCK

Hogs, per 100	4.00	to 4.40
Shipping cattle	4.00	to 5.00
Cows	2.00	to 3.00
Heifers	2.00	to 3.75
Butcher steers	3.50	to 4.25
Calves	4.00	to 5.00
Sheep	3.00	to
Lambs	4.00	to

POULTRY—LIVE WEIGHT

Shipping demand for poultry is slow. The markets have not yet recovered from the heavy Thanksgiving unloading. Eggs are moving more freely; demand good.

Hens, per lb	.05	to
Springs	.05	to
Cocks	.03	to
Ducks	.05½	to
Turkeys	.05	to .09½
Geese	.06	to
Eggs	.23	to

HAY AND STRAW.

Baled hay.

Timothy, new	11.50	to
Mixed	10.50	to 11.00
Straw	6.00	to
Old Corn	.45	to
New Corn	.41	to

Retail 1c per cwt more

GRAIN

New Oats	.29	to
Corn	.35	to

County Good Templars.

The Macon county lodge of the Good Templars was in session yesterday and last night in the G. A. R. hall. There are at present but three lodges of the order in the county. The delegates and alternates represented in the county lodge were:

Faithful Lodge Delegates—Mrs. George Ruckle, Miss Inez Ruckle, Miss Mary Schlecki, Mrs. Mary Schroll; alternates—Mrs. Minnie Garrow, Miss Laura Hughes, Mrs. George F. Wickens and Mrs. J. H. Burhans.

Forsyth Delegates—Elmer Good and Miss Ollie Barlett.

Decatur Lodge Delegates—Mrs. Lizzie Weigand, Jesse Noble, Ora Crane, C. B. Rawlins; alternates—Miss Lillie Ashby, D. L. Bunn, Mrs. E. A. Erwin and Miss Elsie Olson.

Miss Emma Weigand, county templar, was in the chair.

The afternoon session was devoted to routine business and at night a model initiation was held with the following officers in charge:

C. T.—Cordie Underwood.
V. T.—Mary Sobieski.
Marshal—O. O. Crane.
D. M.—Ella Crane.
P. C. T.—Myrtle Burhans.
Treasurer—Mrs. B. F. Mills.
Financial Secretary—Laura Hughes.
Guard—Elmer Good.

At the conclusion of the initiation there was a recess for social discourse and then business was resumed.

It was decided to hold the next meeting of the lodge in Decatur. J. C. Irwin was named as delegate to the district lodge and Laura Hughes was named as the alternate.

Ten Round Draw.

Sheboygan, Wis., Dec. 20—Barney Walsh of Cleveland, and Jim Adams of Omaha, fought a ten round draw tonight.

Another African Contingent.

Wellington, N. Z., Dec. 21.—The government has decided to despatch another contingent to South Africa.

MAL-NUTRITION

You may or may not be eat-ing enough, and are thin. You may or may not feel well—some folks don't know what it is to feel well.

This is mal-nutrition. You are not using the use of your food.

Take a little Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil. Begin with a little; increase but don't overdo it. Take as much as you can without upsetting the stomach.

Feeling well is bodily happiness.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York

NEARBY TOWNS.

BETHANY.

J. W. Atkinson of Todd's Point was in town Wednesday.

Since the change of time trains the Chicago and nearly all other important mail for the star route is one day later reaching its destination as the mail gets here an hour after time for carrier to leave and lays over here until the next morning.

Paisley Bros.' bakery and Jinks & Smith, meat market have telephones.

Our merchants report they are enjoying a good holiday trade.

Several of the Odd Fellows attended the banquet at Lovington Wednesday.

The Odd Fellows and Rebekahs will hold their annual supper and social New Year's night.

G. N. Lovejoy and family have moved to Springfield where he will travel for a furnishing goods firm.

The M. E. Sunday school will have a Christmas tree and exercises and the Christian school will give a New Years program.

Uncle Reuben was in town Tuesday and Wednesday nights.

The reserved seat sale for Ritchie, the second number in the lecture course, Dec. 27, will open Saturday morning at 9.

Mrs. I. H. Stradley died at her home Monday morning of typhoid fever. She leaves her husband, six children, a father and mother and several brothers and sisters. Mrs. Stradley was a faithful member of the Christian church and was also a member of the Rebekah lodge. That body had charge of the funeral, which was held at the family residence Thursday morning. Elder Herman conducted the services.

Dec. 20.

SULLIVAN.

Albert Ausbacher, who has been attending school at Quincy, is home for the holidays.

A. H. Patterson is the guest of his brother, Orent.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Landgrebe, of Lovington, were Sullivan visitors Wednesday.

Dr. J. W. Mayes visited relatives at Dalton City Sunday.

The M. E. Sunday school will give a Christmas contata Monday evening.

Mrs. Milton David visited her mother in Decatur several days.

T. J. Hill, an old resident of Sullivan, who has been at the soldiers home at Quincy, for the past two years, died there Monday and was brought here Wednesday. The funeral services were held at 10.30 a. m. Wednesday at the M. E. church, conducted by Rev. T. N. Tull, the pastor, under the auspices of the local Masonic lodge No. 764 of which he was a member. Mr. Hill leaves a wife and neice. The interment was in Greenhill cemetery.

The ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church cleared the neat sum of $60 at the bazaar given last Saturday.

Mr. Davis of Cadwell and Miss Nellie Bell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Bell of this city, were married last Thursday morning at the residence of Rev. T. N. Tull pastor of the M. E. church. They have gone to housekeeping on a farm near Cadwell.

Misses Bland, of Dalton City, spent Sunday with Mrs. Cal Hinsh.

Mrs. E. B. Eden, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Lum Willey, in Chicago, for the past six weeks, returned home Friday.

Mrs. Charles Pence went to Irving Saturday to spend the holidays with her mother.

Dec. 20.

LOVINGTON.

Mrs. G. M. Silvers and son, Carl, were shopping in Decatur Monday.

Mrs. A. O. McBride returned Monday from Buffalo, N. Y., after a two weeks visit with her mother who is seriously ill.

Mrs. I. G. Hostetler and Miss Myra Cooper were shopping in Decatur Tuesday.

Mrs. Ed Rose returned to her home in Clarinda, Ia., Tuesday after a weeks visit with relatives here.

The Columbia entertainers gave an entertainment of the opera house Tuesday evening to a fair sized house. The program consisted of impersonations and readings and it was shown that they were good elocutionists but the program lacked one thing and that was music. This was because they were unable to procure a piano. It was for the benefit of the school library, but not many books were added from this source.

The Moultrie County Telephone Company held a meeting here Wednesday evening. Judge Patrick, L. K. Scott of Sullivan, Marion Watson, F. C. Flemingan of Arthur and Elder Herman and son Edgar of Bethany were in attendance.

Mrs. J. M. Shepherd and son Blaine went to Petersburg Tuesday to visit her parents over holidays.

Mrs. M. P. Shepherd was a Decatur visitor Monday.

Mrs. S. S. Boggs is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Foster in Sullivan this week.

The Pulltight school gave a basket supper Tuesday evening and about $15 net the were realized which will go for the benefit of their library. Jack Afferis was the auctioneer and he also got the toy monkey. Harry House is the teacher.

The Odd Fellows had a supper in the room over Houte clothing store Wednesday evening which was well attended by the Odd Fellows and their friends, each Odd Fellow being entitled to two tickets to invite two friends.

Miss Nora Foster who has been conducting a millinery store at Chamois, Mo., the past year returned home Wednesday to spend holidays with home folks.

Jno. A. Gregory is on the sick list this week.

Joe and Charley Dixon and Mrs. M. J. Hawley left Wednesday for Sullivan, Ind., where they expect to make their future home. Mrs. Hawley having sold her property here to Joe Stocks. Joe Dixon is already a resident of that state.

Miss Nora Heath of Clay City, Ind., is visiting the Misses Smith.

Lute Cochran is visiting relatives in Maroa this week.

MT. PULASKI.

A fire alarm was given at 5 o'clock this morning. The summer kitchen of Bob Wilson's, had caught from a defective flue. No damage resulted.

A rat killing took place in this city last night and was witnessed by about 50 sports and others who were there out of curiosity. Five dogs were entered and the best time in killing five rats was made by Jack, a fox terrier, belonging to Joe Adams, in 19 seconds. This kind of amusement has grown quite popular among the boys.

Tuesday's excursionists to the west were Cyrus Shepherd, Gus Bartels, Harry Cooper, Fred Arsing and wife to Chetopa, Kan.; Wm. Bryon to Davenport, Neb.; Lorra Copeland and Amos Van Hook to

"INCURABLE" HEART DROPSY SPEEDILY CURED.

The Well Known Heart Specialist, FRANKLIN MILES, M. D., LL. B. of Chicago will send $3.75 Worth of His New Dropsy Treatment Free.

Drowning in the water of one's own blood is a fearful death which Dr. Miles' great dropsy discovery will almost invariably prevent. So certain are the results of this new and startling cure for Heart Disease and Dropsy, though complicated with nerve and stomach trouble, that a short course of treatment will be sent free to any of our readers. As Dr. Miles is well known throughout the United States as a specialist in Heart Diseases we advise every one afflicted with weakness or disease of the heart or dropsy to write at once for his new treatment, and opinion.

Hundreds of so called incurable cases have been cured by this new treatment after five to twenty physicians had failed.

Mrs. M. B. Moreland, of Rogers, Columbiana county, Ohio, says: "Dr. Miles saved my life by curing me of that awful disease, dropsy, and heart trouble." Miss Sophia Sonnberg, of No. 282, 21 Ave. Minneapolis, testifies that "Three days after commencing to take treatment for dropsy it was nearly all gone, after two allopathic and two homeopathic physicians had failed." Mr. A. P. Colburn, of Blessing, Is., wrote: "Dr. Miles treatment has performed a miracle for me." After her leg burst from dropsy, Mrs. C. A. Groce, of 404 Mountain street, Elgin, Ill., aged 72, was thought to be incurable from dropsy, which reached to her lungs and caused smothering spells, cough, shortness of breath. He soon reported: "Dropsy all gone; better every way." Mr. James Pinkerton, editor of the Rossville Sun, Ind., writes: "Mrs. P. was given up by three physicians. She owes her life to Dr. Miles' skill. She now performs her household duties at 60 years of age.

1000 references to bishops, clergymen, mayors, farmers and their wives. Copyrighted examination blank, pamphlets and special personal treatment free on request. Twenty-five years experience. Patients in every state, territory, Canada, Mexico and Europe. Send full address before this liberal offer expires, to Dr. Franklin Miles, 201 to 209 State street, Chicago, Ill., with history of your case. Please mention this paper.

Oxford, Kansas.

Dr. J. R. Regg, wife and children have gone to Carthage to visit old friends during the holidays.

Miss Gertrude Reed returned to her home in Lincoln Monday after visiting Miss Ora Downing.

Amos Copeland left for Quincy today.

Lund Adleman, who is cashier in the union depot at Alba, Ia., accompanied by his family made a business trip to Riverton last Saturday. Monday and Tuesday they visited relatives here before returning to Iowa.

The Illinois Central yards in this city are being changed and new switches are being put in on account of the interlocking system.

Dec. 9.

MT. AUBURN.

Mr. and Mrs. James Rice's child has dropsy.

Kedron lodge No. 340 A. F. and A. M. gave a banquet to their families and a few friends, Dec. 11. A very pleasant evening was spent.

The Sunday school of the M. E. church is arranging for a Christmas entertainment.

W. H. Foster attended the Shortneer wedding in Grove City, Dec 12.

Rev. Williams of Brownstown is conducting a series of revival meetings at the Christian church. Much interest is being manifested.

Dec. 18.

COURT MARTIAL FOR CUIGNET

Officer Prominent in Dreyfus Case Under Arrest.

Paris, Dec. 20—Major Cuignet, who figured in the Dreyfus court martial at Rennes, has been arrested and imprisoned, in Fort Mont Valerien, where he is awaiting trial by court martial on two charges.

Kramer Wins.

New York, Dec. 20.—Before a crowd of 5000 at Madison Square Garden tonight Frank L. Kramer of East Orange, N. J., formerly amateur champion of America, won the 25 mile professional bicycle race by a wheel's length from Bob Walthour, of Atlanta, who in turn finished a wheel's length in front of Tom Cooper. Time 1.01:55 1-5.

In the mile exhibition race, motor-paced, Harry Elkes, of Glen Falls, broke the world's in-door record, covering the distance in 1:36 1-5.

The mile in-door championship was won by G. C. Shrieber, the Harlem wheelmen. Time 2:38 1-5.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by Witness T. L. Martin of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then I tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommended it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worse cough and not only prevents absolutely but cures consumption. Price 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at N. L. Krone, C. F. Schilling and John E. King.

Another Joint Note.

London, Dec. 21—According to a dispatch of the Reuter Telegram Company, from Pekin, dated the 20th, the ministers have again decided upon the terms of a preliminary joint note. They have adopted certain British amendments, which required the approval of the various governments, and probably some weeks will elapse before negotiations commence.

King and Queen Caught.

Kumasi, Dec. 20—Loyal chiefs have captured the Ashanti queen mother and rebel king, Kokofu.

75 Horse Sale. 100.

At Gotts barn, Decatur, on Saturday, Dec. 22, we will sell to the highest bidder, between 75 and 100 head of first class horses, consisting of drafts, farm chunks, good feeders, general purpose horses brood mares and drivers. In the lot there are several matched pairs. These horses were bought in Nebraska and Iowa, and have been selected with great care. They are all good age, running from 4 to 7 years old. All well broken. No brand. And as sound a lot as could be got together. Parties wanting anything to work next year will find it to their interest to buy now, as horses will surely advance from 20 to 30 per cent after the first of the year. Terms cash or one to four months bankable paper. Remember the date and day. Reid & Watt, Saturday, Dec. 22.

A. B. Shaw & Son of Maroa, Ill., have a dozen fine Shorthorn bulls for sale. Prices reasonable.

See Herbert Merriweather when in Decatur for whisky by the gallon. Best grade goods, lowest prices, 225 North Water.

Short in His Accounts.

York, Pa., Dec. 20.—Harry K. Wisner, teller of the Security Title and Trust company, of this city, is said by officials of the company to be short $20,000 in his accounts. Wisner secured the bank by transferring to it real estate valued at $20,000. It is believed he has been trading in the stock market.

Best for the Bowels

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy, natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. on it. Beware of imitations. 428.

No Results.

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 20—By a vote of 45 to 20, the house today concurred in the resolution adopted by the senate, yesterday, providing that all business should cease after today. The final adjournment of the special session should be taken Saturday. This ends the special session without any result in the way of taxation legislation having been attained.

Resolution Crushed.

Caracas, Venezuela, Dec. 20.—Advices received here from Cumana, Gulf Carinco, say Colombian revolution has been crushed.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

A Wise Provision.

Tommy—Pop, why is a man's wife called the better half? Tommy's Pop—In order, my son, that she may not get the impression that she is the whole thing.—Philadelphia Record.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Light from the Sun.

According to Professor Newcomb the sun gives us 91,000,000,000 times as much light as an average star of the first magnitude. To become reduced to a star of the first magnitude the sun would need to be removed from us to 302,000 times its present distance. Removed to ten times that distance it would become a star of the sixth magnitude—one of the stars just visible to the naked eye.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Texas Pecan Crop.

The pecan crop of Texas promises to be the largest known in many years. Last year's crop was a small one, caused principally by the floods in the Brazos valley, but this year the trees are loaded with nuts.

The most effective little liver pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They never gripe. J. E. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co. C. F. Schilling.

An enterprising St. Louis tobacconist advertises: Imported cigars of my own manufacture.

Don't use any of the counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Most of them are worthless or liable to cause injury. The original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a certain cure for piles, eczema, cuts, scalds, burns, sores and skin diseases. J. L. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co., C. F. Schilling.

A bald headed clergyman recently preached from the appropriate text: The hairs of our head are numbered.

An attractive woman thrives on good food and sunshine with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. When troubled with a costive habit she takes a few doses of Herbine to cleanse her system of all impurities. Price, 50 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

An Irish lecturer, upon being introduced to his audience, said: Ladies and gentlemen, before I begin to speak I wish to say a few words.

Many persons have had the experience of Mr. Peter Sherman of North Stratford, N. H., who says, "For years I suffered torture from chronic indigestion but Kodol Dyspepsia Cure made a well man of me." It digests what you eat and is a certain cure for dyspepsia and every form of stomach trouble. It gives relief at once even in the worst cases, and can't help but do you good. J. E. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

REDUCED PRICES.

STEWART HOT BLAST AIR TIGHT.

Best heating stove manufactured. Will keep fire longer than any other stove. Burns anything, slack nut coal, wood or cobs.

No. 60,	regular price	$10.00,	reduced price	$	7.88.
No. 61,	" "	12.00,	"	"	9.45
No. 62,	" "	15.00,	"	"	11.88
No. 63,	" "	18.00,	"	"	15.00

C. M. BARNETT

161 E. Main Street.

Successor to C. L. GRISWOLD & CO.

Worms take refuge in the small intestine, where they can easily multiply. White's Cream Vermifuge will destroy these parasites. The verdict of the people tells plainly how well it has succeeded. Price, 25 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

The mother of pearl must have a very large family.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

One way to remove dandruff is to insult an Indian.

Now is the time when croup and lung troubles prove rapidly fatal. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results is One Minute Cough Cure. It is very pleasant to take and can be relied upon to quickly cure coughs, colds and all lung diseases. It will prevent consumption. J. E. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co., C. F. Schilling.

A coal miner is always ready to get down to business.

Disease and danger lurk in the vital organs. The blood becomes vitiated and the general health is undermined whenever the stomach and liver fails to perform the functions as nature intended. Herbine will tone up the stomach, regulate the liver, where other preparations only relieve. Price, 50 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

LIVERITA the up-to-date Little Liver Pill 5c boxes contain 15 pills, 10c bore contain 40 pills, 25c boxes contain 100 pills, sold by John E. King and A. J. Blaine, Decatur, Ill.

Be charitable. A tight fist is apt to get the rheumatism.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Be sure you are right and then go ahead—if you use a crab.

When you need a soothing and healing anti-septic application for any purpose use the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve a well known cure for piles and skin diseases. It heals sores without leaving a scar. Beware of counterfeits. J. E. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co., C. F. Schilling.

Wit never killed any one, but many have died from the want of it.

Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment has been thoroughly tested for many years, and is a positive cure for this most distressing and embarrassing of troubles. Price, 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

The skeleton in many a closet is the result of the jam inside the small boy.

When the stomach is tired out it must have a rest, but when we can't live without food, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure "digests what you eat" so that you can eat all the good food you want while it is restoring the digestive organs to health. It is the only preparation that digests all kinds of food. J. E. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co., C. F. Schilling.

Many a man is spoiled by success and many a man is ruined by the lack of it.

For family use in numberless ways, Ballard's Snow Liniment is a useful and valuable remedy. Price 25 and 50 cents John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are dainty little pills but they never fail to cleanse the liver remove obstructions and invigorate the system. J. E. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co., C. F. Schilling.

Its all well enough to be charitable, but you should pay your debts first.

Help is needed at once when a person's life is in danger. A neglected cough or cold may soon become serious and should be stopped at once. One Minute Cough Cure quickly cures coughs and colds and the worst cases of croup, bronchitis, grippe and other throat and lung troubles. J. E. King, N. L. Krone, Decatur Drug Co., C. F. Schilling.

Praise the bridge that carries you over either a flood or cough. Ballard's Horehound Syrup has brought so many over throat and lung troubles, such as coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., that its praises are sung everywhere. Price, 25 and 50 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

FARMERS COLUMN

FOR SALE—A good 4 room house and three lots. Good pantry, closet, and cellar, well. Large barn room for 4 horses. Corn crib in barn. Plenty of nice fruit. Address B. F. Pasley, Lake City, Ill.—21-w2t

MONEY—WE LOAN MONEY ON HORSES CATTLE, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, HIGH GRADE FURNITURE, PIANOS, ORGANS, WATCHES AND DIAMONDS OR ANY GOOD COLLATERAL. MONEY IS PLENTY AND RATES LOWER THAN EVER. APPLY TO ALBERT T. SUMMERS, 145 NORTH WATER ST.—Dec21-wtf

FOR SALE—Shooting gallery, targets good one horse delivery wagon, timer's mandrel, improved repeating Winchester rifle, 30-caliber, all kinds of beaters feed, 100 egg incubator and brooder, coal heating boiler, range with reservoir. Chance, 147 S. Main.—20-w2t

FOR SALE—Bargains Five Central Illinois farms. One southern Illinois, with fine young 50 acre bearing orchard. Also first class Texas rice lands to sell cheap or exchange for Illinois farms. Geo. G. Smith, 1133 N. Edward St., Decatur, Ill.—21-w2t

FOR SALE—Plymouth Rock cockerels. Prices reasonable. Mrs. W. Broughton, Mt. Zion, Ill.—Dec21-w1mo

FOR SALE—160 acres of land in Piatt county, 6 miles southeast of Cerro Gordo. Well improved, thoroughly tiled. Can also direct you to good 80 acre and good 80 acre place. Address A. W. Miller, 538 N. N. Franklin, Decatur, Ill.—Dec21-w2t

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Red cockerels and pullets, $1 each if taken soon. Stock came from Rhode Island. Also S. L. Wyandotte cockerels, at 50 and 75c. Mrs Fremie L. Bunker.—Dec21-w2t

FOR SALE—16 acres of land in Piatt county, 6 miles southeast of Cerro Gordo. Well improved, thoroughly tiled. Address A. W. Miller, 538 N. Franklin, Decatur, Ill—Dec21-w2t

WHEN YOU COME TO TOWN call at 142 E. Prairie for unredeemed watches and fire arms. Any amount of stylish overcoats, musical instruments of all kinds. Solid gold rings from 75c up. Money to loan. Established 1896. D. Young.—Nov20-w tf

MONEY TO LOAN—We don general loan business and are prepared at all times to accommodate you for any amount you want on horses, cows, hogs, farm implements or grain. If you need some ready money and would like to hold your grain for better prices or if you have an old loan coming due and want to save something in the way of rates call and see us. We can save you money. Geo. W. Ehrhart, loan broker, 137 N. Water St.—Nov.27-w1mo

WANTED—Everybody to know that you can get the same meal for 15c that you pay 25 up town at Myer's restaurant, 415 N. Water St. S. T. Myers.—6-June wtf

FOR SALE—Farm of 120 acres, 3 miles west of Mossville, in Christian county. Good improvements. All in cultivation, 90 acres now in clover and timothy. Price low, and terms easy. Inquire of J. Finn, court house, Decatur, Ill.—11-Sept wtf

WANTED—Vehicle painting. Get your carriage or buggy repainted in the latest style with the best of material by J. L. English, the carriage painter, corner Main and Church street. All work guaranteed.—12-June wtf

FOR SALE—A 12-horse power high grade improved multi-polar electric motor. The machine is as good as new and will be sold at a bargain. Call on or address The Herald, Decatur, Ill.—April 18-wtf

WANT YOU TO GET YOUR HORSE shod at 143 W. William St., 5 new shoes, $1.15; 4 old shoes, 80c. T. L. Weakly, prop.—Nov16-w1mo

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago.

DR. T. S. HOSKINS, DENTIST.

Old Phone 1061. Rooms 210-211 Second Floor Millikin Bulldg

MEN Cure yourself in 5 days. Ladies ask your druggist for Lemon Pennyroyal Compound. Safest and best. Take no other. Sold by druggists or sent to any address in U. S. on receipt of price, $1.00. Genuine only at Drug Store, Decatur, Ill.

SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

TWENTY-SECO

CLOSE HOLY DO

Leo Officiates at an Impo Function at St. Peters.

HE USED A GOLDEN TRO

Subscribed for by Cath From All Over the World.

POPE WAS IN GOOD HE

Walks Unaided and Chants the with Strong Intonation.

Rome, Dec. 24—The pope today formed the ceremony of closing the door of St. Peter's cathedral wit forms usual to such great tion it was a magnificent spectacl ceremony was witnessed by a great

The closing of the holy door too with the utmost pomp of the Ca church, his holiness descending Peter's cathedral at 11 a. m. The monies lasted until 1 p. m. The tion returned to his apartments greatly not fatigued. He intoned Deum in a resonant voice throughou gave evidence of being in excellent and spirits. He used an artistic trowel, subscribed for by the Cathol the world, in mortaring three glide which he placed as the first layer third fold of St. Peters door. The pontifical court participated in the monies. The spectacle inside t basilica was superb. The pillars central nave were draped with gol broc